The New-York Times.

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COUNTERFEITING.

GREAT HAUL OF RASCALS.

Seizure of $70,000 of Spurious Fractional Currency.

Capture of Dies, Plates, Presses, &c.

EIGHT PERSONS IN CUSTODY.

History of Their Operations.

For several months ingeniously executed fifty cent counterfeit notes, fractional currency, have been in circulation along the line of the Erie Railroad and in this City. So exactly did the bogus issue resemble the genuine, it had almost grown to be a custom not to refuse them in places where time in the matter of making change is a great consideration; and it was only at banking-houses and brokers' offices that they were detected and thrown out. This proving a great annoyance to our merchants and business men generally, the authorities at Washington were appealed to, and skillful detectives were employed to seek out the counterfeiters. Under the direction of Col. L. C. Baker, Chief of National Detective Police, Officers Clarvoe and McDevitt, of the Metropolitan Detective Force at Washington, the case was "worked up." For a long time Col. Baker was in this City and elsewhere, employing much of his time in the discovery of the facts which led to the detection of the counterfeiters who have been manufacturing and putting in circulation these worthless notes.

Fortunately, with one exception, the whole gang has been secured and are now in irons. The case is an interesting one, and the seizures are highly important.

In order to discover the persons engaged in this nefarious business, it was of course necessary to ascertain the locality, as nearly as possible, whence the counterfeit notes were issued. After considerable search, knowing that along the centre line of the Erie Railroad a large amount of the spurious issue was in circulation, the detectives came to the conclusion that it must be at some point on that route the bogus issue was manufactured. After a careful investigation, it was determined that the principal depot was at Paterson, N. J. In the endeavor of the officers to hunt up the counterfeiters, they became alarmed, and removed their presses and plates to Port Jervis. The detectives soon becoming aware of their removal to that place, their further efforts were directed to the arrest of the parties engaged. After carefully reconnoitering the ground, the headquarters of the counterfeiters were ascertained, and on Thursday night, at 12 o'clock, when all were at work, they were taken into custody. Their names are as follows:

1. Asa Martin, owner of the house and principal operator.
2. A man named Alexander, of Kalamazoo, Michigan, who is alleged to be an extensive counterfeiter, and who was in Port Jevis for the purpose of purchasing one hundred thousand dollars of the spurious paper.
3. Martin's sister Fanny, who was preparing and cutting the notes.
4. A man named Norris, supposed one of the ringleaders, subsequently admitted to bail.
5. Robert Mallory, an assistant.
6. A man named Robinson, the engraver of the plates, was in the house and was also arrested. This man has twice been convicted of counterfeiting. He was six years in prison at Trenton, but was pardoned out eight months ago, and began cutting the fractional currency plates, now seized, on the day on which he was released.

The property captured consisted of forty thousand dollars in currency, which was to be the first installment of Alexander's one hundred thousand; the press; two complete sets of fractional currency plates of the twenty-five cent and fifty-cent denominations; a large quantity of paper, besides inks, tools and other materials.

The counterfeiters were much astonished when they found the house surrounded and no possibility of escape, and they quietly submitted to arrest. Some of them, when the officers appeared were printing, while others were bronzing, cutting and tying notes in packages. Their operations had become so extensive that they found it necessary to build an oven in which to dry the notes in wet weather. The plates were accurately engraved, some on steel, the others on copper—the latter being the indorsement of the note. Great credit is due Col. Baker and Officers Clarvoe and McDevitt for the skillful management of these arrests.

Another Important Arrest of Counterfeiters.

SEIZURE OF $30,000 OF SPURIOUS FRACTIONAL CURRENCY IN THIS CITY; ALSO, THE DIES, PLATES, PRINTING PRESS, ETC.

The public will be glad to learn that the Government has recently taken very active measures to put a stop to the manufacture and circulation of the spurious fractional currency, with which, for months past, all the Northern States have been flooded. The counterfeits which have been most extensively circulated, are those of the denomination of fifty cents. This is doubtless owing to the fact that they are the best executed. A portion of the counterfeit fifty cent notes are no doubt very clumsily made and could be readily detected by those in the habit of handling the Government fractional currency. Recently, however, the counterfeiters have brought their art to such a degree of perfection, that even brokers, tellers and cashiers of banks in Wall-street, and men whose constant business it is to decide upon the genuineness of all kinds of paper money, have been imposed upon by these spurious fifty cent notes. When new their character can be discovered, but when they become soiled and worn there is no way of judging of the genuineness of these recent issues. It is stated, on good authority, that even the Treasury Department have been misled, and that small quantities of the spurious have been successfully passed upon the agents of Government. It was therefore determined to take some active and thorough steps in the matter. Considering the vast quantities of the counterfeit currency afloat, it was not supposed that all of it had been manufactured at one establishment.

Col. Baker, Chief of the National Detective Police at Washington, a short time since set himself to work to accomplish the great work. Messrs. John A. W. Clarvoe and James A. McDevitt, of Superintendent Webb's Corps of Detectives in Washington, were selected to aid him. Meantime detectives in this city were enlisted in the matter, and the result of the combined operations of the officials has proved highly satisfactory. Information was lodged with Superintendent Kennedy several weeks ago, and Chief Young, and Detectives Elder and McCord took charge of the working up of the case so far as this city and vicinity was concerned. The latter officials have just succeeded in seizing thirty thousand dollars' worth of the counterfeit 50 cent stamps, a valuable printing press, numerous dies, a large quantity of printers' ink, and other materials used in the manufacture of the bogus money. Messrs. Elder and McCord, aided in their work by Detectives Wilson and McDougal, made a descent on the premises No. 200 Sixth-street, where they found, in a back room on the fourth floor, two men engaged in cutting and packing the currency. A quantity of sheets yet uncut were found. Some of them were incomplete, having received the imprint on one side only. The men found on the premises engaged in the business were taken into custody, and the property seized as above stated. The prisoners were taken to Police Headquarters and there examined. They gave their names as Charles Peter Hellerson and Henry Selmar. They will be immediately turned over to the custody of the United States Marshal. The currency seized is very finely engraved from steel plates, the ink used is very fine, and the general appearance of the notes is well calculated to deceive. The place where these men were arrested, is a tenement house, known as the "Club House," and the business of making this bogus money was carried on partially in those premises and partially in Newark, New-Jersey. The detectives engaged in working up the case are entitled to much credit for the vigilance with which they watched and waited after they had obtained a very slight clue regarding the situation of the house where the nefarious business was transacted.

THE ELECTIONS.

PENNSYLVANIA.

The State Decidedly Union on the Home Vote—Congressional Delegation Sixteen Union to Eight Democratic.

PHILADELPHIA, Thursday, Oct. 13.

It is generally conceded that there will be a Union majority on the home vote in the State. The Congressional Delegation will probably stand sixteen Union to eight Democrats.

Further Returns.

EASTON, Pa., Thursday, Oct. 13.

Monroe County gives 1,600 Democratic majority; Democratic loss, 428.

ALLENTOWN, Thursday, Oct. 13.

Lehigh County gives Boyer (Dem.) for Congress, 2,062 majority. A gain over last year of 231.

HARRISBURGH, Pa., Thursday, Oct. 13.

Bradford County gives 2,700 Union majority—a Union loss of over 1,600.

PHILADELPHIA, Wednesday, Oct. 12.

Erie County, as far as heard from, gives Schofield 1,823 majority.

Luzerne County gives 1,000 Democratic majority before reported as 2,000. The Republicans claim the election of W. W. Ketchum to Congress, by the soldiers' vote.

How the Pennsylvania Soldiers Vote—The Returns Coming In.

PHILADELPHIA, Thursday, Oct. 13.

The soldiers vote has commenced coming in, and though but 5,323 ballots have been received, the Union majority is 4,667.

The Soldiers in the Army of the Potomac—How they Voted for "Little Mac."

WASHINGTON, Thursday, Oct. 13.

A dispatch from City Point says that six Pennsylvania regiments cast 1,071 votes, 121 of which were Democratic.

The Pennsylvania Soldiers' Vote.

HARRISBURGH, Thursday, Oct. 13.

Although not required by law, the State Department here is keeping a regular book of record of the official returns of the army vote, which are entered by Counties and Congressional Districts as fast as received. A few Commissioners arrived to-day, bringing with them the returns from the hospitals about Washington, and from some portions of Sheridan's army, which latter, it appears, they were able to reach, notwithstanding the rumors to the contrary.

The entire number of votes thus far opened and entered at the State Department will scarcely reach 400, and these are scattered through the various counties of the State. A report of them to-day would be of little moment. The Commissioners who have arrived here report that more than two-thirds of the troops they visited have voted the Union ticket.

The following is the official report of the troops at Fort Delaware: Union 149; Dem. 3.

Pennsylvania.

REPORTED UNION MAJORITIES.

Counties.	Majority.	Counties.	Majority.
Alleghany	6,600	Lancaster	4,000
Beaver	760	Laurence	1,560
Blair	500	Lebanon	800
Bradford	2,700	Mifflin	75
Butler	250	Philadelphia	7,800
Cameron	69	Snyder	188
Chester	2,100	Somerset	600
Crawford	1,400	Susquehanna	1,302
Dauphin	500	Tioga	3,000
Delaware	1,250	Washington	100
Huntingdon	560		
Indiana	1,800	Total	38,242

REPORTED DEMOCRATIC MAJORITIES.

Counties.	Majority.	Counties.	Majority.
Adams	400	Juniata	400
Bedford	660	Jefferson	244
Berks	5,000	Lehigh	2,061
Bucks	1,000	Luzerne	2,000
Cambria	1,036	Lycoming	900
Carbon	500	Montgomery	1,500
Centre	850	Montour	500
Clearfield	1,300	Northampton	3,100
Clinton	600	Northumberland	1,000
Cumberland	600	Perry	200
Elk	415	Schuylkill	1,725
Fayette	750	Wayne	900
Franklin	200	Warren	98
Fulton	250	Westmoreland	1,700
Greene	172	York	2,900
Total			32,951

RECAPITULATION.

Union majorities	38,242
Democratic majorities	32,951
Majority	5,291

The counties yet to be heard from gave over 2,500 Union majority last year.

OHIO ELECTION.

The Immense Union Majority—Congressmen Elected.

The *Cincinnati Gazette* of Wednesday says:

The estimate of 40,000 majority on the home vote published in Monday's *Gazette*, will not vary materially from the actual result. The Democrats polled their full vote, while we have lost, because of the confidence of the people, especially in strong Union districts, in a Union victory. This, and the transfer of 20,000 Union voters to the army since last fall, accounts mainly for the falling off from Brough's majority. The soldier's vote will swell the aggregate majority to over 60,000. The Union majority on the home vote will be increased in November.

In regard to Congressmen, we have almost swept the State, electing seventeen of the nineteen Congressmen. Of these, sixteen seem to have been elected by the home vote. The following are the successful Union candidates:

First District, Benjamin Eggleston; Second, R. B. Hayes; Third, R. C. Schenck; Fourth, Wm. Lawrence; Sixth, R. W. Clark; Seventh, S. Shellabarger; Eighth, J. R. Hubbell; Ninth, R. P. Buckland; Tenth, J. M. Ashley; Eleventh, H. S. Bundy; Thirteenth, C. Delano; Fourteenth, M. Welker; Fifteenth, T. A. Plants; Sixteenth, J. A. Bingham; Seventeenth, E. R. Eckley; Eighteenth, R. P. Spaulding; Nineteenth, J. A. Garfield. Le Blond and Finck we suppose to be elected in the Fifth and Twelfth Districts by majorities that the soldiers' vote will not overcome. Thus, the delegation will stand 17 Union to 2 Democrats. The present delegation stands 14 Democrats to 5 Union—a Union gain of 12. This is a gratifying and important result.

INDIANA.

The Union Majority Increasing.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

SOUTH BEND, Ind., Thursday, Oct. 13—11:30 P. M.

The Union majority in Indiana increases steadily as more counties come in. My majority is nearly seventeen hundred. SCHUYLER COLFAX.

The Constitutional Election in Maryland.

BALTIMORE, Thursday, Oct. 13.

Scattering returns from the counties are coming in. They indicate that the vote on the new Constitution will be close, and the soldiers' vote will probably be required to determine the result.

SECOND DISPATCH.

The official returns for Baltimore City increase the majority for the Constitution to 7,726. Cecil County, Eighth District, gives 144 for the Constitution, the one district to hear from will reduce it. Baltimore County, three districts give 216 for. Harford, estimated at 300, against. Washington County, incomplete, estimated at 1,200 for. Hagerstown gives 223 majority for the Constitution. Annapolis 57 against.

Carroll County, Westminster 40 against. Uniontown, 158 for.

St. Wayne County, Leonardstown, 244 against. Patuxent District 84 against.

BALTIMORE, Thursday, Oct. 13.

Frederick City, 854 for the Constitution. New-Market and Middletown give 209 for; Worcester County, one district, 304 against; Ellicott's Mills, Howard County, 168 for, and 59 against.

The Iowa Election.

The Presidential election taking place this year, Iowa did not hold her annual State election on Tuesday last. On the 8th of November Presidential Electors, Congressional Representatives, members of the Legislature and county officers are to be elected. The State election of 1865 will as usual occur on the second Tuesday of October.

Nebraska Election.

OMAHA, Thursday, Oct. 13.

Nebraska has elected a Union Delegate to Congress by a large majority.

The Vermont Legislature.

MONTPELIER, Vt., Thursday, Oct. 13.

The State Legislature convened in this place to-day. The Senate organized by electing Henry Clark, Secretary; James P. Sampson, Assistant Secretary; and Rev. P. H. White, of Coventry, Chaplain. The House elected Hon. A. B. Gardner, of Bennington, Speaker, and J. H. Flagg, of Wilmington, Clerk.

Massachusetts Politics.

BOSTON, Wednesday, Oct. 12.

The Democratic Convention in the Sixth District, held to-day, nominated Rev. Thomas Greenwood, of Malden, for Congress, and J. H. Carlton, of Haverhill, for Presidential Elector.

WORCESTER, Thursday, Oct. 13.

The Eighth District Republican Convention to-day nominated by acclamation Hon. John D. Baldwin for Congress, and Ex-Gov. Levi Lincoln for Presidential Elector.

The Missouri and Western Telegraph Company.

ST. LOUIS, Thursday, Oct. 13.

At a meeting of the stockholders of the Missouri and Western Telegraph Company, held here to-day, the following gentlemen were elected directors for the ensuing year: J. H. Wade, Cleveland; Charles Davenport, Cincinnati; Charles M. Stebbins, New-York; Geo. T. Williams, Edwin C. Bush and Charles J. Osborne, of St. Louis. At a subsequent meeting of the directors, the following gentlemen were elected officers of the company: Chas. Davenport, of Cincinnati, President; O. H. Palmer, of Rochester, N. Y., Secretary and Treasurer, and Geo. T. Williams, of St. Louis, Superintendent.

From Fortress Monroe.

FORTRESS MONROE, Wednesday, Oct. 12.

Admiral Porter took command of the North Atlantic Squadron this morning in place of Admiral Lee, which event was signalized by a salute from the U. S. steamship *Brooklyn*.

The flag-of-truce steamer *New-York* left this morning for Aiken's Landing with 450 rebel prisoners for exchange.

There had been no arrivals from the James River up to 4 P.M. to-day.

From Natchez, &c.

CAIRO, Wednesday, Oct. 12.

Natchez dates to the 4th have been received. The expedition under Col. McCable, which left Vidalia on the 26th ult., had returned, having captured the rebel Col. Wilkins, four captains, several guerrillas, 400 hundred head of cattle, 150 mules, 50 horses, a considerable quantity of cotton and woolen cloths, a quantity of arms and ammunition and 37 recruits.

From St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS, Thursday, Oct. 13.

Gen. Rosecrans, with a part of his Staff, left for the front last night.

The Radical Union Convention in the First District yesterday nominated Charles P. Johnson for Congress.

United States Steamer Vanderbilt.

BOSTON, Thursday, Oct. 13.

The United States steamer *Vanderbilt*, Commander Baldwin, arrived here this forenoon from a cruise off the coast of Nova Scotia.

Launch of the United States Steam Frigate Chattanooga.

PHILADELPHIA, Thursday, Oct. 13.

The United States steam frigate *Chattanooga* was launched at 12 o'clock to-day at Cramp's yard. She is 320 feet long and 3,300 tons burthen. She is intended to carry 12 guns and is built for high speed.

From San Francisco.

SAN FRANCISCO, Wednesday, Oct. 12.

The Union party of Nevada have nominated Blaisdell for Governor, and Messrs. Beatty, Brosnan and Lewis for Supreme Judges.

The Central Pacific Railroad Company state, in their annual report, that they have thirty-one miles of railroad and telegraph in operation; and their average monthly receipts since June have been over $16,000, and expenses $3,000. The company are entitled to $1,264,000 in Government bonds.

Arrived, ships *Marmion* and *Victoria*, from Glasgow, and *Visco*, from Liverpool.

Sailed, ship *Black Prince*, for Boston.

From Cairo—Rebel Depredations in Southeast Missouri.

CAIRO, Thursday, Oct. 13.

The steamer *Silver Moon*, from Memphis, has passed here for Cincinnati, with 130 bales of cotton.

The steamship *Eclipse* was fired into at Island No. 37, and the engineer and one deck hand wounded and several horses killed. Refugees report this band of rebels 2,000 strong.

Stragglers from Price's army are committing depredations upon the citizens in that region.

Canadian Convention.

QUEBEC, Thursday, Oct. 13.

The Union Convention meets daily, but its proceedings are secret. It is understood that satisfactory progress is being made.

Messrs. Andrews, Brega, Whitney and Regney, from New-York, are here, attempting to obtain a settlement of the old reciprocity claim, for which an appropriation was made in the last Parliament.

Lieut.-Col. Jervis is here.

The Europa Inward Bound.

HALIFAX, Thursday, Oct. 13.

The steamship *Europa* sailed this morning for Boston at half past six o'clock, where she will be due to-morrow (Friday) night.

Philadelphia Stock Board.

PHILADELPHIA, Thursday, Oct. 13.

Pennsylvania State Fives, 94; Pennsylvania Railroad, 68; Morris Canal, 98; Reading Railroad, 61¾; Long Island Railroad, 46. Light exchange on New-York at par.

THE CARTING FOR THE CUSTOM-HOUSE.—The carting for the Custom-house is a "heavy" portion of its business. Heretofore it has been given to comparatively few cartmen, and those such as were favored ones. Very justly this has been looked upon as unjust by the others and given much dissatisfaction. It is the intention of these others to have a committee wait upon Collector Draper and request him to make a reform in this particular, and to cause a more just and general distribution of the large patronage. The work, by conceding this, will be done more economically than under the favoring system, and quite as satisfactorily. It is understood that Collector Draper has, in advance of the committee's visit, determined to distribute this portion of his patronage in accordance with their wishes. A monopoly will thus be broken up, a just act done, and much satisfaction given.

ARMY OF THE POTOMAC.

From Our Own Correspondent.

HEADQUARTERS FIFTH CORPS, WELDON RAILROAD, Tuesday, Oct. 11, 1864.

"Nothing new is news," said an old attaché of the TIMES to me, the other day, as I was leaving Washington for this army, and as the gentleman is good authority in such matters, and as he seemed anxious that I should keep the readers of the TIMES posted when there was "nothing new," as well as when everything was active and exciting, I have sat down to-day to tell the "news." An officer, pretty well up among the "stars," speaking about army correspondents, said that they ought to describe the incidents of the siege; but he forgot that nearly every bullet whistles alike, and that shells and mortar bombs only differ from each other in their voices—the one shrieks discordantly as he passes through the air above your head, and then plunges into the ground only to reappear in a dozen fragments, throwing the sand wildly about, like the dying whale spouting bloody water. The bomb is fond of "surprises," and would make a very agreeable member of the daily "surprise parties" on our front, only that he has an extraordinary manner of "breaking things"—that is anything but pleasant.

Besides, one becomes so habituated to the sound of shot and shell, that anything less than a general bombardment, or a regular fusilade along our lines, fails to elicit comment, and the monotonous crack of the picket's rifle or the occasional boom of cannon are passed by with as little comment as the roar of vehicles in Broadway.

I was the spectator, the other day, to the firing of a battery in one of our numerous forts, and it was striking to witness the listlessness and nonchalance with which the gunners rammed whole kegs of powder and sixty-four and hundred pound shell into their guns. Still more interesting was it to see the man with the lanyard "No. 3," I believe they call him, pull his string and cause the echoes to ring and ring again with the deafening explosion. Gun after gun was fired with a sort of mechanical exactitude, with an indifference that custom and long practice had forced upon the artillerists. Of course they were anxious about where the shell would strike, and "lookouts" kept vigilant watch upon the unlucky spot that was destined to receive the fearful messenger. If the aim was a good one, you could read it in the face of the "gunner" who sighted the piece. When the shot failed to "tell," you were treated to series of phrases about "half second," "point blank," or "another half degree," which related entirely to cutting fuses and elevating the gun. Even when the enemy, tired with taking in all the "tricks," lead off themselves and "returned the lead," you looked in vain for a flash of excitement or the shade of emotion among the men. If the shot "told" and came whizzing into the fort, the warning cry of "down," caused every one to run for shelter among the parallels or gopher holes, but it seemed involuntary. Altogether, it was a disappointment to your correspondent, and he found himself forgetting to dodge the shells in wondering at the conduct of those veterans.

Along the lines of picket the excitement is sometimes greater, but, as a general thing, even the sharpshooter goes through his allotted day's tour of duty as a mere matter of routine, and leaves the trenches with as little thought as the carpenter would doff his cap and apron after a hard day's planing and sawing. Some of the more remarkable of the "good shots," if asked regarding their success in shooting, will tell you quietly that they had bad or good luck, as the case may be, and never seem to realize that human life and limb hang in the scale of accurate distance or steady aim.

Occasionally the men along our extreme front get tired of loading and firing, and stick up a white handkerchief on a ramrod, then another soon appears on the rebel works, and for hours nothing will be done—at least not until the flags disappear from one of the two lines. At night a great deal of powder and ball is wasted along our lines, for a continual dropping fire can be heard during the hours usually devoted to sleep. One often reads of the musical noises of the night, and poets and musicians frequently create sweet melodies and delightful compositions with nothing else for their subject—but I defy the redoubtable BAKER himself to make melody out of the night sounds here. His famous "Katydid" would have to give place to stranger and more unearthly sounds.

One reason why so much picket firing is indulged in during the night-time is the fact that the enemy keep it up to prevent desertions. Another is, that the night being so cold and cheerless, owing to the recent sudden change in the thermometer, that the men on both sides fire away to keep awake. I saw yesterday a couple of deserters who came in on the Fifth Corps front just about daylight. They say that it is very hard to get anything like the truth from their papers or their officers regarding late movements. Being Georgians, they naturally seemed anxious regarding the probable result of the rumored conference between Gov. Brown and Gen. Sherman. They declared that Brown was at heart a bitter opponent to Secessionism, and they were confident that "the old man would get the best of Jeff. Davis yet." As an instance of cause and effect, I may mention that Jeff. Davis' recent speech in Macon, Ga., decided these men to desert. They both claim to be conscripts.

Except the usual desultory firing of daily occurrence along our lines, this army is in absolute quietude. The men busy themselves in making themselves comfortable, and if it was not quite so cold a very pleasant time they would have of it.

I very seldom introduce politics in my letters, and I would not do so now, were it not for the many queries I am expected to answer regarding the *modus operandi* of voting in the army. Why don't the Government or the General Committees make arrangements for receiving soldiers' votes? There will be no excitement here about election, for soldiers will not trouble themselves much about the result. But a good many have asked me *how* they were to get their vote recorded, and as I do not know I refer them to the Editor of the TIMES, hoping that he will inform us, and suggest to those having the matter in charge to "hurry up their documents," for the Ides of November are fast approaching.

G. F. WILLIAMS.

Veterans Enlisting for a New Campaign Against Traitors.

MEETING OF THE LINCOLN VETERAN SOLDIERS' CLUB.

The Lincoln and Johnson Veteran Soldiers' Campaign Club held a large meeting at the Cooper Institute, last evening, and elected the following gentlemen as permanent officers of the association:

PRESIDENT.

Surgeon F. Willis Fisher.

VICE-PRESIDENTS.

Major-Gens. John C. Fremont, Daniel E. Sickles, Dan'l Butterfield, Rob't Anderson, Abner Doubleday, Brig.-Gens. John Cochrane, T. Francis Meagher, William Webb, William Hall, Charles Yates; Cols. T. B. Van Buren, Rush C. Hawkins, F. A. Conklin, Lloyd Aspinwall, Van Amburgh and Avery; Lieut.-Cols. Girard L. McKenzie, A. J. H. Duganne and Brickel; Majs. D. W. Driggs, Peter Kelly, A. N. Williamson and Haggerty; Capt. Cyrus Hubbard;

SECRETARIES.

A. M. Surtis, A. L. Curtis, Wm. R. Draper.

FINANCE COMMITTEE.

Col. Hawkins, William D. Baker, and A. Allaire.

After the election of officers, the meeting was addressed by Mr. Fenn, a Union refugee from Texas. He gave an interesting account of the rebel tyranny in the South, of which he had some practical experience, and urged the men of the North to continue this war until no armed rebel should be above ground unhung from the Potomac to the Rio Grande.

Before the Club dispersed, Capt. Smith, of the Illinois Cavalry, entertained the members with a humorous but eloquent and pointed speech. He said that however the soldiers might feel in regard to McClellan as a military leader, they must judge him now by the company he kept. The Democratic candidate reminded the speaker of a man who once bought a lot of two thousand hogs, and, after driving them through the country for twenty-five days, had to sell them at a loss of three thousand dollars. This unlucky individual remarked to a friend that all the satisfaction he got out of his speculation was keeping company with the d—d hogs for three weeks, and that would be all the satisfaction that Gen. McClellan would get from that political speculation—keeping company with the hogs. The Democrats made a great ado about miscegenation; he would promise them one thing, if they would turn to and assist in the election of Lincoln, that was that Congress should pass a law that no Democrat should be married to a colored woman against his will. Everything should be done for their protection. Capt. Smith continued for some time, frequently interrupted by applause.

The club will hold their first grand mass meeting on Wednesday next, at the Cooper Institute. Eminent speakers will be in attendance, and the large hall will be decorated in an original and splendid manner. If the recent elections have not told the country how the soldiers vote, the Lincoln Veteran Club propose to furnish further information.

Seventh Ward.

GRAND RATIFICATION MEETING.

A grand ratification meeting of the Seventh Ward Union Association, of which Mr. Edward M. Skidmore is President, was held last evening at Botanic Hall, No. 68 East Broadway. At 8 o'clock Mr. Skidmore called the meeting to order, and on motion, Hon. Joseph Hoxie was elected Chairman. He tendered his thanks to the association, said he had just returned from Connecticut, where he found the fires burning as brightly as they are even in Indiana. [Chers.] Yesterday, said he, I attended a Union meeting in that State, at which were present ten thousand Union and liberty-loving citizens, who came in their wagons and on foot from miles around, to add their support to the great Union movement. The question now before us is one of great interest, it is not merely the question of who shall be President of the United States, but whether we shall have the United States to govern. An excellent Glee Club then furnished some music, after which the Chairman introduced

HON. JAMES R. WHITING,

who recounted some of the political campaigns he and Mr. Hoxie had gone through together. Years ago they had worked together in this very ward, the battle-ground then, and the battle-ground now, of the Democratic party. Then, however, they all believe that no matter which party got in power they would follow up the same general principles and sustain the United States, the Constitution, and the laws. But, said he, we are now told that thirty years ago the Southerners made up their minds that if they went out of power they would dismember the States. Down to the election of Mr. Lincoln the Government had been managed to suit the South. We had Southern Presidents with Southern principles of course, and Northern Presidents with Southern principles. Up to the time the South seceeded it had received no injury. And the Government had protected not only their general principles but also their peculiar institutions, for instance the right to sell, keep, and make slaves. Those who thought or spoke against this peculiar manufacture were called Abolitionists—black Abolitionists, and were hated and put down by the South. The Macibes, said he, and some of the press say we made this war against the South. Was there ever anything so preposterous? Did we, before the election of 1859, which elected Mr. Lincoln as President, to take his seat in March, 1860, prepare for war? Did we prepare ships and arsenals, and forts and guns, and munitions and articles for their manufacture? No; and yet they say you Northern mud-sills have made war against us, and want to subdue us. Was there ever anything so perfectly absurd? Indiana, said he, sends us fifteen thousand, Pennsylvania sends us a large majority, and Ohio caps it all with a majority of forty thousand. And forty thousand for what? For party? No, thank God, but for our country, for liberty and Union. [Great cheering.] He then ably reviewed Gen. McClellan's public and military career—a man whom his friends styled a great General, but where his great generalship had been displayed he had as yet been unable to learn. He spoke of Gen. McClellan's keeping the great army of the United States idle for months, and calling them an unorganized mob, while he was drilling them according to his ideas, as an insult to an army which was composed of the best young men of the country, equal in strength and intelligence to the General commanding them, and an insult to the entire North. He spoke of Gen. McClellan's repeated disobedience of President Lincoln's orders, and of the trivial excuses he offered for so doing, and said he only blamed the President for not removing him before. He then spoke at length of President Lincoln's actions since he had been President; of the ability he had shown, and the wish in all instances to do that which was right. He spoke also of the present condition of the rebellion, of the crushing effect the last Union victories had had on it, and the foolishness, if not wickedness, of now, in the very moment of victory, of deserting our noble cause, the cause of liberty, of humanity and of Union, and crying for peace. His speech was interspersed with humorous anecdotes, which kept his audience in the best of humor. He was frequently interrupted by applause, and at its close was greeted with three hearty cheers.

A glee club from Kings County then sang some of their favorite glees, and appropriate resolutions were adopted, after which James R. Burns, a soldier who had served three years in the Union army, and lost one arm in the service of his country, made a spirited and patriotic speech, after which cheers were given for Lincoln and Johnson and the Union ticket, when the meeting adjourned.

County Nominations.

The Mozart (Fernando Wood) County Convention met last night to nominate their share of the ticket allotted to them in the division of officers agreed upon by the Anti-Tammany Democracy. They made the following nominations.

County Clerk.—Benjamin P. Fairchild.
District Attorney.—A. Oakey Hall.
Coroners.—John Kean, William O. Hanlon.

Democratic Assembly Nominations.

The McKeon Assembly Conventions met last night and made nominations in the districts named below: First District, Hazeltine Hamilton; Third District, J. H. Sckelly; Fifth District, Charles Blauvelt. In the other districts not named, adjournments were generally made till Saturday night.

Democratic Congressional Nominations.

Pursuant to the call of the McClellan Union General Committee, nominating conventions for Congressional candidates, were held last night in the respective districts, with the following result: Fourth District—Adjourned to 19th instant. Fifth District—Wm. B. Maclay nominated. Sixth District—Adjourned to this evening. Seventh District—Adjourned to 18th instant. Eighth District—Adjourned to 16th instant. Ninth District—Adjourned.

A SINGULAR AND DESPERATE ATTEMPT AT SUICIDE.—Between 1 and 2 o'clock yesterday morning William Fisher, a native of Holland, aged 25 years, and proprietor of a shooting gallery at No. 137 Chatham-street, entered the house of Charles Weisman, at No. 201 Elm-street, where a wedding party were assembled. For a few moments he engaged in conversation with some of his acquaintances present, during which he appeared quite rational. Suddenly he drew a revolver from his pocket, and putting the muzzle near his breast fired two shots in quick succession. The wounds thus inflicted are very serious, and it is believed they will prove fatal. He was immediately conveyed to Bellevue Hospital, where his wounds were dressed. The testimony given by the Police, is to the effect that the victim has recently been disappointed in love, and they thus explain the cause of the rash act.

A STEEL PLATE MAP OF NEW-YORK CITY AND COUNTY.—Mr. J. T. Lloyd, the well-known map publisher, has just undertaken a work of some magnitude. He proposes to issue a great steel plate map, in atlas form, of New-York City and County, exhibiting every street and each house with its number and the name of the resident or owner plainly engraved. All the parks, squares, vacant lots, piers, docks, &c., &c., will also be distinctly given. The idea is a novel one, and the work, if well carried out, will be of value to every citizen.

SOUTHERN NEWS.

Various Comments on Jeff. Davis' Macon Speech.

DAVIS' MACON SPEECH.

From the Richmond Enquirer, Oct. 5.

We are pained to note the tone in which Mr. Davis addresses the people of Georgia. It is so different from the usually calm and well-weighed language with which he greets the public. He seems to have found it necessary to vindicate his devotion to the whole interests of the country. He justifies the propriety of his military appointments, explains the comparative difficulties of the situation in Virginia and Georgia, and adjures his auditors to save their country from bondage. There are some declarations wrung from him in this defence against the anonymous and unfounded charges of having abandoned Georgia, which we regret to see. The serious depletion of our armies will read badly at the North and in Europe. We are sorry to see the President so far lose his temper as to denounce personally the authors of harsh and unwarrantable imputations upon him, and even to talk of Butler in the language in which he deserves to be talked of by any one else than the head of a powerful Confederacy. The speech has been probably thought by the friends of the President essential to vindicate him and themselves from censure. We take leave to say it had better been borne in silence. We would cite a single instance, in which a man, placed in the foreground of another revolution, was likewise tempted to vindicate himself, and yet stood firm until events brought refutation to calumny. When the Conway conspiracy was formed, with the object of superseding Gen. Washington in command of the American army, he was charged with an imbecility amounting almost to cowardice. To these imputations he then made no defence. At a subsequent period he said that his alleged inaction proceeded from the want of arms, clothing and supplies. He could easily have vindicated himself, but his country must have suffered; he thought it better to sacrifice his own military reputation than that the cause should be endangered.

The speech of President Davis has, however, a meaning and a moral. It imports a phase of public sentiment unfavorable to the cause. It has been, perhaps, extorted by the extravagant and causeless charges against him.

We utter but the transient words of a journal, but we cannot forbear adverting again to the apparent controversies in the Southwest. We lament to perceive, in many particulars, indications that it exists. The change in Sherman's tactics: his invitations for a conference—spurned, as we are pleased to see, by the Governor of Georgia—his adroit civilities to individuals to counteract his wholesale exile of the people of Atlanta; his reward and temptations to our men to enlist under the flag of the United States—all these things show that the enemy is aware of discontent and controversy among us. We have no word of censure where either the parties or the controversy are before us; but we have a right to adjure those who participate in the feeling to which we advert to remember the ground upon which they stand. The antagonists of the President may be right in their objections to his policy. What then? Is it of profit to divide and exasperate the country at this time upon such questions? These questions are of importance to show the incompetency of the President or the defects of the Confederate Constitution. In either case it is better to postpone their decision until the country shall be better prepared to examine into their merits. The President can only be reached by impeachment in the Senate or by a counter revolution. Are we prepared for a counter revolution? In such case we must put some other men at the head of affairs. Is the country willing to displace the President? If so, who are they willing to put in his place? The inquiry shows the absurdity of supposing that discontent or violence are our remedies. We write with the knowledge that our army has been driven back from Chattanooga, and that a triumphant enemy pretends to dictate terms in the heart of Georgia—with the knowledge that the enemy has driven our forces up the Valley and are ravaging the fields upon which we rely for subsistence—with the sound of a heavy cannonade in our ears, and the news that the enemy has carried an outpost of the defences of Richmond; and we assure our readers of the Southwest that the partisan controversy to which we have alluded gives us more concern than all these mishaps put together. We have not said a word in defence of the President. We can put the case hypothetically, that those who censure him may be right in their objections. If those objections be valid, they will do to keep to a day more proper for their consideration. If there be one just objection to the man, or the form of government under which he acts, the people who threw off the yoke of Abraham Lincoln will not submit to the sway of any one else. The men who reformed the abuses of the Federal Constitution will not tolerate the defects of that which they have themselves created. We ask for more forbearance, for more unity, for a more earnest and universal determination to resist the enemy. Those heated by personal or party antagonisms are not aware how our enemies, and those at heart not our friends, rejoice over any symptom of discontent among us. They do not reflect how the thousands, weary of the war, derive all their encouragement to persevere from the words and acts of their public men. How much must this last great element of defence be weakened by controversies and imputations among those to whom they look for counsel and support? Let us all be friends.

PRESIDENT DAVIS' SPEECH.

From the Montgomery Mail.

We hazard little in saying that the speech of the President at Macon is not such as the public had a right to expect from Mr. Davis at this critical juncture of our affairs. The least the President says about the late campaign in Georgia, the better. He has shocked the country and the army already enough by what has transpired under his direction, to spare them a defence of his policy. The evidence accumulates, that had Johnston been retained in command of the Tennessee army, Atlanta would not only have been saved, but Sherman's hosts would have been destroyed. In the very pinch of his campaign, in the very vintage time of victory, the President, without one word of warning or remonstrance, removed "that old and skillful General" from the army. Sherman, in his report of his operations before Atlanta, presents the reader with the sequel.

These periodical interferences of the President are fast bringing us to grief, sapping the confidence of both people and army in his wisdom, encouraging our enemies and paving the way for what we shudder to reflect upon. *His to the West are usually the preludes of disaster.* His consultation with Bragg and Johnston in 1862, ending with his ordering twelve thousand to Vicksburgh, against the protest of those Generals, lost us the battle of Murfreesboro, and the destruction of Rosecrans' army. His visit in 1863 divided Bragg's army in front of Grant at Chattanooga, by sending Longstreet with twenty-five thousand men on a strategetic errand to Knoxville, perpetrated the terrible disaster of Missionary Ridge, where the army of Tennessee came nigh being annihilated.

The President is again on his travels to "confer with the generals." *May God deliver us this time from the dispensation which the past teaches us to anticipate.*

REPORTED OCCUPATION OF GRIFFIN, GA.

From the Columbus Enquirer.

The Atlanta *Intelligencer*, Saturday morning, gives credit to a rumor, "from a very reliable source," that the Yankees occupied Griffin on Friday morning. We received by yesterday's mail the Griffin *Rebel* of Friday morning, which makes no mention of any Yankee forces approaching. Still this report may be true, as the *Rebel* was probably printed Thursday evening.

MISCELLANEOUS.

GOOD NEWS FROM MOSBY.

From the Richmond Whig, Oct. 10.

An official dispatch, received yesterday at the War Department, states that a body of about 1,000 of the enemy advanced up the Manassas Gap Railroad on the 4th, with trains of cars loaded with railroad material, and occupied Salem and Rectortown.

Col. Mosby attacked them at Salem, defeating them, capturing fifty prisoners, all their baggage, camp equipage, stores, &c., and killed and wounded a considerable number. His loss was only two wounded.

Salem and Rectortown are both in Fauquier County, on the Mannassas Gap Railroad. Salem is about twelve miles a little west of north of Warrenton, and about five miles south of Rectortown.

GEN. ADAM JOHNSON.

The report that Brig.-Gen. Adam Johnson was recently killed in a skirmish in Kentucky turns out to be untrue. He is, we learn, wounded and in the hands of the enemy. He was shot in the head, and has completely lost the sight of one of his eyes.

SOUTHWEST VIRGINIA.

Gen. Breckinridge reports that the enemy's cavalry were driven, with slight resistance, from Kingsford toward Rogersville. No enemy this side of Jonesboro.

FUNERAL OF GEN. GREGG.

The funeral of Gen. John Gregg, of Texas, killed while gallantly leading his troops last Friday, took place at 4 o'clock P. M. yesterday. The body, encased in a metallic coffin and draped in the flag of the Lone Star State, was borne from the Capitol to Hollywood Cemetery, escorted by his brigade of war-worn veterans, the State Guard and other troops, many distinguished officers and a large concourse of citizens. The funeral services were performed by Rev. Dr. Duncan, of the Methodist Church.

LITERARY GOSSIP.

—The recent Fall Book Trade Sale went off with reasonable animation in view of the exciting topics of the coming election, &c. Events of this nature, inevitably demanding a large share of the public attention, are notoriously unfavorable to the circulation of books in the same quantities that are consumed by the general demand, when there is an absence of any absorbing subjects, and the minds of people are free to amuse themselves with the products of literature. One fact was satisfactorily established by the sale which is, that the manufacturers' call for higher prices in consequence of the increased cost of book-making, was responded to without a murmur. In fact, the additional expense attending every branch of the manufacturing process was so well known to all the parties concerned in the sale, that the justice of the rise in prices was self-evident and could not be resisted. It may, therefore, be safely asserted that until some other turn of the monetary wheel takes place, the reign of cheap literature is over for the present. Scarcely any book can be published for one dollar, and the same class of publications that were formerly issued for that sum will now command one dollar and seventy-five cents to two dollars and a half, and the same proportion nearly, will hold good with larger books. How far this new state of things prepares the way for the reception of the English system of circulating libraries, some acute business man will probably show us before long. The quantities of books sold were not large, though, as mentioned above, the prices were generally satisfactory. There was an absence of the customary Western buyers, partially made up, by the presence of a number of the Canadian Book Trade, who on the prevailing state of the currency, are enabled to lay in stock on very advantageous terms. Scarcely any new publications were offered at the sale, but full assortments of standard books went off in the usual channels for distribution among the public. Of miscellaneous articles, photograph-albums were the most abundant. Several invoices of these showed an undiminished demand. The sale was conducted throughout with the usual ability displayed by Mr. Cooley and Mr. George Leavitt the auctioneers, in catering for the accommodation of the Book Trade.

—A novelty in educational apparatus has just been produced, calculated to facilitate greatly the study of geography. It is patented by Mr. Elbert Perse, under the title of "The Magnetic Globe." It is a sphere of very neat execution, which, in addition to the usual geographical details,—being constructed of iron—exhibits, by the means of magnetism, the phenomena that in the globe of the earth itself, are produced by the attraction of gravitation. This is done by the use of small figures of men, animals, &c., that adhere to the surface, and thus exemplify to the youthful sight, as well as mind, the usually inexplicable fact of the possibility of antipodes, and many other cosmical properties, that will readily occur to the experienced teacher. The application of sheet metal to the manufacture of globes is effected by an apparatus of Mr. Perse's invention, and in time bids fair to revolutionize the trade in those articles. Some of a large size are now preparing, and may be obtained through the publisher, Mr. John F. Trow, of Green-street, New-York.

—A loss that may truly be called irreparable was sustained at the conflagration in Boadway on Tuesday morning when "The Irving Building" was destroyed by fire. The presence of Messrs. Bang, Merwin & Co's. well known Book Auction Room in this building, had made it a sort of *rendezvous* for literary purposes, and among the tenants of adjoining rooms was Mr. C. B. Richardson, the publisher of the "Historical Magazine" and dealer in antiquarian Books on American History. Here was stored the invaluble Library of Books relating to America formed by Col. Aspinall, formerly U. S. Consul at London for more than thirty years, and recently purchased of him by a gentlemen of New-York, for twenty-one thousand dollars. The Library was in transit to its new locality at the time of the fire, and we understand that with the exception of about two hundred of the scarce and rare early tracts on the American Colonies, &c., the bulk of the collection perished. Col. Aspinwall began the bringing together of the books at a time when few or no competitors were in the field, and aided by the life-long friendship of Mr. O. Rich, the American Bibliographer, he was enabled to secure, at moderate rates, books that scarcely any amount of money would now obtain. Among the really unique features of the collection were eighteen folio volumes of original State papers on the early history of New-York and Massachusetts. They were purchased at the sale of the library of Mr. George Chalmers, author of *Political Annals of the United Colonies*, (1780.) Mr. Chalmers, from his official position, enjoyed unlimited access to the Colonial records of the "Board of Trade and Plantations," and other departments of the English State Paper Office. He had all an antiquarian's love for musty parchments and choice historical documents, and it is doing no injustice to his memory to say that he sometimes forgot to return to their proper depositories the authorities consulted by him in his *Annals* and they will be sought in vain there now. The historical value of this portion of the library, so calamitously destroyed, it is almost impossible to estimate. It also abounded in rare printed works on American history, including the finest large paper copy known of Mather's *Magnalia*, and many others of equal value, that the bibliographer can now only mourn over, and regret their loss.

—Professor Goldwin Smiths' last work, published recently before his departure from England for the United States, is "A Plea for the Abolition of Tests, in the University of Oxford." It is distinguished by his usual boldness and independence of opinion, and presents a fine specimen of argumentative eloquence. Though much relaxed of late years, the tests, still in force at Oxford, apply to all the members of convocation (the governing body of the University;) all who take the "Master" or "Doctor's" degree; and all fellows of colleges; these must subscribe the Thirty-nine Articles of the Church. The removal of this restriction is the object of the Professor's plea, and by a masterly survey of past history, and the application of its lessons to the present, he shows how little danger need be apprehended from the change, by the most cautious admirer of the "*status in quo*," and how much benefit would arise, to the Church itself, the study of Theology, and the cause of rational and conscientious inquiry, by the entire abrogation of all shackles upon the conscience.

—So much of recent English literature is connected with Holland House and its hospitable owners, Lord and Lady Holland, that any new particulars about them have interest. Every liberal writer of the day—Sidney Smith, Rogers, Talfourd, Macauley, Tom Moore, Irving, Mackintosh, &c., abounds with references to the classic scenes, where, in halls once inhabited by Addison, the flower of modern intellectual English society, was assembled around the board where the "nephew of Fox," and his lady, dispensed a sumptuous and intelligent hospitality. Lady Holland herself was not the least remarkable of the company. Those who knew her speak of her as brilliant and witty, as possessed of queenly grace of manner, as well informed, of wonderful tact and of excellent sense. Mr. Sabin, in "Loyalists of the American Revolution," has brought forward some facts relating to her which do not appear to be known, or ever alluded to, in England. Lady Holland was the grand-daughter of an American loyalist, Florentinus Vassall, a native of the West Indies, who was chief owner of an immense domain, fifteen miles wide on both sides of the Kennbeck River, near Norridgewock, Maine. He left by will to her a life-estate in this property and devised it in entail to her male children. The circumstances of her marriage are well known. She had three children by her first husband, Sir Godfrey Webster, when she was divorced from him, and married Lord Holland. The estate in Maine might have been sold, but her son Henry, after the divorce, ceased all intercourse with her, and preferred sacrificing his property to joining her in a conveyance. After many years the rights of mother and son were purchased separately by parties in Boston, who sued three of the settlers or "squatters," in the name of the son Henry. The cases were carried up to the Supreme Court at Washington, where it was decided that he had no ground of action during his mother's life. After her death in 1845, the suits were renewed, but fifty years' possession had gone so far to give presumption of title, that they were compromised by the payment of a small sum by the defendants for the land occupied, and each party his own costs. Thus in 1851 terminated the litigation of the great Vassall estate, long a topic of great interest in the State of Maine, and curiously connected with a name so well known in England.

MEXICO.

OUR HAVANA CORRESPONDENCE.

Defeat of the Liberals in Mexico—Mejias' March over the Mountains—Proclamations of General De Castagny, &c., &c.

Havana, Saturday, Oct. 8, 1864.

The most important piece of intelligence from the Mexican Capital, from which we have news up to the 28th of Sept., is that which asserts a defeat of the Republicans under Gonsalez Ortega, not very far from Durango. The dispatch from the war office of the Imperialists is as follows:

"The French troops have just obtained a brilliant victory over the discontented party in the direction of Durango.

The corps of Ortega, Negrete and Casbojol, with whom Potoni had joined some days before, finding themselves pursued by General Aymard, had made their appearance in the direction of Norid Cuencame and Yervanis. Juarez was with them. Being detained by the freshets of the river Nazas, which stopped their retreat towards Chihuahua, these troops were waiting for the falling of the river, and were concentrated on the heights of Majoma near Estanzuela.

Col. Martin, who was then at San Juan del Rio, resolved to go and attack the enemy, and on the 21st of September came in sight of them. They were posted in a strong position, and consisted of about four thousand men, provided with twenty pieces of artillery. Col. Martin had but five hundred French and one hundred Mexicans, but did not delay the attack. After a fight extremely obstinate and bloody the enemy was completely defeated, and left in our power twenty pieces of artillery and one hundred and thirty prisoners. Their loss amounted to about five hundred men killed and wounded. During their retreat they blew up their train of artillery. The last troops of Juarez were thus scattered and without stores. Col. Martin, the hero of the day, did not enjoy his victory—his body was cut in two by a cannon ball at the beginning of the action, finding thus on the battle-field a glorious death. We have also had one officer, eleven French and three Mexican soldiers killed, three officers and forty-one French soldiers wounded,—all of the Second Regiment of Zouaves.

In the direction of Vera Cruz the Mexican troops have also obtained a victory. Gen. Calderon and Gen. Figuerrero overtook the discontented bands toward San Carlos. The Chiefs of the banditti, Crispin Martinez and Valentine Garcia were made prisoners and shot.

A. D'OSMONT,
The Colonel, Chief officer of the Staff.

Mexico, 27th September, 1864.

The Emperor was expected to be in the copital by the 15th or 20th of this month.

The roads having become impassable for troops, military operations are for the present suspended. Meanwhile all the passes to the department of Oajaca are guarded by troops.

As the English steamer *Clyde* was leaving Vera Cruz, a French steamer arrived with the news that Matamoras had been occupied by the Imperialists.

A portion of the Republicans engaged as above mention at San Carlos, had fortified themselves in a farm house, but were completely surrounded. Also, in the district of Chilapa there had been some fighting with the Republicans under Cols. Tapia and Olea. So little confidence have Maximilian's Ministers in the consistency of Vidaurri and his Lieut. Quiroga, that they have compelled them to advertise in the *Gaceta* of Monterey, as follows:

"I, the underssgned declare that I acknowledge the Emperor Maximilian as legitimate sovereign of Mexico, and submit to his authority.

Moreover, I engage, upon my honor, not to undertake nor encourage any attempt which shall have for its object to attack the Imperial Government of Mexico."

This precious State document is signed by two delinquents, for such is the ludicrous position in which this piece of delicate State craft places them.

Admiral Bouet has received orders to occupy Mazatlan with some companies of Algerine sharpshooters. The Imperialists accuse Ortega of having treated the town of Mascota with great severity on account of the defeat which a part of his troops under Ortiz suffered at Chifion, as mentioned in a previous letter.

In the course of his tour of observation, Maximilian had abundant proofs of the misery to which the ultra and retrograde party who wish to govern in his name have reduced their country. In all the towns of the interior a fierce famine rules, due in part to the civil strife, and in part to an excessive drouth, which has destroyed multitudes, and principally in Morelia. Committees for the relief of the poor have been organized, and in order to give immediate employment, orders have been issued to begin at once the construction of a high road which will unite these towns, hitherto isolated, with the port of Tampico.

Escheverria, who was Secretary of the Treasury under Juarez when the intervention took place, and, as being a near relative of Gen. Prim's lady, was often mentioned at that period, died lately at Tresnillo, of congestion of the brain. Quiroga has been acting the part of a George Monk on a small scale. Without acknowledging the Empire, he fought against the Republic. No doubt, like their worthy prototype, he and his master, Vidaurri, were biding their time to exact an exorbitant price. In the meantime, like all renegades, he shoots his late fellow-soldiers when prisoners, and even seeks the life of the man whom so lately he acknowledged as the legally elected chief of the Republic.

The excessive toil of the forced marches of Mejia killed several of his soldiers, for in the "Sierra Madre," beside the precipitous road, there was a total want of provisions, and especially of pasture, so that the mules perished, and for nine days the soldiers were obliged to haul the artillery and wagons. Cortina has been censured for not taking advantage of this state of affairs; but, on the contrary, he yielded, one by one, all the strong positions, and at length made a precipitous retreat. In Victoria, Mejia seized a large quantity of the best American powder, shells, cartridges, wagon-traces, and twelve pieces of siege artillery, dismounted. Great praise is bestowed on a troop of soldiers belonging to Guanajuato, who acted as an escort to Juarez, and by their bravery saved the whole party. Patoni was commanding the Republicans at Parras, and Juarez had ordered him to fortify Mapini, intending to proceed to that place. The Desert of San Carlos, entirely without water, is not a very desirable route, and therefore Juarez preferred the other road, although exposed to ambuscades from the French, under Gen. L'Heriller, at Cuencame.

Among the recent exploits of the guerrillas is the interception of the mails between Mexico and Morelia, the Republicans having installed themselves near Toluca. Armed parties present themselves on the Vera Cruz road. Near Soledad they carried off several bales of merchandise and two hundred mules. The French Lieutenant (Archambaud) who so distinguished himself in the attack on Arteaga's forces at Chifion, died at Guadalajara of the result of a wound which he received just above the heart.

The French General (De Castagny) has reorganized the Municipal Government of Monterey as well as the Courts of Justice. He has also abolished the tax denominated the Federal Contribution, and also the additional duty upon cotton which was ordered on the 17th of last May.

The same General has issued an address to the inhabitants of New-Leon:

"Mexicans: I have come among you in order that you may recognize Maximilian I., Emperor of Mexico; that is to say to bring you peace, order and tranquility, and to free you from the intriguers who, under different titles, have not ceased to enrich themselves by plundering you. Recollect all you have suffered all the exactions that have ruined you, and you will hasten to proclaim the distinguished Prince whom a large majority in Mexico have chosen for their sovereign. The empire is the end of your evils, your wounds will be healed and your dissensions appeased; repose will be assured for your persons and your property guaranteed; it will develop the public wealth, maintain national independence and give you such a prosperity as you would never have found in the midst of your discord. Receive the Emperor frankly. He who consecrates his life to your welfare, and who, a perfect stranger to your quarrels, calls around him with distinction all good citizens to help him in the regeneration of your country. Good men of all parties who desire the greatness of your country surround the Mexican Imperial Throne which the disinterrested hand of France has just *restored*. Inhabitants of New-Leon, follow the example of the other departments, and let the sons of the frontier, in their turn, repeat the cry which resounds in every part of Mexico. Long live the Emperor Maximilian."

The expression which I have put in italics of *restoration*, appears at first a mistake of the good General, but no doubt he alludes to the ephemeral empire of Iturbide in 1822. As Mexico is to be made an epitome of France, it must, of course, have its restoration of the empire, and this same idea of Iturbide's empire we find more clearly developed by Maximilian, on the occasion of the laying of the first stone of the monument to commemorate the independence. Three or four State tents were erected in the grand square, one of these was assigned to the family of Iturbide. This is a puerility, and reminds me of Nelson's observation upon the Austrian Gen. Mack, who so terribly failed at Ulm: "He talked for half an hour upon some ornament of military dress. I have formed my opinion of the man. Heaven grant that I may be mistaken." To the Austrian prince, we may say: *Mutato nomine, &c.* Or does it conceal some monstrous thought of the ultra Reactionists, to deny the legality of all governments and laws since the short reign of Iturbide. Time will show, but all friends of liberty should be on the alert.

Gen. Castagny has also published another address to the inhabitants of the Department of Coahuila:

"Mexicans, do not distrust the French troops; they offer you peace, order, and guarantees for person and property. Their arrival in these parts has had no other object than to protect your interests and to frighten away the wretched band of extortioners whose plan was merely to get rich by your sacrifices. Thus, as you have seen, they have cowardly fled without daring to fight. What can you now fear from such men?

Until H. M. the Emperor Maximilian decrees taxes you will have none to pay; only the *alcababa* will be collected, to provide for the necessities of the municipal governments.

The Imperial forces will free you from the banditti. Do not hesitate to shout for the enlightened Prince into whose hands Mexico has committed her future prospects. A stranger to your long political dissensions, he does not think about your discordance of opinions; without distinguishing any party, he desires to be surrounded by all good Mexicans, lovers of their country, and wants all to coöperate in the obtaining of peace, order and prosperity for your country."

The official paper of Guadalajara, *El Imperio*, has published a letter, which Uraga wrote a short time to his late friend and subordinate Gen. Echeagaray, in order to justify himself and induce others to desert. The respectful tone in which he speaks of Maximillian is in striking contrast with the style adopted in a former letter to a friend, apparently written to throw dust in the eyes of the two confiding Republicans. He begins by boasting of his freedom from all engagements, thus wishing to ignore his duty to his country from which no man can release himself and his party obligations which, to an honorable man, are so difficult to sever, He continues, that the capture of Acapulco left him no alternative but to apply to Maximilian for a pass to leave the country, and this step was more imperative as the enemies of Caamano wanted him away, especially Mercado advised him to apply; in consequence he authorized a friend to proceed to Mexico and ask for a passport, or otherwise that Maximilian should do whatever he liked with Uraga. His friend impressed upon Maximilian that Uraga recognised none of the charges, nor had changed his principles, but that he could not fight, and that was all. To all this, Maximilian answered, very well, that was all he wanted, discussion and not fighting. Of course, that would just suit him. Maximilian invited him to go to the Capital to talk over the matter, for he did not wish to banish Mexicans. He describes his journey and interview with Marques, and various French officers, and concludes with trying hard to induce the army to acknowledge the Empire. Some other letters from him, in the same style, addressed to the principal officers of his late command, show that he labored hard to seduce the troops after his affected withdrawal from politics.

With regard to the Imperial tour of Inspection, Maximilian crossed the mountains of Guavanuato on horseback, slept at Mellado, and on the 18th, entered the city of Guayanuato in state. The *Estaffette* mentions, as a rumor, the intention of Juarez, his Presidential term being nearly expired, to transfer the reins of Government to Ortega. Among recent arrivals at Vera Cruz was that of Pierre Soule.

LARA.

The City Railroads.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

Permit me to thank you for your to-day's article on City Railroads. I reside in Yorkville, am obliged to ride to Fulton-street every day, but I cannot get a seat on the down trips *once in a month*, and I and my wife and daughters are obliged to cling to the rear platform like bees to a swarm. Going up in the evening it is the same; men and women, old and young, the feeble and the strong, are huddled together most indecently and uncomfortably. Is there no redress for this shameful state of things? Have we parted with valuable rights to city railroad companies, and do we pay their charges without complaint only to be treated like cattle? Must citizens, their wives and daughters, submit to be packed like swine in cattle cars?

Is it not a known fact that hundreds of families fly every year to Brooklyn, Newark, Jersey City and other like places, when the northern end of this island would be preferred, if only the means of reaching it were endurable? Do property-holders know how much they suffer because there are not city railroads enough, and because that those that do exist make no effort to provide decent accommodations?

Cannot you still speak out emphatically for the "common people."

MANHATTAN.

The Car and Stage Fairs.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

If the public would not stand a rise when gold was much higher and going up, it will not now do so when gold is in a decline. The weather is good for walking, and the cars run everywhere.

W.

Bills in the Streets.

To the Editor of the Daily Times.

In your paper of this date, I notice "Union Square" objects (and very properly) to the posting bills on the curb-stones. I wish to add steps of stores, cellar doors, &c. It is high time the police were instructed to arrest all bill posters thus engaged. I have placed notice on my steps, (viz., post no bills.) and have been relieved for a few days from said nuisance, when some one would cover *my notice* with some obnoxios poster. Cannot you induce His Honor the Mayor to put a stop to this intolerable practice, and receive the thanks of your fellow-citizens.

BOWLINGREEN.

No. 10 Broadway, Oct. 1864.

Court Calendar—This Day.

Supreme Court—*Part I.*—Adjourned till Monday, Oct. 17. *Part II.*—Short causes.—Nos. 1156, 2646, 2726, 2364, 2208, 2378, 2379, 2764, 2780. *Part III.*—Short causes.—Nos. 2061, 2345, 1923, 2199, 2211, 2663, 2695, 2719, 1694.

Superior Court—*Part I.*—Nos. 3393, 3321, 3465, 4369, 3453, 4157, 3797, 4233, 3391, 4213, 4225, 4343, 4345, 4351, 4355. *Part II.*—Nos. 516, 4052, 4054, 4060, 4062, 4064, 4066, 4068, 4070, 4072, 4074, 4076, 4078, 4080, 4082.

Common Pleas.—*Part I.*—Short causes.—Nos. 640, 651, 780, 676. *Part II.*—Nos. 648, 651, 780, 676.

MONETARY AFFAIRS.

Sales at the Stock Exchange—Oct. 13, 1864.

$1,000	U.S.6s,'81....R.	106⅛	100	Mariposa M. Co...	35⅛
60,000	U. S. 6s, '81....C	105⅝	250	do	35⅜
2,000	do	105⅛	150	do	35⅜
500	U.S.6s,5-20s.C.S	108⅛	300	Hud. Riv. R.	123
1,000	do	107¼	200	do	122¾
15,000	U.S.6s,1 yr. C...	94⅞	100	do	122
34,000	do	94¾	200	do....b10	123
3,000	N. Y.Cen. 6s,'73,	117	200	do....b30	123
1,000	Tenn. 6s, '90	55	100	do....s15	122⅛
35,000	O. & M. Cer	37	600	do	122⅜
20,000	do	36¾	200	do....b15	122¾
30,000	do	36⅞	2800	Reading R.	124
2,000	N. Y. Cen. 6s	114	100	do....b15	124
1,000	do	114⅛	100	do	124⅛
9,000	do	115	500	do	124¼
6,000	Erie 2d M., '79.	117	100	Mich. Cen. R.	125
5,000	Erie 4th M	110	100	do	126
3,000	Mich.So.S.F.Bs.	105⅛	50	do....b15	126⅛
1,000	Alt. & Ter. In...	82⅜	100	M. S. & N. I.	69⅛
2,000	do	82	100	do....b30	70
15,000	C.& N.W. 1st M.	94	100	do....b5	69⅛
2,000	To.& W. 1 M.Ex.	100	400	do	69¾
10,000	P. Ft.W.&C. 1st.	110	2400	do	69
2,000	P..Ft.W.&C.2 M	103	200	do....b10	69
30	Fourth Nat. Bank.	89	500	do	68⅞
10,000	do	90	500	do	68¾
2,000	Am. Gold	204⅛	100	Ill. Cen. R.	118⅜
74	Merchants' Ex.Bk.	100	100	do....s40	118¾
5	Metropolitan Bk	112	100	do....b10	119
75	B'k of Commerce	103	300	do	119
100	Canton Co	32	400	do	119¼
500	do	33	2200	do	119⅛
100	do	32¾	400	do....s10	119¼
48	Del. & H. C. Co	165	100	do....b30	119⅝
25	Penn. Coal Co	175	100	Clev.& Pitts. R.b15	106
100	Cum. Coal Pref	57	400	do....b5	104⅞
600	do	57⅛	500	Chi. & N. W.	45⅛
200	do....s5	57⅜	1300	do	45¼
200	do	57¾	400	do	45⅝
600	do	58	50	do....b15	45⅛
1500	do	58⅛	300	do....b10	45¼
100	do....b30	59	1800	do	45
100	do....b10	59	200	Chi. & N.W. P.b30	80
600	Am. Coal Co	85	100	do	79⅛
100	Quick. Min. Co	81	100	do	79¼
180	do	80¾	300	do....b30	79⅛
150	do	80⅛	450	do	79
200	Atl. M. S. Co	185	300	do	78¾
200	N. Y. Cen....s30	118	400	do	78⅛
100	do	118¾	800	Cle. & Tol. R.	113
750	do	119	50	Chi. & R. I. R.	93¾
300	do	119¼	100	do	93⅛
500	Erie Railway	97	100	do	93⅝
500	do....b10	97	200	do	93¼
100	do....b30	97	50	Chi., B. & Q. R.	120
1600	do	96¾	100	Mil. & Pr. du C. R.	47⅛
100	do....s10	96¾	300	do	47
400	do....b10	96⅜	100	do....b30	47
300	do	96⅛	100	do	47¼
250	do....s10	96¼	200	Pitts.,Ft. W.& C.	97
1700	do	96⅛	300	do	96¼
300	do....s30	96	500	do	96⅛
400	do....s30	96⅛	200	Alt. & T. H....b10	53
600	do	96¼	100	Alt. & T. H. P b15	70
100	do	96⅛	100	C. & Alt. R. Pr	87
10	Erie R. Pref	102⅛			

SECOND BOARD

$25,000	U. S 6s, '81..C.	105⅝	1000	Reading Railroad	124⅛
12,000	U.S.6s,5-20s...C.	107⅛	10	Mich. Central R.	127
10,000	U. S. 6s,1Yr..C.	94⅞	100	do	126⅜
25,000	do	94¾	1000	M. S. & N. I.	71
5,000	O. & Miss. C.	37⅜	700	do	71¼
30,000	do	37⅛	500	do	71⅛
200	Canton Co	35	500	Ill. Cen. R.	120¾
500	do	36	500	do	120⅜
400	do	36¼	100	do....s10	120¾
200	do....b10	36⅛	100	Cleve. & Pitts	101
500	Cumb. Coal Pr	58¾	200	Chic. & N. W. R.	46
300	do	58⅛	600	do	45¾
500	do	58	50	do	45⅜
100	Quick.M. Co	80⅛	200	Chi. & N.W. Pref.	79¼
100	do....b30	81⅛	500	do	79⅛
100	do....b30	81¾	300	Clev.& Tol	117
50	N. Y. Central	119	100	do	116⅛
300	do	119¼	50	Chi. & R. I. R.	95
300	Reading R.	97⅛	1200	do	95⅛
1600	do	97¼	200	do	95⅜
800	do	97⅛	200	Chi.,Bur.&Q.R.	120
400	do	97⅜	100	M. & P. Du Ch.	49
200	do	97⅜	100	do	50
100	do....s15	97	100	Pitts.Ft. W. & C.c.	98¼
50	Erie Pref	103	200	do	99
100	Hudson R. R.	123	100	Alt. & T. H. P.	70
200	do	123⅛			

OPEN BOARD—1½ P. M.

1600	Erie Railway	96⅛	100	Clev. & Tol.	115
200	do....s3	96⅛	400	do	115⅛
800	do....s3	96⅜	200	do	117
400	do	96⅜	700	Chi.& R. I	95
100	do....b4	96⅜	700	do	95¼
200	do....b3	96⅜	300	do....s3	95
600	do....b3	96⅝	1100	Chic. &N.W.R.	45⅛
2400	do	96⅝	500	do	45⅜
500	do	96¾	100	do	45¼
400	do....b3	96⅝	100	do....b5	45⅜
500	do	97	100	do....b4	45⅜
1100	Hudson R. R	123¼	1300	Chi.&N. W.Pref.	80
200	do....b3	123⅜	400	do	79⅞
400	do....s3	123½	700	do....b3	80
200	do....b3	123¼	100	do....s3	79⅞
400	do....s3	123¼	200	do....s3	80
200	Reading R.	124	500	P., F. W. & C.	99
1200	do	124¼	400	do	99¼
200	do	124⅜	200	do....b3	99¼
100	Ill. Cen. R.	120⅝	200	do	99⅛
200	do	120⅜	100	do....s10	99¼
400	do	120¼	200	Mar. & Cin 1st Pr.	56
200	do	120⅛	100	Mil. & Pr.Du C.	48
300	M. S. & N. I. R.	70	100	do....b3	48
200	do....b3	70	400	Canton Co	33¼
250	do	69⅞	400	do	34
200	do	69⅝	300	do....b3	33¾
100	do....b3	69⅝	300	do....b3	34
300	do....b3	69¾	100	Cum. Coal	58¼
400	do	69¾	700	do....b3	58¼
200	do....b10	70	500	do	57¾
100	do....b3	69⅞	100	do....b3	58
200	Cleve. & Pitts	105⅛	100	Mariposa M.Co b10	36
200	do....b5	105⅜	200	do....b3	36
400	do	105¼	100	do	35¾
10,000	O. & M. Cer..b3	38			

OPEN BOARD—3½ P. M.

700	Erie R.	97¾	200	Clev.& Tol....s3	117⅛
500	do....b3	97⅜	700	Chic. & R. I.	95⅛
500	do	97⅛	200	do	95¼
300	do	97¼	100	Chic. & N. W	45¾
1500	do....s3	97	100	do	45⅝
200	do	97	100	do....s3	45⅝
600	do	97⅛	200	do	45⅝
200	do....b3	97⅛	100	do....s3	45⅜
200	do....b3	97¼	200	Chi.& N.W. Pr	80
500	Hud. Riv. R	123⅜	200	do....b10	80
300	do	123⅛	100	do....b3	79⅞
100	do	123	100	do....s10	79⅝
300	Rock Island R	124¼	100	do....s3	79⅝
400	do	124½	100	do	79¾
100	Mich. Cen. R	127	100	do....b10	80¼
200	Cle. & Pitts. R	105⅜	100	do....b3	79¾
50	do	110	20000	O. & Miss. Cer	37⅜
900	M. S. & N. I	70⅛	2500	do	37¼
800	do	70¼	100	Canton Co	35
200	do....s3	70⅛	100	Cumberl'd Coal.s3	57⅞
600	do	70⅝	500	do	57⅜
200	do....b3	70⅛	100	Quick. Min.Co	80⅜
500	do	70⅜	100	Mar. Min. Co	35
100	do	70⅞			

Thursday, Oct. 13—P. M.

The offers which go forward to Washington, to night, for the New Loan, from this City alone, will be in larger proportion than usual to the whole amount to be awarded. It is understood to-day that Mr. M. Ketchum, of the Fourth National Bank, has made up a combination offer which closely approaches $10,000,000, and Mr. Thompson, of the First National, will represent between $9,000,000 and $10,000,000. The Bank will send forward by telegraph any additional offers, (to be embraced in the combination rate,) which may be left with the Cashier by 11 o'clock A. M. The Central National will offer for about $2,000,000; the Ninth National, $2,000,000, the Bank of Commerce, $2,000,000, and the Metropolitan $2,000,000. Some other of the old Banks are also bidding, either direct or through the large combinations. Mr. Bend, of Livermore, Clews & Co., goes to Washington to bid for the correspondents of this firm, and on their own account. Included in the First National of this City is understood to be a large offer from Boston, through the Second National of that city. The old 5-20 Bonds advanced to 107½ ₱ cent., to-day, including the November Gold Coupon, worth in Currency about 6 ₱ cent., and 6 ₱ cents of 1881 were also in better demand.

The Gold Room this afternoon suddeuly ran up to 210 ₱ cent from 204½@204⅛ in the morning. A report through the Richmond papers of Monday, of the recapture of Rome, Georgia, by the rebels, and the surrender of 3,000 negro troops and their white officers, was assigned as the cause of this large advance. The price fell back to 208½ ₱ cent. Exchange on London for Saturday's mail is 109 ₱ cent, for Gold. Money keeps easy to the Brokers at 7 ₱ cent, although a renewed speculation on the Railway lists at the Stock Exchange has created a better demand. The upward turn in this speculation is carrying with it nearly all the Miscellaneous shares, and the buoyancy at the different Boards to-day was quite general, and the additional rise, in some instances, 2@2½ ₱ cent.

At 4 o'clock, the following quotations were made, after a heavy amount of business in the New-York and Western Roads and in Canton, Cumberland, Quicksilver, &c.:

	Wed.	Thurs.		Wed.	Thurs.
U. S. 6s, 1881	105⅛	105⅞	Mich. Southern	68⅞	70⅝
U. S. 5-20's	107¼	107⅜	Illinois Cen	119	120
N. Y. Central	116⅜	119	Pittsburgh	105	105⅜
Erie	95⅜	97¼	Fort Wayne	98⅛	99⅛
Erie Preferred	101	103	Rock Island	94¼	95¼
Hudson	118⅜	122⅝	Reading	122⅝	124¼
Canton	31⅜	35⅛	Quicksilver	80	80⅜
Treas. Cer., new	94⅞	94⅞	Cum'land Coal	57	57⅛
Northwest	44⅜	45⅜	Mariposa	35⅜	35⅜
Ohio & M. Certfs	37¼	37⅜	N. West Pref	77¼	79⅜

The following bids were made to-day for the City Bank Shares:

Union	116	Ocean	90
City	115	American Exchange	116
Butchers' & Drovers'	125	Bank of No. Amer.	102
Merchants' Exchange	100	Metropolitan	112
Commerce	103	Commonwealth	100

And the following for the Railway Mortgages:

N. Y Cen. 6s	115	Chi. & N. W. Int. Bds.	90
Erie 1sts, '68	107	Chi. & N. W. 1sts	94
Erie 2ds, '79	115	Tol. & Wab. 2ds	85
Erie 3ds, '83	115⅛	Mil. & P. du Ch. 1sts	110
Erie 2ds, '80	110	Chi & R. I. 1sts	110
Harlem 2ds '64	100	Pitts., F. W. & C. 1sts	109
Mich. S. & N. Ind. S.F.	105	Pitts, Ft. W. & C. 2ds	102⅜
Ill. Cen. '75	114⅛	Clev. & Pitts. 4ths	82
Al. & T. H. 1sts	100	Miss. & Mo. L. G	58
Al. & T. H. 2ds, Income	82	Chi. & Alt. 1sts	102⅜

The day's business at the office of the Assistant Treasurer United States, New-York, was as follows: Receipts, $1,215,456 34; for customs, $155,000; payments, $1,751,961 68; on account of loan, $70,000; balance, $26,388,268 24.

BANKING AND FINANCIAL.

☞ THE FOURTH NATIONAL BANK,
NEW-YORK DEPOSITORY
AND
FINANCIAL AGENT OF THE UNITED STATES,
Nos. 27 and 29 Pine-st.,

Receives subscriptions to the new 7 3-10 Treasury Notes, which are convertible at maturity into *Six Per Cent. Gold-bearing* 5-20 *Bonds*.

Commission of ¼ per cent. in all cases allowed and liberal terms to Banks who buy to sell again. Receive subscriptions to the 10-40 Bonds. Converts the old 3-10 Notes into 6 per cent. 1881 Bonds. Collects Warrants and Drafts on the Treasury, and transacts all other business connected with Government.

MORRIS KETCHUM, President.
D. W. Vaughan, Cashier.

☞ TO CAPITALISTS AND MERCHANTS.
Capitalists, merchants and others would do well to read the advertisement of a Southern merchant in another column of to-day's paper.

GENERAL MARKETS.

New-York, Thursday, Oct. 13—6 P. M.

The receipts of the principal kinds of Produce, since our last, have been: 98 bbls. Ashes, 13,481 bbls. Flour, 182 bbls. and 1,032 bags Corn Meal, 54,630 bushels Wheat, 77,948 bushels Corn, 63,128 bushels Oats, 29,078 bushels Barley, 702 bushels Malt, 1,804 pkgs. Provisions and 152 bbls. Whisky.

ASHES—Are inactive at $10 75 for Pots and $12 50 for Pearls, ₱ 100 ℔s.

COFFEE—Is dull and unsettled; Java at 42c.@45c.; Laguayra and Maracaibo 33c.@35c.; Rio at 33c.@37½c.; St. Domingo at 32½c.@33½c. ₱ ℔.

COTTON—Is in slack request at drooping prices; Middling $1 03c.@1 05, chiefly within the range, ₱ ℔. Sales and resales, since our last, 120 bales.

FLOUR AND MEAL.—State and Western Flour has been in fair request at a further advance of 10c. ₱ bbl. Sales since our last amount to 11,650 bbls., including very inferior to choice Superfine State and Western at $7 75@$8 15; poor to choice Extra State at $8 20@$8 75; round-hoop Extra Ohio, inferior to very good shipping brands, at $9 45@$9 85 ₱ bbl.

Superfine State and Western	$7 75	@$8 15
Extra State	8 20	@ 8 75
Extra Illinois, Indiana, Michigan,&c.	8 30	@11 50
Extra Ohio round-hoop, shp'g brands.	9 45	@ 9 85
Extra Ohio, trade and family brands.	9 85	@12 00
Extra Genessee	8 80	@11 75
Poor to choice Extra Missouri	9 25	@14 00

Southern Flour is steadily advancing; sales since our last 1,100 bbls. at $10 25@$11 20 for poor to good, and $11 25@$13 50 for good to choice extra brands, and $13 50@$14 50 for Phœnix Mills, ₱ bbl. Canadian Flour is doing better; sales 540 bbls. extra at $8 30@$11 40 ₱ bbl. Rye Flour continues in limited request, including fine and superfine, at from $8 25@$9 75 ₱ bbl.; sales 150 bbls. Corn Meal is in demand and rather firmer, at $7 50@$7 60 for Jersey, and $7 80 for Brandywine ₱ bbl. Sales 350 bbls. Also, 50 puncheons Brandywine, at $36 50 each.

GRAIN—Wheat has been in fair request, mainly for export, at a further partial advance of 2c.@3c ₱ bushel. Sales, 66,000 bushels, including White Canadian at $2@$2 15; White Michigan at $2 25; Amber Western, at $2@$2 05; Red Western at $1 90@$2; Amber Iowa, Wisconsin and Green Bay at $1 90@$1 92; Milwaukee Club, at $1 85@$1 90; Chicago Spring at $1 81@$1 88½; Amber Kentucky at $2, ₱ bushel. Corn is in good demand, at advanced prices; sales since our last, 53,000 bushels, at $1 49@$1 50 for Mixed Western, ₱ bushel. Oats are in good request, and much higher. We quote Canada at 82c.@83c.; Western at 83c.@83½c.; State at 82c.@83c., cash, ₱ bushel. Sales were also made of 23,500 bushels Canada West Barley, at $1 88@$1 90; 2,660 bushels Barley Malt, at $2 10@$2 20; and 5,100 bushels Western Rye, at $1 33, ₱ bushel.

HAY—North River is in fair request at $1 25@$1 35 for Government and shipping, and $1 40@$1 55 for small lots for City use ₱ 100 ℔s.

HOPS—Are quiet at 15c.@35c. for inferior to choice one year old, and 40c.@50c. for new, ₱ ℔.

MOLASSES—Has been inactive, including New-Orleans at 90c.@$1 10; Porto Rico, 70c.@85c.; Cuba Muscovado, 68c.@78c., ₱ gallon.

NAVAL STORES—Are quiet at former prices.

PROVISIONS—Pork has bren in fair demand, mainly on speculation, former prices. Sales to-day 9,600 bbls., at $43, for New Mess, cash and regular way; $43@$43 50 for do., deliverable in October, buyer's option; $40@$41 for one year old Mess; $41 50@$42 50 for Prime Mess; $41@$42 for Thin Mess, and $39@$40 for Prime ₱ bbl. Cut Meats are in moderate demand, at 17c.@18½c. for Shoulders, 18c.@21c. for Hams; sales 210 pkgs. Lard is less active; sales 2,500 tierces and bbls., at 19½c.@21c. for very poor to very choice, the latter an extreme. Beef has been in less demand, at $17 50@$22 50 for Extra Mess, $13@$17 for Plain Mess, $7@$12 for Country Mess ₱ bbl.; sales 285 bbls. Butter continues in moderate request, at 36c.@44c. for poor to prime State, and 28c.@35c. for Western ₱ ℔. Cheese is inactive, at 12c.@20c. ₱ ℔. The week's business in butter and Cheese. Messrs. M. W. Starin & Co., in their special report for the current issue of the Weekly Times, review thus:

The Butter Market has dragged heavily during the past week. Sales to some extent have been made of western butter for the English market, by making full concessions to shippers, but the stock of inferior to fair Western, now on the market, is large, and constantly accumulating with fresh arrivals, while no demand exists for any but really choice lots. The dairymen of this State continue to hold back their dairies of butter, still dreaming of a short crop and exorbitant rates, which is already past realization for this season. The make of full butter continues to be very large and of fine quality in all sections, and the policy of holding back supplies and feeding this market, has accumulated a heavy stock in the country, while the period for shipment, use and consumption is rapidly passing away. The effect of this is certain, and is being rapidly developed, and instead of a short crop a heavy overstock, and consequent low prices must be the termination. The receipts of State Butter during the past week have been unusually light for the season, but the only demand for such stock being for City trade, the supply was sufficient, particularly at the prices demanded, which the necessities of retailers alone compelled them to submit to. We omit our quotations for Fresh Pail Butters, the amount of business in that line being too insignificant at this period to merit a quotation. A few fancy retail grocers absorb the whole receipts, and the prices paid have no bearing on the market. We note sales of 1,000 firkins fine Western Butter, at 33c.@35c., and an invoice of fine Delaware Dairy Butter, at 44c. The market closes without activity, except for City trade. We quote:

State—firkins—Yellow	40	@44
State—half-firkin tubs—₱ ℔	42	@45
State—Welch tubs—₱ ℔	38	@42
Western firkins—Yellow—₱ ℔	30	@34
Pennsylvania—Yellow—firkins	37	@40
Pennsylvania—Yellow—half tubs	37	@46
State firkins—Light colored	38	@42
Western firkins—Inferior	27	@30
State and Western firkins—Mixed colors	28	@30
Canada firkins—Extra	—	@—
Canada firkins—Ordinary	—	@31

The market for Cheese has continued dull, heavy and depressed since our last report. Some transactions have been made for the English market, but at rates to meet the views of buyers. The late reports from the English market are unfavorable, and indicate lower prices, while the heavy stocks that are now on the way to this market, give assurance of lower prices. The market closes dull and heavy. We quote;

State Dairies—factory made—fine	20	@21
State Dairies—factory made—fair to good	18	@19
State Dairies—extra quality	18	@20
State Dairies—fair to good	15	@17
Western Reserve—good to prime	15	@18
English Dairy—Eastern	19	@21
English Dairy—Western	16	@19
Pine-Apple	22	@24
Orange County—flat skimmed	14	@15

SUGARS—Have been in more request and rather firmer. Sales since our last 1,980 hhds., including Cuba, &c., at 16½c.@20c. ₱ ℔. Refined Sugars continue inactive at 19c.@24c. ₱ ℔.

TALLOW—Sales 109,000 ℔s., at 15c.@16½c., the latter rate for very choice.

WHISKY—Sales 450 bbls., in lots, at $1 70@$1 72 ₱ gallon.

FREIGHTS—Were very dull to-day. For Liverpool the engagements included only 50 hhds. Tallow at 12s. 6d.; also, by steamer, 750 boxes Cheese and 250 pkgs. Butter at 30s. For London, 100 tons Walnut at 22s. 6d.

THE CITY GOVERNMENT.

[OFFICIAL.]

BOARD OF COUNCILMEN.

STATED SESSION—Monday, Oct. 10, 1864.
2 o'clock P. M.

The Board met pursuant to adjournment, in their Chamber, No. 16 City Hall.

Present—Jas. Hays, Esq., President, and the following members:

Councilmen Keenan, Riley, Brophy, Hagerty, Webster, Ryan, Gross, Repper, Koster, Houghtalin, Haviland, McGrath, Opdyke, Jaques, Schaefer, Cook, Brandon, Brice, Russell, Fitzgerald, Joyce—22.

In the absence of the President at roll-call, Councilman Houghtalin moved that Councilman Hagerty take the chair.

Which was carried.

The minutes of the meeting held October the sixth were read and approved.

RESOLUTIONS.

By Councilman Houghtalin—

Whereas, The books known as the "Firemen's Register," in the office of the Chief Engineer, have, by constant wear, become worn and mutilated to such an extent as to be almost useless; therefore, in order to preserve such record.

Resolved, That the Chief Engineer cause the same to be recopied in new books, bound with brass, and that the same be done under the direction of said Chief Engineer, and that the sum of five hundred dollars is hereby appropiated therefor.

Which was referred to the Committee on Arts and Sciences.

By Councilman Fitzgerald—

Resolved, That a sewer, with the necessary receiving basins and culverts, be built in Fifth-avenue, between Eighty-ninth and Ninetieth streets, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Department.

Which was referred to the Committee on Sewers.

By Councilman Keenan—

Resolved, That the Street Commissioner be and he is hereby authorized and directed to advertise for proposals for building a new tender for the use of Steam Fire Engine Company number Six, to be similar to the one now used by Engine Company number Two.

Which was laid over.

By Councilman Brice—

Resolved, That the Street Commissioner be and he is hereby authorized and directed to erect a temporary building for the use of Hook and Ladder Company number Two, on the ground formerly used by said company, as they find it impossible to procure a temporary location elsewhere.

Which was laid over.

By Councilman Russell—

Resolved, That Croton mains be laid in Seventy-third-street, between Third and Fifth avenues, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Board, immediately.

Which was adopted.

By Councilman Russell—

Resolved, That the Metropolitan Gaslight Company be and they are hereby directed to lay gas mains in Seventy-third-street, between Third and Fifth avenues, immediately.

Councilman Keenan moved that said resolution be referred to the Committee on Lamps and Gas.

Which was lost.

The resolution was then adopted.

By Councilman Brandon—

Resolved, That the poll of election of the Eleventh District of the Twenty-first Ward, Fifteenth Aldermanic District, be and the same is hereby changed from number three hundred and ninety-seven Fourth-avenue to the northeast corner of Madison-avenue and Twenty-seventh street, until otherwise ordered.

Which was adopted.

By the President—

Resolved, That the persons employed in the Department of the City Inspector as bell-men be allowed the same compensation as is paid to the sweepers employed in said department.

Which was laid over—

By Councilman Webster—

Resolved, That permission be and the same is hereby given H. H. Watts to place a shutter-box in front of his premises, at number seventy-five Bowery, such permission to continue only during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Which was adopted.

By Councilman Gross—

Resolved, That the salaries of the Inspectors and Assistants on the different dumping grounds belonging to the City be hereby and the same are increased fifty cents per day, the same to take effect from October one, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four.

Which was referred to the Committee on Salaries and Offices.

MOTIONS.

Councilman Keenan moved that the Committee on Streets be discharged from the further consideration of resolution that permission be given to Joseph Lang to exhibit a small sign, placed upon the sidewalk in front of the premises occupied by him, at number one and a half Park-row, the same to remain during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Which was carried.

The resolution was then adopted.

Councilman Haviland moved that the Committee on Lamps and Gas be discharged from the further consideration of resolution of Board of Aldermen, that the Street Commissioner be directed to advertise for proposals for furnishing fifteen hundred cast-iron lamp-posts.

Which was carried.

And the paper was laid over.

Councilman Riley moved that the Committee on Salaries and Offices be discharged from the further consideration of resolution that the salary of the Inspector of Fire Apparatus be increased to the sum of two thousand dollars per annum, the said increase to date from March one, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four.

Which was lost.

REPORTS.

Report of Committee on Sewers, with resolution, that a sewer, with the necessary receiving basins and culverts, be built in Forty third-street, between Lexington and Fourth avenues, to connect with sewer in Lexington-avenue, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Department.

Which was laid over.

Report of Committee on Roads in favor of flagging the sidewalks of Forty-fourth-street, between the Tenth and Eleventh avenues.

Which was laid over.

Report of Committee on Public Health, in favor of fencing vacant lots on Forty-second-street, between Seventh and Eighth avenues.

Which was laid over.

COMMUNICATIONS.

A communication was received from the Comptroller relative to payment of aid to families of the New-York National Guard, who have volunteered for one hundred days, as follows:

City of New-York, Department of Finance,
Comptroller's Office, Aug. 11, 1864.

To the Honorable the Board of Councilmen:

Gentlemen: The annexed certified copy of a resolution extending aid to the families of those who have volunteered in the various regiments of the New-York National Guard, which are now serving for one hundred days under the last call of the President of the United States, was forwarded to the Department of Finance on yesterday.

On reference to the Journal of the Proceedings of the Board of Councilmen, I find that such resolution was not passed in accordance with the provisions of sections seven and thirty-seven of the Amended Charter of one thousand eight hundred and fifty-seven, which requires that, before any resolution of this character can be adopted legally, the vote thereon in either board shall be taken on ayes and noes, and published in the newspapers employed by the Corporation before the same shall be sent to the other board.

Although extremely anxious to relieve the families of our fellow-citizens who have gone forth at the call of the President, I do not think that it is proper so to do in violation of the express directions of the Charter, and I, therefore, hasten to submit the subject to your honorable board, in order that the necessary legal action may be had thereon without further delay.

Respectfully submitted,
MATTHEW T. BRENNAN,
Comptroller.

Which was received and referred to the Committee on Finance.

A communication was received from the Fire Marshal, transmitting his semi-annual report for the half year ending thirty-first of May, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four, as follows:

Fire Marshal's Office,
No. 300 Mulberry-street,
New-York, Aug. 27, 1864.

To the Honorable the Board of Councilmen:

Gentlemen: Permit me again to lay before your honorable body my semi-annual report for the half year ending thirty-first of May, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four. It contains, in detail, a statement of all fires and alarms of fire which occurred during that period, together with their origin, as far as can be ascertained from the testimony taken in each case.

The report also embraces the amounts of insurance and the alleged losses, together with special references.

I again call your attention to the necessity for an act to regulate the sale and storage of petroleum oil and nitrate of soda.

I have the honor to be,
With great respect,
Your obedient servant,
A. E. BAKER,
Fire Marshal.

Which was received and ordered on file.

MESSAGE FROM HIS HONOR THE MAYOR.

A message was received from His Honor the Mayor, returning unapproved resolution giving permission to Edward Duffy to display a sign.

Which was received, laid on the table for ten days, directed to be entered at length in the minutes, and published under the direction of the Clerk.

RESOLUTIONS RESUMED.

By Councilman Webster—

Resolved, That the salaries of the foremen employed in the City Inspectors Department be increased from two dollars and fifty cents per diem, to three dollars per diem, such increase to take effect from the date of the passage of this resolution.

Which was referred to the Committee on Salaries and Offices.

PAPERS FROM BOARD OF ALDERMEN.

Resolution that the present sewer in Thirty-eighth-street, between the sewer in Eighth-avenue to a point about two hundred and fifty feet west of Eighth-avenue, be taken up and rebuilt at the usual depth of fifteen feet below the curb grade, or as near to said depth as may be found practicable, the same to be done at City expense, under the head of "Sewers and Repairing, &c.," without contract, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Board.

Which was laid over.

Resolution that the coping of culvert on northwest corner of Stanton and Pitt streets be raised to the regu lay grade of sidewalk, to be done forthwith, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Department.

Which was concurred in.

Resignation of William Drummond as a Commissioner of Deeds, with resolution that George H. Johnson be appointed a Commissioner of Deeds in place of William Drummond, resigned.

Which was concurred in.

Resolution that the election poll of the Sixth Election District of the Sixth Ward be held at number fifty-seven Baxter-street, until otherwise ordered by the Common Council.

Which was concurred in.

Resolution, as follows:

Resolved, That sections twenty-one and twenty-two of article three, chapter twenty-three of the Revised Ordinances of one thousand eight hundred and fifty-nine, be amended so as to read as follows:

Section twenty-one. All manure shall be sold in the City of New-York by the cart or wagon load, and every such load shall be of the capacity of twelve cubic feet.

SEC. 27. All manure shall be carted in close boxes, three feet long and two feet wide, the sides and fore part of which shall be two feet high and the tail-board eighteen inches high, the said boxes to be well secured, so as to prevent any part of the load from running out.

Which was referred to Committee on Ordinances.

Resolution as follows:

Resolved, That the Insulated Telegraph Company have permission to place telegraph posts through the following streets, viz.: Commencing at Harlem River, One Hundred and Twenty-ninth-street, on First-avenue, to One Hundred and Tenth-street, thence to Second-avenue, to Twenty-first-street, to First-avenue, to Second-street, to Second-avenue, to Houston-street, to Elizabeth-street, to Prince-street, to Marion, to Centre-street, to Nassau-street, to Wall-street, branching off for the Philadelphia line at Thirty-eighth-street and along Thirty-eighth-street to the Hudson River cable. Said posts to be made of cedar wood, and thoroughly painted, to be forty-five feet high and placed sixty-five yards apart.

Which was referred to Committee on Streets.

GENERAL ORDERS.

Councilman Brice called up General Order Number Four Hundred and Ninety-eight, being a Report of Committee on Streets of Board of Aldermen, with a resolution, that a crosswalk be laid in front of the Roman Catholic Church in Twenty-fifth-street, between the Eighth and Ninth avenues, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Department.

Which was concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen Keenan, Riley, Brophy, Hagerty, Hayes, Webster, Ryan, Gross, Repper, Koster, Houghtalin, Haviland, McGrath, Opdyke, Jaques, Schaefer, Cook, Brandon, Brice, Russell, Fitzgerald, Joyce—22.

Report of Committee on Sewers, in favor of adopting resolution that a sewer, with the necessary receiving basins and culverts, be built in Fifty-sixth-street, from about one hundred feet east of Tenth-avenue to the Hudson River, and the annexed ordinance therefor adopted.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen Keenan, Riley, Brophy, Hagerty, Hayes, Webster, Ryan, Gross, Repper, Koster, Houghtalin, Haviland, McGrath, Opdyke, Jaques, Schaefer, Cook, Brandon, Brice, Russell, Fitzgerald, Joyce—22.

The President called up General Order number four hundred and thirty-three, being a report of Committee on Sewers, in favor of concurring with Board of Aldermen in adopting resolution that a sewer, with the necessary receiving basins and culverts, be built in Seventy-fourth-street, commencing at the westerly side of Fifth-avenue, running thence through and along Seventy-fourth-street to the East River, the interior bottom line of the sewer at Fifth-avenue and Seventy-fourth-street, to be constructed at an elevation not exceeding thirty-six feet ten inches above tide-water, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Board, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen Keenan, Riley, Brophy, Hagerty, Hayes, Webster, Ryan, Gross, Repper, Koster, Houghtalin, Haviland, McGrath, Opdyke, Jaques, Schaefer, Cook, Brandon, Brice, Russell, Fitzgerald, Joyce—22.

Councilman Keenan called up General Order number four hundred and forty-nine, being a veto message of His Honor the Mayor, of resolution that permission be given to Bernard Kinney to keep a stand in Wall-street, near South-street, the permission to continue only during the pleasure of the Common Council.

(By Board of Aldermen, September twelve, adopted, notwithstanding the objections of His Honor the Mayor, two thirds of all the members elected voting in favor thereof.)

Which was adopted by the following vote (two-thirds of all the members voting in favor thereof):

Affirmative—Councilmen Keenan, Riley, Brophy, Hagerty, Hayes, Webster, Ryan, Repper, Houghtalin, Haviland, McGrath, Schaefer, Brice, Russell, Fitzgerald, Joyce—16.

Negative—Councilmen Gross, Koster, Opdyke, Jaques, Cook, Brandon—6.

Councilman Russell called up General Order number Ninety-four, being a resolution that the Comptroller be directed to draw his order in favor of Frank McElroy, for the sum of one hundred and thirty dollars and seventy cents, to be in full for printing invitations and programmes for the Russian banquet, as per accompanying bill, and charge the same to the appropriation for the reception of the Russian officers, or any other unexpended appropriation.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen Keenan, Riley, Brophy, Hagerty, Hayes, Webster, Ryan, Gross, Repper, Koster, Houghtalin, Haviland, McGrath, Cook, Schaefer, Brandon, Brice, Russell, Fitzgerald, Joyce—20.

Negative—Councilman Opdyke and Jaques—2.

Councilman Joyce called up General Order Number Four hundred and forty-three, being a report of Committee on Roads, in favor of adopting resolution that Eighty-first street between Third and Fourth avenues, be regulated, graded, curbed, guttered and flagged, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen Keenan, Riley, Brophy, Hagerty, Hayes, Webster, Ryan, Gross, Repper, Koster, Houghtalin, Haviland, McGrath, Opdyke, Jaques, Schaefer, Cook, Brandon, Brice, Russel, Fitzgerald, Joyce—22.

Councilman Webster called up General Order number four hundred and seventy three, being a preamble of Board of Aldermen, with resolution relative to printing, indexing and binding Proceedings of the Common Council.

Councilman Jaques moved that said resolution be amended by striking out all after the word "resolved," and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"That it be referred to the Committee on Printing and Advertising, to ascertain at what rates the public printing is now being done by Messrs. Jones & Co., and at what rate it can be done by responsible printers of this City."

Which was lost.

Councilman Opdyke moved that said resolution be amended by striking out all after the word "resolved," and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"That proposals be advertised for by the Street Commissioner for all the printing and binding required by the Common Council.

Which was lost.

The resolution was then concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen Keenan, Riley, Hagerty, Hayes, Webster, Ryan, Gross, Repper, Koster, Houghtalin, Haviland, McGrath, Schaefer, Cook, Brandon, Brice, Russell, Fitzgerald, Joyce—19.

Negative—Councilmen Brophy, Opdyke, Jaques—3.

Councilman Brandon called up General Order number four hundred and forty-eight, being a resolution of Board of Aldermen to compensate D. T. Valentine for preparing the Manual of the Common Council for the present year.

Councilman Keenan moved the previous question.

Councilman Jaques moved that the whole subject be laid upon the table.

The President pro tem. ruled that said resolution was not in order.

Councilman Jaques appealed from the decision of the Chair.

Councilman Jaques arose to speak,

Whereupon,

The President pro tem. decided Councilman Jaques out of order.

Councilman Jaques appealed from that decision of the Chair.

The President pro tem. put the question, "Shall the decision of the Chair stand as the judgment of the Board?"

Which was decided in the affirmative.

The President pro tem. then stated the question before the house to be on the previous appeal of Councilman Jaques from the decision of the Chair, that a motion to lay on the table, pending the previous question, was out of order.

Whereupon,

The President pro tem. put the question, "Shall the decision of the Chair stand as the judgment of the Board?"

Which was decided in the affirmative.

Councilman Jaques moved that the Board do now adjourn.

Which was lost.

The President pro tem. then stated the question to be on the motion of Councilman Keenan for the previous question.

Whereupon,

The President pro tem. put the question, "Shall the main question now be put?"

Which was decided in the affirmative.

The President pro tem. then stated the question to be on concurring with the Board of Aldermen in adopting said resolution.

Pending the call of the roll,

Councilman Jaques asked to be excused from voting.

The roll having been called,

The President pro tem. put the question: "Shall Councilman Jaques be excused from voting?"

Councilman Jaques rising to speak on the question,

The President pro tem. decided all debate at this time out of order.

Councilman Jaques appealed from the decision of the Chair.

The President pro tem. put the question: "Shall the decision of the Chair stand as the judgment of the Board?"

Which was decided in the affirmative.

The President pro. tem. then again put the question, "Shall Councilman Jaques be excused from voting?"

Which was decided in the negative.

Councilman Jaques then voted.

The President pro tem. then announced that the original resolution had been concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen Keenan, Riley, Brophy, Hagerty, Hayes, Webster, Ryan, Gross, Repper, Koster, Houghtalin, Haviland, McGrath, Shaefer, Cook, Brandon, Brice, Russell, Fitzgerald, Joyce—20.

Negative—Councilman Opdyke—1.

Councilman Schaefer called up General Order four hundred and fifty-four and a half, being resolutions; first, that the salaries of the Janitors of the several districts of the Soldiers' Relief Fund be and are hereby raised to seven hundred and fifty dollars per year; and second, that the payment thereof commence likewise with the payment of other officers of said Soldiers' Relief Fund, as expressed in ordinance concurred in by this Board, September twenty-six, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four.

Councilman Keenan moved that said resolution be referred to the Committee on Salaries and Offices.

Which was carried.

Councilman Fitzgerald called up General Order number Four Hundred and Sixty-one, being a report of Committee on Roads, in favor of adopting resolution that the curb and gutter stones be set and the sidewalks flagged a space four feet wide, through the middle of the same, in One Hundred and Twenty-seventh-street, between Fifth and Seventh avenues, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that the accompany ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen Keenan, Riley, Brophy, Hagerty, Hayes, Webster, Ryan, Gross, Repper, Koster, Houghtalin, Haviland, McGrath, Opdyke, Jaques, Schaefer, Cook, Brandon, Brice, Russell, Fitzgerald, Joyce—22.

Councilman Riley called up General Order number four hundred and seventy-eight, being a resolution of Board of Aldermen, that the actual opening of One Hundred and Ninth-street, from Third-avenue to Harlem River, as confirmed by the Supreme Court, November twenty-one, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three; also, Avenue A, from Fifty-fourth-street to Fifty-ninth-street, as confirmed by the Supreme Court, March two, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four; also, Fifth-avenue, from One Hundred and Thirty-fifth-street to Harlem River, as confirmed by the Supreme Court, April twenty-one, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four; also, One Hundredth-street, from Eighth-avenue to Broadway, as confirmed by the Supreme Court, June eighteen, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four; also, One Hundred and Thirty-fifth street, from Eighth-avenue to Fourth-avenue, as confirmed by the Supreme Court, June eighteen, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four, take place forthwith.

Councilman Opdyke moved that said resolution be referred to Committee on Street Openings.

Which was carried.

Councilman Ryan called up General Order number four hundred and forty-one, being a report of Committee on Sewers, in favor of concurring with Board of Aldermen in adopting resolution, that a sewer with the necessary receiving-basins and culverts be built in One Hundred and Twenty-fifth-street, from the Seventh-avenue, to connect with sewer in Fifth-avenue, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Department, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen Keenan, Riley, Brophy, Hagerty, Hayes, Webster, Ryan, Gross, Repper, Koster, Haughtalin, Haviland, McGrath, Opdyke, Jaques, Schaefer, Cook, Brandon, Brice, Russell, Fitzgerald, Joyce—22.

Councilman McGrath called up General Order number four hundred and seventeen, being a resolution that the curb and gutter-stones be set and reset, where necessary, and the sidewalks flagged where not already done, on the east side of First-avenue, between Twenty-third and Twenty-fourth streets; also, on the north side of Twenty-third-street, between First-avenue and Avenue A; also, on the west side of Avenue A, between Twenty-third and Twenty-fourth streets; and also on the south side of Twenty-fourth-street, between First-avenue and Avenue A; the work to be done under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and the accompanying ordinance therefor adopted.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen Keenan, Riley, Brophy, Hagerty, Hayes, Webster, Ryan, Gross, Repper, Koster, Houghtalin, Haviland, McGrath, Opdyke, Jaques, Schaefer, Cook, Brandon, Brice, Russell, Fitzgerald, Joyce—22.

Councilman Brandon called up General Order number four hundred and seventy-six, being a report of Committee on Finance of Board of Aldermen, with resolution, that the Comptroller be directed to draw a warrant in favor of the President of the College of St. Francis Xavier, for the sum of five thousand dollars, as a donation in aid of the funds of the college, the amount to be charged by the Comptroller to the account of Donations.

Councilman Keenan moved that said report be referred to the Committee on Donations and Charities.

Which was carried.

Councilman Brophy called up General Order number three hundred and eighty-five, being a petition of Board of Commissioners of Appeals New-York Fire Department, to have David Theal paid for services to said Commission, with resolution that the Comptroller be directed to draw his warrant in favor of David Theal for the sum of three hundred dollars, being for services rendered as Acting-Messenger to the Appeal Commissioners of the New-York Fire Department, and charge to any unexpended appropriation.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen Keenan, Riley, Brophy, Hayes, Webster, Ryan, Gross, Repper, Koster, Houghtalin, Haviland, McGrath, Schaefer, Cook, Brandon, Brice, Russell, Fitzgerald Joyce—19.

Negative—Councilmen Hagerty, Jaques—2.

Councilman Joyce called up General Order number three hundred and twelve, being a report of Committee on Roads, in favor of adopting resolution that the Street Commissioner be directed to flag Ninth-avenue, between Forty-fourth and Forty-fifth streets, on the west side.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen Keenan, Riley, Brophy, Hagerty, Hayes, Webster, Ryan, Gross, Repper, Koster, Houghtalin, Haviland, McGrath, Opdyke, Jaques, Schaefer, Cook, Brandon, Brice, Russell, Fitzgerald, Joyce—22.

Councilman Haviland called up General Order number four hundred and twenty-nine, being a report of Committee on Wharves, Piers and Slips, in favor of adopting resolution that the bulkhead on the line of West-street, between Hammond and Hoboken streets, where not already ordered, be raised to correspond with the new grade of said street, the work to be done under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and by contract.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen Keenan, Riley, Brophy, Hagerty, Hayes, Webster, Ryan, Gross, Repper, Koster, Houghtalin, Haviland, McGrath, Opdyke, Jaques, Schaefer, Cook, Brandon, Brice, Russell, Fitzgerald, Joyce—22.

MOTIONS AGAIN RESUMED.

Councilman Keenan moved that the Board do now adjourn.

Which was lost.

GENERAL ORDERS RESUMED.

Councilmen Russell called up General Order number three hundred and forty-three, being a report of Committee on Fire Department, in favor of adopting resolution, that the Street Commissioner be directed to advertise for proposals for the erection of a house for the use of Engine Company number Thirty-seven, on the lot of ground now occupied by said company, the house to be similar to the house of Engine Company number Twenty-nine.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen Keenan, Riley, Brophy, Hagerty, Hayes, Webster, Ryan, Gross, Repper, Koster, Houghtalin, Haviland, McGrath, Schaefer, Cook, Brandon, Brice, Russell, Fitzgerald, Joyce—20.

Negative—Councilmen Opdyke, Jaques—2.

Councilmen Fitzgerald called up General Order No. 411 being a report of Committee on Finance of Board of Aldermen, with resolution, that the Comptroller be directed to draw his warrant in favor of J. W. Hartt, on behalf of the Trustees of the Washington Heights Presbyterian Church, for the sum of thirty-five dollars and eighty cents, and interest to date, as a donation to the said church, in order to enable the said Trustees to pay the taxes for one thousand eight hundred and fifty-six and one thousand eight hundred and fifty-seven, on their property, Ward number twenty-nine, block or farm number four, line numbers four-thousand nine hundred and seven and one thousand nine hundred and ninety-six, on map of the Twelfth Ward, the said amount to be charged by the Comptroller to the account of Donations.

Councilman Jaques moved that said resolution be referred to Committee on Donations and Charities, with instructions to report at the next meeting.

Which was lost.

Councilman Jaques then moved that the resolution be referred to the Committee on Donations and Charities.

Which was lost.

The resolution was then concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen Keenan, Riley, Brophy, Ryan, Gross, Repper, Koster, Houghtalin, Haviland, McGrath, Schaefer, Cook, Brandon, Brice, Russell, Fitzgerald, Joyce—17.

Negative—Councilmen Hagerty, Hayes, Opdyke, Jaques—4.

MOTIONS AGAIN RESUMED.

Councilman Keenan moved that the Board do now adjourn.

Which was carried.

Whereupon the President declared that the Board stood adjourned to Thursday, thirteenth instant, at two o'clock, P. M.

JAMES M. SWEENY, Clerk.

Movements of European Steamers.

FROM AMERICA.

Saxonia	Oct. 15	New-York	Southampton
Etna	Oct. 15	New York	Liverpool
Atlanta	Oct. 15	New York	Liverpool
China	Oct. 19	New-York	Liverpool
Hansa	Oct. 22	New-York	Southampton
Edinburg	Oct. 22	New-York	Liverpool
Erin	Oct. 22	New-York	Liverpool
Iowa	Oct. 22	New-York	Liverpool
Olympus	Oct. 26	New-York	Liverpool
Europa	Oct. 26	Boston	Liverpool
City of Wash'ton	Oct. 29	New-York	Liverpool
Cela	Oct. 29	New-York	Liverpool
Scotia	Nov. 2	New-York	Liverpool
Louisiana	Nov. 5	New-York	Liverpool
Canada	Nov. 9	Boston	Liverpool
Sidon	Nov. 9	New-York	Liverpool
Lafayette	Nov. 9	New-York	Liverpool
Persia	Nov. 16	New-York	Liverpool
Washington	Dec. 7	New-York	Havre

FROM EUROPE.

Kedar	Sept. 26	Liverpool	New-York
Europa	Oct. 1	Liverpool	Boston
Kangaroo	Oct. 1	Liverpool	New-York
Hecla	Oct. 4	Liverpool	New-York
City of Washing'n	Oct. 5	Liverpool	New-York
Scotia	Oct. 8	Liverpool	New-York
Louisiana	Oct. 11	Liverpool	New-York
America	Oct. 12	Southampton	New-York
Canada	Oct. 15	Liverpool	Boston
Persia	Oct. 22	Liverpool	New York
Pennsylvania	Oct. 25	Liverpool	New York
Africa	Oct. 29	Liverpool	Boston

For New-Orleans, Havana, &c.

Evening Star	Oct. 15	New-York	New-Orleans
Yazoo	Oct. 15	New-York	New-Orleans
Eagle	Oct. 19	New-York	Havana
Ariel	Oct. 19	New-York	New-Orleans
Creole	Oct. 22	New-York	Matamoras
Guiding Star	Oct. 23	New-York	New-Orleans

For the Pacific Coast.

Ocean Queen	Oct. 21	New-York	Aspinwall
Golden Rule	Oct. 22	New-York	Nicaragua
North Star	Nov. 3	New-York	Aspinwall

European Mails.

The mails for Great Britain and the Continent, by the *Saxonia* via Southampton, will close at 10:30 A. M.

The mails for Ireland by the *Etna* will close at 10:30 A. M. on Saturday.

For Havana, New-Orleans.

The mails for New-Orleans, by the *Guiding Star*, will close on Saturday at 1:40 P.M.

Departure of Domestic Mails.

East Mails close at	5 A. M., 1:30 and 6:15 P. M.
Erie Mail	5 A. M. and 4:45 P. M.
Erie Mail, Way	5 A. M. and 3 P. M.
Long Island	5 A. M. and 2:15 P. M.
Newport and Fall River	4:00 P. M.
New-York Central Railroad	4 P. M.
North Mails	5 A. M. and 4:15 P. M.
North Mail, Way	5:00 A. M. and 3 P. M.
South Mail at	5 A. M., 4:30, 6 and 10:30 P. M.

MILLINERY.

A LARGE AND ELEGANT ASSORTMENT OF FALL AND WINTER MILLINERY, consisting of silk, satin, velvet, royal velvet, in every shade and color, of the finest fabric and newest shades; also a large assortment of beaver and velvet jockey hats, at SIMMON'S, No. 637 Broadway.

STEADY STEAM POWER, NEAR BROADWAY, on Canal-st., opposite Earle's Hotel; one store and basement, through to Walker-st.; a second floor, newly ceiled and painted. Apply between the hours of 10 and 11 to P. I. INSLEY,
Engineer's Office, No. 102 Walker-st.

DRY GOODS.

SHAKER FLANNEL,
SHIRTS AND DRAWERS,
EXTRA HEAVY.
ROBES DE CHAMBRE,
A LARGE ASSORTMENT.
DEVLIN & CO.,
BROADWAY, NEW-YORK.

CURTAIN MATERIALS.
FURNITURE COVERINGS.
REDUCED PRICES.
B. L. SOLOMON & SONS,
369 BROADWAY,

Are now offering their SPLENDID STOCK of Goods at GREATLY REDUCED PRICES, and invite parties furnishing Houses to an examination of the same.

A LARGE STOCK OF
TABLE AND PIANO COVERS
AT VERY LOW PRICES.

CAREY'S GRAND OPENING OF CLOAKS on MONDAY, October 17, in Basques, Circulars, Jackets and Sacques, in Lyons Velvet, Esquimaux Beavers, Chinchilla Angora Velours, Castor Beavers, and all the most choice novelties of the Parisian and London markets, for Fall and Winter of 1864.
GEO. CAREY,
Nos. 304 and 306 Canal-st.

CAREY INVITES ALL LADIES TO HIS opening, where they will be shown the articles without being pressed to purchase.
Nos. 304 and 306 Canal-st.

CAREY'S OPENING THIS SEASON FAR exceeds any of his former ones.
Nos. 304 and 306 Canal-st.

CAREY HAS ONLY MADE UP THIS SEASON the best quality of Lyons Velvet.
Nos. 304 and 306 Canal-st.

CAREY WILL NOT HAVE A SECOND quality of any material.
Nos. 304 and 306 Canal-st.

CAREY EXPECTS A LARGE ATTENDance of ladies at his opening on the 17th instant.
Nos. 304 and 306 Canal-st.

CAREY'S BASQUINES ARE SUPERIOR to any in this country.
Nos. 304 and 306 Canal-st.

CAREY HAD MR. W. B. McKENZIE AS his buyer in the Paris and London markets this season.
Nos. 304 and 306 Canal-st.

CAREY IS SELLING HIS CLOAKS, Basques and Circulars below the gold value.
Nos. 304 and 306 Canal-st.

CAREY INVITES STRANGERS VISITing the City to his store, as only one price is asked, and all goods purchased from him are what they are represented.
Nos. 304 and 306 Canal-st.

CAREY'S CLOAKS, BASQUES, CIRCUlars and Jackets, in velvet and cloth, made to order at three days' notice.
Nos. 304 and 306 Canal-st.

CAREY.—PLEASE REMEMBER THE OPENING day, MONDAY, Oct. 17, 1864.
GEORGE CAREY,
United States Cloak and Mantilla Store,
Nos. 304 and 306 Canal-st.

HOUSEKEEPING DRY GOODS
AT
REDUCED PRICES.

LINEN SHEETING,	COTTON SHEETING,
PILLOW LINENS,	PILLOW MUSLINS,
SHIRTING LINENS,	SHIRTING MUSLINS,
TABLE LINENS,	PERCALES,
TABLE-CLOTHS,	MADAPOLANS,
NAPKINS,	INDIA TWILL,
TOWELS,	WHITE GOODS,
TOWELINGS,	QUILTS,

of the best Barnsley, Scotch, Irish, French, German and Domestic manufacture.

BLANKETS.

Foreign and Domestic, of every quality and all sizes, for Cradles, Cribs and Beds.

FLANNELS.

Welsh, Patent Unshrinkable, Saxony-Swanskin, Gauze and Shaker, from ¾ to 2½ yards wide. Also, a fine assortment of Canton Flannels, both English and American manufacture, at low prices.

UPHOLSTERY GOODS,

consisting of the newest styles of Plain, Figured and Striped Reps, for Furniture, Covering and Curtains,

RIDAUX REPS,	SATIN DAMASKS,
WOOL TERRYS,	BROCATELLES,
PLUSHES,	PLAIN SATINS,
PRINTED LASTINGS,	SILK TERRYS,
PIANO COVERS,	COTTELINES,
TABLE COVERS,	LACE CURTAINS,
CURTAIN BORDERINGS,	TASSELS and CORD,
CHINTZES,	LOOPS.

Curtains made and put up on the shortest notice and in the best manner. Also,

SHADES,

of all kinds, for stores or private houses, hung promptly. Shade Materials, Shade Fixtures, &c., &c., in great variety.

The undersigned are prepared to show the best assortment of the above-mentioned Goods in the City, and are offering them to their Retail Trade at greatly-reduced rates.

PATON & CO.,
No. 341 Broadway.

CARPETS
AND FURNITURE
AS CHEAP AS EVER.
I have this day opened our large Salesrooms,
the largest in the City,
And will sell off our stock
AT 33 PER CENT. LESS THAN
last month's prices.
HENRY O'FARRELL,
Nos. 267, 269 and 271 35th-st., corner of 8th-av.

AT DE PERCEVAL'S, NO. 657 BROADWAY—All kinds of Children's Cloaks and Suits, Dresses, Blankets, Basques, Corsets, Chemises, Infant's Waists, Aprons, Bibs, Baskets, &c.

Ladies' Embroidered Chemises, Nightgowns, Yokes, Ladies' ready-made Under Garments, Fluted Hkfs.

Initials and Coats of Arms embroidered on Handkerchiefs, Table Linen and Bed Clothes.

Braiding, Cotton and Silk Embroideries made to order. Stamping for Embroideries executed perfectly.

SPOTTED GLOVES RESTORED—EVERY description of Dry Goods refolded and done up. Tickets for all kinds of goods, in quantities to suit the trade and manufacturers, at SALISBURY'S DRY GOODS BALING ESTABLISHMENT, No. 159 Duane-st.

GUM TICKETS—AND TICKETS AND TRIMmings for all kinds of drygoods, at SALISBURY'S Drygoods Refinishing and Packing establishment, No. 159 Duane-st.

MISCELLANEOUS.

REYNOLDS' TURBINE
WATER WHEELS
TALCOTT & UNDERHILL, No. 170 Broadway, N. Y.

WATER POWER WANTED.

Parties having water power for sale or to rent will please furnish description of same to TALCOTT & UNDERHILL, No. 170 Broadway.

THE BEST AND CHEAPEST INK.

AMERICAN UNION INK, jet black ink, flows freely and does not corrode. Sold at No. 5 Ludlow-st., and at the stationers generally.
JESSE G. KEYS.

MARBLE MANTELS.

The best place in the City to purchase cheap and well finished mantels is at
MARTIN OLSEN'S
MANTEL MANUFACTORY,
No. 326 Navy-st., and No. 66 Flatbush-av., Brooklyn Long Island, N. Y.

BEAUTIFUL CLEAN LINEN.—W. G. NIXEY'S Crystalized Extract of Fuller's Earth is the cheapest and best article for washing and beautifying linen, woolen, lace, lawn, muslin, &c.; possesses unequaled efficacy in removing grease, stains, and the smoke-like color of linen produced from bad washing, the excessive use of soda, lime, and other preparations of caustic alkali, and requires only to be tried to be appreciated.

May be obtained through any respectable tradesman. Sample packets, with full directions for use, price 1d. and 6d. No. 12 Soho-square, London.

TO THE MERCHANTS OF NEW-YORK, who have stocks or parts of stocks of dry goods, boots and shoes, crockery or any kind of merchandise to dispose of at auction, will find in GILBERT & SAMPSON, of Chicago, facilities which are not excelled by any auction house west of New-York City. Their location is the best, and their rooms the most spacious and best adapted to auction sales of any to be found. They have had long experience in their business, and are thoroughly acquainted with all kinds of goods. The best of New-York references given.

MARBLE MANTELS.—THE BEST PLACE IN the city to purchase cheap and well finished Mantels is at A. KLABER'S Mantel Manufactory, No. 109 East 18th-st., near 3d av., New-York. Cut this out.

SHOW CASES AT LOW PRICES.—SILVER-plated, white metal, black walnut, &c. All kinds in stock. Old show cases taken in exchange.
HOFFMAN & FERSH, No. 132 Chatham-

KENNEDY'S EXTRA FINE CAMBRIDGE-PORT CRACKERS, in barrels, half-barrels and boxes, for sale at No. 10 Cortlandt-st., and at all first-class grocers. Something new. Tin-cans, assorted.

STOVES TO BE SOLD CHEAP.—THREE first-class parlor or sitting-room stoves, but very little used. May be seen at BARTLETT'S Sewing-Machine and Needle Depot, No. 442 Broadway.

FOR SALE CHEAP—ABOUT 800 FEET OF locust timber; also white oak and cedar and chestnut timber, about 400 locust posts, 6 feet 6 inches to 12 feet long. Inquire of JAMES BAILEY, at Newtown, L. I.

WANTED—SEVERAL LIVING ELK AND moose, for which a liberal price will be paid. Address J. G. BELL, No. 339 Broadway.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

WANTED—SITUATIONS FOR EXPERIENCED cooks and laundresses, English and Protestant nurses, waitresses and general houseworkers, accustomed to service in gentlemen's families, and highly recommended by their late employers, at MANNING'S "Select" Agency, No. 15 Court-st., (Hamilton Building) Brooklyn. Established under the most distinguished patronage.

WANTED—A SITUATION, AS SEAMSTRESS, by an American Protestant; does all kinds of family sewing; can operate on machines; would take care of grown children; assist with chamberwork if required; no objection to the country; city reference given. Can be seen at No. 91 East 16th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS WET NURSE, BY a young woman who has lost her husband and child; can bring the best reference from one of the first physicians in the city, and also from ladies whom she has served. Can be seen for three days, from 10 to 3, at her present employer's, No. 92 West 21st-st.

WANTED—BY A LADY, A SITUATION AS housekeeper or to take charge of children; no objection to the country; good reference given. Can be seen or communicated with at No. 11 Essex-st., Jersey City.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young widow woman, having the best of reference, either as nurse and seamstress or to do chamberwork and plain sewing. Can be seen at her present situation, No. 62 West 37th-st., between 5th and 6th avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A WOMAN AS first-class cook; understands all kinds of cooking in a first-class family, or a first-class private boarding-house; good City references if required. Can be seen, until suited, at No. 57 West 31st-st., second door of 6th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A YOUNG WOman as nurse, and to do plain sewing, or would do chamberwork and see to young children; good reference can be given. Call at No. 202 7th-av., between 23d and 24th sts.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE MIDDLE-aged person a situation as infant's nurse, or would take the charge of two grown children; wages not so much an object as a comfortable home; has good recommendations. Can be seen at No. 39 West 18th-st.

WANTED—BY AN AMERICAN LADY OF great experience, a situation as housekeeper in a private family; is competent to take the entire charge of a gentleman's residence; the best of references given. Address W. W. W., Box No. 171 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE Protestant young woman as nurse and seamstress, or chambermaid and seamstress; excellent City reference. Inquire at No. 117 West 26th-st., between 7th and 8th avs.

WANTED—BY A SCOTCH GIRL, A SITUATION as cook, or would do general housework in a small, private family; good references. Apply at No. 267 1st-av., in the bakery.

WANTED—BY AN AMERICAN LADY, OF PIETY and refinement, and good social position, a situation as housekeeper; is most excellent in her management of children; best of references given. Address, for three days, Mrs. M. C., Box No. 180 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A WELL RECOMmended young woman, as chambermaid and seamstress, or as waitress; is a neat sewer and an excellent waitress; willing to be generally useful. Call at No. 378 6th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG GIRL as waitress, or as chambermaid and to assist with the washing, and is fully competent; has the best of city reference from her last place. Can be seen for two days at No. 116 East 32d-st., between 4th and Lexington avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG WOman as laundress or chambermaid in a private family; thoroughly understands her business in both capacities; the best of city reference. Can be seen at No. 23 University-place.

WANTED—BY A COMPETENT, TIDY GIRL, with excellent City reference, a situation as waitress and chambermaid, or as nurse, and wait on a lady who boards; wages, $8; City or country. Call at No. 192 East 21st-st.

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY TWO GERMAN girls, separate or together; one as cook and laundress, the other as chambermaid and waitress; would assist in laundry work; both are well recommended. Call at No. 378 6th-av., first floor.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A RESPECTAble and well-recommended Protestant woman, in City or country, as cook and laundress, or for general work; understands the business well. Call at No. 378 6th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A WILLING, CAPable girl, to do cooking or general housework; is an excellent washer and ironer, and an economical, respectful and neat servant; highly recommended. Call at No. 121 Atlantic-st., Brooklyn; city or country.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A MOST RESPECTable woman to cook, wash and iron in a private family; understands her business in all its branches, and has a good city reference from her last place. Can be seen for two days at No. 136 West 20th-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG woman, a situation as first-class waitress and chambermaid; the best of city reference of ten years from her last place. Can be seen for two days at No. 137 West 20th-st., between 7th and 8th avs.

WANTED—BY A GOOD AND EXPERIENCED cook, a situation in a private family; has the very best of city reference. Can be seen at No. 36 West 16th-st., between 5th and 6th avs.

WANTED—A YOUNG WOMAN, ACCUSTOMED to travel, wishes a situation to travel with a family; no objection to go to Europe; good reference given. Call, for two days, at No. 259 Hudson-st.

WANTED—BY A FIRST-CLASS WAITRESS, with excellent city reference, a situation in a boarding-house or hotel; take the entire charge, or as regular housemaid; wages, $8. Call at No. 192 East 21st-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A RESPECTAble young girl, to cook and assist in the washing and ironing; best of City reference given from her last place. Inquire at No. 111 West 17th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS WAITRESS, OR chambermaid and waitress, by a respectable girl; good city references. Call at her present employer's, No. 4 West 29th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY AN AMERICAN woman of some experience, as infant's nurse; is a good seamstress; the best of City reference. Apply at No. 277 West 12th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS CHAMBERMAID and waitress, by a young woman well recommended; no objection to the country. Apply at No. 7 West 11th-st., near Broadway, from 10 to 3 o'clock.

WANTED—BY AN EXPERIENCED COOK, A situation in a private family; has the best of City reference; can be seen until engaged at No. 64 West 18th-st., between 6th and 7th avs., a few doors from 6th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS CHAMBERMAID and waitress, or to take care of children; best of City reference given from her last place. Apply at No. 407 6th-av., between 24th and 25th sts.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG woman, a Protestant, a situation as general house servant in a small private family. Can be seen for two days at No 85 6th-st., near 1st-av., third floor.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A RESPECTable woman, in a small private family; is a good plain cook; is willing to assist with the washing and ironing. Call at No. 141 East 29th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PROTESTANT woman, who is an excellent cook, first-rate washer and ironer, and highly recommended. Apply at No. 7 11th-st., near Broadway, from 10 to 3 o'clock.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A NEAT AND competent person as good cook and laundress, or would do housework in a small family; a good baker. Can be seen at No. 64 West 41st-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG WOman, a situation as lady's maid and seamstress; understands hair dressing thoroughly; would like to travel; has the best city reference. Call at No. 136 East 25th-st.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT YOUNG WOman, a situation as chambermaid and waitress, or as regular waitress; good City reference can be given; no objection to the country. Call at No. 85 East 22d-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS HOUSEKEEPER, by a respectable American woman. City reference can be given. Apply between 10 and 2 o'clock at No. 155 5th-av., in the basement, for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A VERY COMpetent woman, in a private family, as laundress; can do all kinds of fine washing and fluting; has good City reference. Call at No. 182 West 27th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A YOUNG WOman, as chambermaid and seamstress, or chambermaid and waitress; good reference given. Call, for two days, at No. 259 Hudson-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE GIRL, A SITuation as chambermaid and waitress, or waiting and to assist with the washing and ironing; good city reference. Can be seen at No. 304 West 19th-st.

WANTED—BY AN AMERICAN PROTESTANT girl, a situation as nurse; is willing to make herself generally useful; has a good education. Call at No. 127 or No. 237 East 24th-st.

WANTED—BY A LAUNDRESS, WORK AT HER own house; is a first-rate washer and ironer and fluter. Call at No. 202 7th-av., top floor, back room.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE ENGLISH woman, a situation as cook; good reference. Can be seen at No. 21 West 13th-st., near 5th-av.

FOR THE COUNTRY.—A PROTESTANT woman desires a situation to wait on an invalid lady; can read fluently, write legibly; would travel with a family as infant's nurse; understands her business thoroughly; is a good family seamstress; can cut and fit children's clothes. Address S. ENGLISH, Station E, New-York Post-office, for two days, where interviews may be had.

AT MRS. WHITFIELD'S, NO. 397 4TH-av., between 28th and 29th sts.—Families, boarding-houses, hotels, in City or country, supplied with Protestant and Catholic first-class cooks, cooks to wash and iron, and servants for all kinds of housework; also, coachmen and usefulmen.

CALIFORNIA.—WANTED, BY A PROTESTant girl, well recommended, a situation as nurse or lady's maid, to go to California. Apply at No. 623 6th-av.

MALES.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT ENGLISHman, (single) a situation as coachman and groom; is an experienced driver, and understands the care and management of horses, and will be found a neat and competent man; can give the best of references. Address, E. N., Box No. 205 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION, AS WAITER, IN A private family, by a young man; has the best of City reference. Apply for two days at No. 89 6th-av.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

MALES.

EMPLOYMENT WANTED—BY A MIDDLE-aged man, who is active, lively and smart, in any capacity where his services would be required; he is a good accountant and correct at figures; in any light employment he would be of service to his employer; best of City references given. N. B. Perfectly trustworthy. Any note addressed to A. M., Box No. 262 *Times* Office, until Monday noon, will receive attention.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A FARMER AND general manager, a practical man, who is thoroughly experienced in the cultivation and reclamation of waste land, the growing of all kinds of crops; also, the baying, selling and management of cattle, &c.; married and without children. His wife is a first-class housekeeper, and his testimonials will bear the strictest investigation. Address T. C., Box No. 274 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN AND groom, by an Englishman, in the City; understands his business in every respect, and is willing to make himself generally useful; moderate wages will be taken in a good situation; can give the best of City reference. Address B. B., Mr. Post's harness-store, 1,170 Broadway.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A YOUNG MAN 21 years of age, from the country, in a wholesale grocery or provision house; writes a good hand, and is not afraid of work; a small compensation expected; good reference given. Address F. GORDON, No. 40 Downing-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN BY a single steady man who thoroughly understands his business; is willing and obliging; best city and country references given. Address for two days, J. K., Box No. 207 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A SINGLE MAN as coachman and groom; the best of City and country references can be had. Call or address for two days at A. H. Dunscomb's saddle and harness store, No. 568 Broadway, corner of Prince-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION, AS GARDENER AND florist, on a gentleman's place, by a single man, thoroughly conversant with all branches of his profession. Address, M. O. C., at Timothy Ryan's, nurseryman and seedsman, &c., Main-st., Yonkers, N. Y.

WANTED—BY A HIGHLY RESPECTABLE, sober and steady man, with unexceptionable references, a situation as waiter in a family; no objection to the country, or to travel with a family. Call at No. 64 West 18th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GARDENER BY a single man; competent to attend to greenhouse, grapery, fruits, flowers and vegetables; ten years' reference from this City. Address J. H. B., Box No. 199 *Times* Office.

WANTED—EMPLOYMENT, BY A SOBER, steady man, as coachman and gardener; understands his business in every way; has the best of City reference. Apply at J. W. Wilson's livery stable, 14th-st., near 6th av., for J. G.

WANTED—BY A SINGLE MAN, A SITUATION as gardener or farmer; understands all work about a gentleman's place; has City reference. Address P. B., Box No. 198 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG MAN, as book-keeper or clerk; best of reference given as to honesty and ability; salary no object. Address for three days BOOK-KEEPER, Box No. 161 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION, IN CITY OR COUNtry, by a respectable young man (colored) as coachman and groom; he will make himself generally useful and give good reference. Address L. M., Box No. 297 *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY A YOUTH AGED 18, WRITING A good hand and quick at figures, a situation in a store where he can make himself generally useful. Address F. P., in care of Timothy Ryan, seedsman, Yonkers, N. Y.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS WAITER BY A single man of long experience; has the best of city references. Any commands left at No. 900 Broadway, for S. T., will be attended to for two days.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT MAN, A SITUation as coachman, in the country; fully understands his business. Good reference. Address P. M., Box No. 202 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN BY a Protestant man; can give the best of City reference. Address a note to Appleton Meade for C. B., No. 840 Broadway, corner 13th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN AND gardener by a single young man, who thoroughly understands his business in all its branches; references most satisfactory. Address M. C., Box No. 216 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A MAN, AS coachman and groom, and to make himself useful, for the City or country. Call at RAYMOND'S, No. 61 Bleecker-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS WAITER IN A private family, by a respectable young man, who perfectly understands his business. Best of City reference. Address M. R., Box No. 207 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN BY a respectable Protestant young man, who thoroughly understands his business; has the best of city reference. Call for two days at No. 215 West 15th-st.

HELP WANTED.

WANTED—A BOY CAPABLE OF TAKING CARE of a horse, and who would make himself generally useful, in a small family living a short distance in the country. Apply at No. 158 Pearl-st., Room No. 12. Reference required.

WANTED—A FIRST-CLASS WAITER, ENGLISH or Scotch, thoroughly familiar with the duties of a butler, and bringing the highest recommendations. Apply at the Engineer's office, No. 102 Walker-st., this morning, between 10 and 11.

WANTED—A RESPECTABLE WOMAN AS housemaid and seamstress; Scotch preferred; the best City references required. Apply, for three days, at No. 63 West 9th-st., between 9 and 11, or 5 and 7 o'clock.

WANTED—FIRST-CLASS DRY GOODS SALESmen for cloak and shawl departments. Apply to PEYTON & JOHNSTON, No. 274 Bowery.

WANTED—A BOOK-KEEPER; ONE WHO IS competent to keep books by double entry. Apply to Montana Mill Company, Cornwall, New-York.

FOR SALE.

PETROLEUM STOCKS AND LANDS,
No. 71 Broadway, Room No. 29.
For Sale
Monthly Dividend Stocks.
Manhattan Oil Company.
Bergen Oil Company.
Noble Oil Company, and others.]
ALSO,
Desirable lands on Oil Creek, Cherry Run, Pithole Creek and Alleghany River, Pa.
WAGSTAFF & GOETCHUIS.

FARM AT AUCTION TO CLOSE AN ESTATE.—The undersigned will sell at public auction, on the premises, on the 26th day of October, 1864, at 12 M., all that certain farm known as the homestead of Thomas S. Adriance, deceased, situate at Hopewell, in the Town of East Fishkill, Dutchess County, within one mile of the Hopewell Church, and in the immediate vicinity of school, blacksmith shop, &c. The depot of the Boston and Erie Railroad is to be located within one mile of said farm. Said farm contains 270 acres of excellent land, well watered, and suitably divided into plow, meadow and woodland, and can be advantageously divided into two farms. On it there is a large two-story brick house, finished from cellar to garret in the very best manner, two tenant houses, a brick carriage-house, a large barn and suitable outbuildings. The farm is one of the most desirable ones in the county. Sale absolute, and terms easy.

At the same place, and on the same day, will be sold at auction, all the stock and farming utensils belonging to the estate of Thomas S. Adriance, deceased. For particulars see circulars. Dated Sept. 14, 1864.

JOHN A. CULVER, Special Guardian.
PETER ADRIANCE.
CATHARINE M. ADRIANCE.

DWELLING AND LARGE PLOT OF GROUND FOR SALE.—The four-story, high-stoop first-class dwelling and plot 100 feet square, located at the southeast corner of Atlantic and Powers sts., and running through to Pacific-st., Brooklyn. This is an unusual parcel of property offered for sale, and embraces within its limits a great variety of the choicest fruits, berries, plants, shades and flowers, affording an opportunity to a purchaser to have, on his own grounds, and in the heart of the city, the comforts and advantages of a country seat. The dwelling grounds, &c., are offered with immediate possession, and on easy terms for $30,000. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st., New-York, or WM. MORGAN, No. 50 South 7th-st., Brooklyn, E.D.

FOR SALE—ON 5TH-AV., TWO FIRST-CLASS brown-stone houses, with furniture.

ALSO,

desirable houses on 36th, 37th and 38th sts.

ALSO,

a row of 20 brown-stone houses, centrally located. Apply to MULLER, WILKINS & CO, No. 5½ Pine-st.

FARM FOR SALE.—A SMALL FARM OF about 30 acres, (more land if desired,) with good house, out-buildings, fruit, &c., &c., situated in the beautiful valley of the Passaic, and commanding one of the finest views of said river. It is in a perfectly healthy location, and within 1½ miles of two depots of the Morris & Essex Railroad, in New-Jersey, and twenty miles of New-York: schools, churches, &c., at convenient distances. For particulars, apply to J. BONNEL, No. 36 Beekman-st., on Wednesdays and Saturdays, from 10 to 3, and at other times at Summit, New-Jersey.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—FOR NEW-York City property, an elegant country place, situated on Bulls' Ferry Hill, opposite Stryker's Bay, 102d-st., contains 50 acres. There are many fine building sites, commanding an extensive view of New-York, Jersey City, Hoboken, &c., and are in the vicinity of the residences of many of our wealthiest merchants, bankers, &c.; 20 minutes' walk from the ferry. For terms, apply to WM. KENNELLY, No. 14 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—WITHIN TWO BLOCKS OF BROADway, suitable for manufactory, livery stable, or any other purpose requiring light and space, the property known as the Lying-in Asylum, Nos. 83 and 85 Marion-st., being 75 feet front and 85 feet deep. For diagram and permits to view the premises, apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

COTTAGES AND LOTS AT EAST NEW-YORK FOR SALE—One at $850, four rooms; one with two lots, $1,000; cottages and dwellings at $1,200, $1,500 and $1,800; also, ten elegant dwellings, with four to eight lots each, at $2,500, $3,000 and $4,000. CHAS. R. MILLER, Atlantic-st., East New-York.

FOR SALE—BY P. C. ANTHONY, 34½ PINE-ST.
Three-story brick house on West 39th-st., price $10,000.
Three-story brown-stone house, East 19th-st., price $14,000.
Four-story brown-stone house, East 35th-st., price $15,000.
Four-story brown-stone house, West 39th-st., price $30,000.
With possession Nov. 1, 1864. Terms to suit.

FOR SALE—VILLA SITE ON THE SEA SHORE, south side of Staten Island, about 4½ acres, beautifully located, 7½ miles from Vanderbilt Landing, and near Eltingville Railroad depot; view unsurpassed; boating, fishing, gunning, &c., at the door.
A. JOURNEAY, No. 8 Pine-st.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—THREE NEW BRICK HOUSES, three-stories basement and undercellar; high brownstone stoops; complete with furnace, range, baths, water-closets, marble wash-basins, &c. On 93d-st., west of 3d-av. Location one of the most pleasant on the island. Terms easy. GEO. W. BEALE, No. 39 Pine-st.

ORANGE, N. J.—VILLAS, VILLA SITES AND farms, a great variety, beautifully situated, one hour from New-York, for sale low. Also, country seats and houses to let for the season or year, by HENRY B. BLACKWELL, No. 59 William-st., New-York, 9 to 11 A. M.; No. 49 Main-st., Orange, 1 to 5 P. M.

$8.500.—FOR SALE—FARM 93 ACRES good land, in Jersey; elegant two-story attic and basement house, 28x40, 13 rooms; tenement house, barns, sheds, &c.; all the stock, crops and farming implements on said farm included.
WELLING & DRURY, No. 14 Chambers-st.

HOUSE, STABLE AND EIGHT LOTS OF ground for sale at Bloomingdale, with nice fruit and shade trees, beautifully situated in 86th-st., on the Hudson. Price moderate. Terms to suit purchaser. Apply to JAMES SOMERVILLE, No. 45 Centre-st., New-York City.

FOR SALE—IN WESTCHESTER COUNTY, 16 miles from city, a small, neat country-place—house, barn, stable, &c.—all in good order; possession immediately; very accessible.
COUDERT BROTHERS, No. 49 Wall-st.

FOR SALE—HOUSES SITUATE IN THE MOST desirable localities of New-York and Brooklyn; also, country seats, farms, manufactories and store property. Apply to WHARTON BROTHERS, No. 132 Broadway.

FOR SALE—A SUPERIOR FARM OF FIFTY acres, within an hour of this City, with good house and outbuildings, fine orcharding and abundance of small fruits. Very desirable and will be sold cheap.
PARSONS & WARD, No. 81 Cedar-st.

FOR SALE—IN BROOKLYN—THE THREE story brick house, No. 166 Washington-st., situated on high ground, convenient to the ferries; containing bath, stationary tubs, range, water-closets, &c., all in perfect order. For terms, &c., apply on the premises.

FOR SALE AT A BARGAIN—6 FIRST-CLASS brick houses, 3 stories and high basements, on 125th-st., ready for immediate occupancy; 12th-st. is 100 feet wide, sewered and lighted. S. EDDY, No. 8 Pine-st., or J. C. SAUNDERS, No. 13 Chambers-st.

SMALL FARM FOR SALE OR TO LEASE—Cottage-house, wagon-house, barn, well of water, with all kinds of fruits on, with eleven acres of good land; four miles from Williamsburgh ferry. Inquire of JAMES BAILEY, on the premises, Newton, L. I.

BROOKLYN PROPERTY FOR SALE.—One first-class house, on the corner of Elliott and Hansen-place—a splendid location, near Fulton av. Possession immediately. Apply to T. B. JACKSON, on the premises.

A SMALL COUNTRY PLACE WANTED—On Long Island shore (value about $1,500), within fifty miles of New-York; attractions, good gunning, fishing, &c. Address J. W. J., Box No. 172 *Times* Office.

FOR SALE—TWO BROWN-STONE HOUSES, four stories; ready for occupying; location splendid; Nos. 236 and 238 East 50th-st. Inquire of JOHN GLASS, owner, No. 830 2d-av.

FOR SALE—IN BROOKLYN, SOME DESIRAble property well rented; for investment this is an excellent opportunity. Address or apply to E. J. CONKLING, No. 201 State-st., Brooklyn.

A FIRST-CLASS FARM OF 136 ACRES for sale, located at Ohioville, Ulster County, 6 miles from New-Paltz Landing; also, a splendid farm of 95 acres, at Peekskill. W. H. MITCHELL, 77 Cedar-st.

FOR SALE—A FIRST-CLASS COUNTRY RESIdence in Llewellyn Park; house and stable of stone. Apply to T. B. MERRICK & SON, No. 70 William-st.

FOR SALE—A FURNISHED HOUSE, 20x50, West 46th-st., between 5th and 6th avs. Apply to COR. R. DISOSWAY, No. 5 Beekman-st., Room No 3. No commissions allowed.

TO LET.

TO LET—A PLEASANT FRONT CHAMBER, with bed-room adjoining, second story, handsomely furnished, to one or two single gentlemen, without board. The family small, without boarders or children. Inquire at No. 47 St. Mark's-place, 8th-st.

TO LET—A TWO-STORY BRICK COTTAGE ON 10th-av., second door from 69th-st.; marble mantles, gas, and all modern improvements suitable for a small genteel family; rent, $425 per year. Apply to ASHFIELD & CO., Room No. 12, No. 58 Liberty-st.

FURNISHED ROOM TO LET.—A GOOD sized and handsomely furnished room, on the third floor, at No. 53 11th-st., third door east of 5th-av. Meals can be obtained within one or two doors, if desired.

FURNISHED HOUSE TO LET—AT A MODerate rent; a first-class gentlemen's residence, fifteen minutes from the City; billiard-room, bowling-alley and horses and carriages if required. Apply to WM. KENNELLY, No. 14 Pine-st.

TO LET—FOR THE WINTER, UNFURNISHED or partly furnished, whole or part of a pleasant house in the country, within thirty miles of New-York. Rent reasonable. Address Box No. 3,041 New-York Post-office.

FURNISHED HOUSES TO RENT—ON 9th st., $550, complete; 12th, $250; 16th, $360; 23d, $600; 27th, $400, and several in the country at $100 per month.
B. H. TAYLOR, No. 8 Pine-st.

TO LET.—FURNISHED HOUSE TO LET NEAR Union-square, to a private family only; it is four stories, full size, in good order, and all furnished. Address Box No. 265 Post-office.

SEVERAL FURNISHED HOUSES TO LET at Yonkers. Apply to JAMES YOUMANS, Agent, Yonkers.

HOUSES & ROOMS WANTED

WANTED IMMEDIATELY—FOR A CASH customer, a well-built private residence, situate between 25th and 45th sts., (west side;) price from $10,000 to $20,000. Particulars to WHARTON BROTHERS, Real Estate Brokers, No. 132 Broadway.

N. B.—Furnished houses wanted.

WANTED TO RENT—IN A GOOD NEIGHBORhood, in New-York City, a house, furnished or unfurnished, or would purchase the furniture, entire or in part, and pay cash for the same. Address, stating particulars of location, size and rent of house, to Box No. 4,739 New-York Post-office.

WANTED—FOR SIX OR EIGHT MONTHS, A first-class completely furnished house, in thorough order and repair; will pay from $400 to $600 per month, payable quarterly, in advance, with unexceptionable reference. Address Room No. 118 St. Nicholas Hotel.

FURNISHED AND UNFURNISHED houses wanted in New-York, Brooklyn and Jersey City for first-class tenants. Parties desirous of renting will consult their interest by sending memorandum to A. JOURNEAY, No. 8 Pine-st.

WANTED—A MODERATE-SIZED HOUSE, BEtween West 13th and 40th sts., 5th and 8th avs.; furniture bought for cash, or without furniture; state particulars and rent. Address A. F., Box 3,063 Post-office.

MUSICAL HALL WANTED—FIRST-CLASS in every respect, to seat 800 persons; location on Broadway, above 10th-st.; rent moderate, and a permanent tenant. Address J. KEMP, Station D, Post-office.

BROOKLYN.—NO. 16, CLINTON ST., A SUITE of three rooms on second floor, convenient to ferries.

BOARDING AND LODGING.

WINTER BOARDERS.
FAIRFIELD HOUSE,
Fairfield, Conn.

Boarders for the winter taken on the most favorable terms. Accommodations first class.
P. D. CARRIQUE, Proprietor.

PLEASANT BOARD MAY BE OBTAINED by two or three single men, or by a gentleman and wife, without young children, in a quiet family, where there are no other boarders, at Roseville, Newark, N. J. None need apply unless they desire permanent board, and give satisfactory references as to habits and character. Address L. D. B., Box No. 309 Post-office, Newark, N. J.

TWO SPACIOUS FLOORS, FURNISHED or unfurnished, in a first-class house on Madison-av., can be had by a family of high standing wishing a private table and exclusive quiet home until Spring, or permanently. Address, with real name, B., Box No. 143 *Times* Office.

DESIRABLE COUNTRY BOARD, FOR families, can be had at the residence of the subscriber; comfortable rooms, liberal table, very healthy and pleasant location among the hills. Address H. E., Town of Esopus, Ulster County, N. Y. Daily communication with the City, by boat and rail.

BOARD—A YOUNG LADY OF RESPECTABILIty, would like to find board in a private family of some refinement, in which there are few or no boarders; the best of reference given and required. Please address, R. D. C., *Herald* Office.

A GENTLEMAN AND WIFE, OR TWO single gentlemen, can be accommodated with board in a private family, where comfort and a cheerful home may be enjoyed. Unexceptionable reference required. No. 157 West 38th-st.

BOARDING—A PRIVATE FAMILY CAN ACcommodate a gentleman and wife, or a few single young men with a pleasant room on second floor and good comfortable board. Apply at No. 284 Hudson-st., near Dominick-st.

BOARD.—A PRIVATE FAMILY WOULD LET TO a gentleman and wife a back parlor furnished, with board; dinner at 6; first-class house and neighborhood; terms $30 per week. Address G. HOUGHTON, Box No. 419 Post-office.

MUSIC.—A LADY TEACHER OF THE PIANO-forte desires to exchange instruction in the same for the comforts of a home. References required. Address F. Y. Z., Box No. 171 *Times* Office.

TWO RESPECTABLE MEN CAN FIND board and the comforts of a home, with or without meals, where no other boarders are kept. Call, for three days, at No. 216 Mulberry-st.

BOARD WANTED FOR A GENTLEMAN, wife and three children, south of 20th-st.; will pay $140 monthly, in advance. Call for three days at No. 79 West 13th-st.

A HANDSOMELY FURNISHED PARLOR and pleasant bed-room to let with board, in a private family where the comforts of a home may be had. Address F., Box No. 148 *Times* Office.

BOARD WANTED IN A PRIVATE FAMILY, or small boarding-house, for two gentlemen and a lady. Give full particulars and lowest terms. Address A. F. C., Box No. 2,649 New-York Post-office.

A PARLOR AND BEDROOM AND ONE single room, with full board, at No. 46 9th-st.

The New-York Times.

NEW-YORK, FRIDAY, OCT. 14, 1864.

Amusements this Evening.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC—LUCREZIA BORGIA.

BARNUM'S MUSEUM—NATURAL CURIOSITIES—PHENOMENA, &C. AFTERNOON: ELVORA; or, THE ROSE OF CASTILE. EVENING: RUTH OAKLEY.

WALLACK'S—THE COMPACT.

WINTER GARDEN—COMEDY OF ERRORS—TOODLES.

BROADWAY THEATRE—THE VICTIMS—THE PEOPLE'S LAWYER.

NIBLO'S—METAMORA.

OLYMPIC THEATRE—MARTIN CHUZZLEWIT.

HELLER'S—(No. 585 Broadway)—MAGIC.

HIPPOTHEATRON—EQUESTRIANISM, GYMNASTICS and ACROBATIC PERFORMANCES.

To Advertisers.

Advertisers in the TIMES are requested to bring in their notices at as early an hour in the day as possible. If received after 8½ o'clock, it will be impossible to classify them under their proper heads.

The Times Review of McClellan.

Revised from the series of articles published during the months of February, March and April last. A most effective Campaign Document. For sale at the *Times* Counting Room. Price 25 cents per copy.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

THE REBELLION.

There is little of interest from the several armies in the field. No further information, either official or otherwise, has been received. The Armies of the Potomac and James were quietly in their positions. SHERIDAN is still quietly at Strasburgh, waiting for the rebels to trot out another new General for him to whip. SHERMAN is near the Chattahoochee, quietly watching HOOD. But no fighting is reported anywhere.

GENERAL NEWS.

The returns from Pennsylvania now place the fact beyond doubt that there is a Union majority on the home vote of at least 5,000—all Copperhead assertions to the contrary, notwithstanding. The Congressional delegation will probably stand 16 Union to 8 Democratic, a Union gain of four. In Ohio the delegation will stand 17 Union to 2 Democratic, a Union gain of 12. In Indiana the Union majority increases as the returns come in. The State is carried by 25,000 majority, and it elects 7 Union Congressmen to 4 Democratic.

The bidding for the New Loan, to be awarded at the Treasury Department to-morrow, will be very large from this city. The National Banks and some of the old banks will together bid for nearly $30,000,000 for their dealers and other outside parties, and for their own account. The First National Bank will send forward by telegraph, this morning, any additional bids which may be left at the bank by 11 o'clock A. M. The Stock Market is buoyant. Gold advanced to 210 on rebel news of the recapture of Rome, Ga. The price subsequently returned to 108½ ₩ cent.

The rise in car fare continues to be an annoyance to citizens, large numbers refusing to pay the one cent increase and conductors insisting upon it. Yesterday, on all the roads but the Eighth-avenue, which has made no increase, there were many unpleasant incidents growing out of the penny.

The New-Orleans *Picayune*, of the 4th, learns, by the arrival of the schooner *Gleaner*, from Matamoras 22d ult., that Matamoras was not taken up to that time, and that CORTINAS had one thousand men at Matamoras ready to meet the French, who were expected from Monterey.

Union meetings were held in the Seventh Ward Union Association, the Young Men's Union Central Committee, the Veteran Union Club, and our French citizens. Each was largely attended, and the right spirit prevailed.

Out of respect to the memory of the Hon. ROGER B. TANEY, late Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of the United States, the various courts in this city adjourned yesterday morning without transacting any business. Appropriate resolutions were passed and eulogistic remarks made by the presiding Justices.

Flour, Grain, Pork, and Tallow were more sought after, and were firmer, yesterday. Cotton, Oils, Metals, Hides, Leather, Fish, Seeds, Spices, Coffee, Teas, Wool, and Tobacco, were quiet and irregular. Sugars attracted more attention. Freights were quite dull.

Both Boards of the Common Council met yesterday. In the Board of Aldermen a preamble and resolutions by Alderman FOX, relative to the increase of railroad fare, and directing the Committee on Railroads to inquire into the matter, and report what action should be taken to compel the railroad companies to obey the terms of their charters, were adopted. The Mayor transmitted the complaints made to him on the same subject, which were referred to the Committee on Railroads, who will hold a meeting in regard to them at 1 P. M., on Saturday. The Mayor sent in a message recommending that a reward of $1,000 be offered for the detection of the murderer of the person whose remains were recently found in the East River, provided it be proved that the crime was committed within the jurisdiction of this city. Referred. The City Inspector sent in a spicy reply to the Mayor's recent communication regarding his unwillingness to convene the Board of Health. The Chief Engineer of the Fire Department sent in a letter complaining of the bad condition of the fire telegraph wires, and of the fact that the failure of the Common Council to effect a settlement with Mr. ROBINSON, the Superintendent of the lines, prevents the using of his instruments. Referred. The Councilmen did nothing of importance. Both Boards adjourned to Monday—the Aldermen to 1, and the Councilmen to 2 P. M.

The Detective Police yesterday arrested two men, who gave their names as HENRY SELMAR and CHAS. PETER HELLERSON, on the charge of counterfeiting the fifty cent postal currency. The arrest was effected in a room on the fourth floor of a tenement house, No. 200 Sixth-steeet. About $30,000 of the spurious money, a valuable printing press, dies, plates, ink and other articles used by counterfeiters were seized on the premises, and conveyed to Police Headquarters.

The Newark *Advertiser* states that Lieut.-Col. D. W. TOLLES, of that city, Chief Quartermaster of the Sixth Army Corps, has been mortally wounded in the head by guerrillas in the Shenandoah Valley. A dispatch received briefly states that he was still alive, at 3 P. M. on Tuesday, but in a critical condition.

Peat now appears in the Rochester markets, and is sold in large quantities. It finds a ready sale, burns well, and the people like it much. It would sell as well in every other place, if placed where the people could obtain it.

A dispatch from Col. GEO. C. ROGERS to Gov. YATES, of Illinois, dated Alatoona Oct. 6, and referring to the rebel attack on Big Shanty, already reported, says: "The Fourteenth and Fifteenth Regiments are captured, with the exception of Company A. The boys fought nobly, hand to hand; even clubbed their muskets before surrendering. Quite a number killed and wounded. Everything else favorable. Please give publication for the benefit of the friends of the regiments."

The U. S. Government has increased the pay heretofore allowed for artificial legs furnished to soldiers. At the present rate of compensation ($75) the several manufacturers who enjoy the patronage of the Government, can afford to furnish their best limbs *without extra charge*.

The Cincinnati *Times*, of Tuesday evening, Oct. 13, says: "The active Union men of the different wards have made a glorious fight to-day, and nobly defeated the Copperheads by a majority that, we believe, will be the largest ever given in Hamilton County. While some of the American wards show a decreased Union majority over that given for Gov. BROUGH last year, *the German wards have largely increased theirs*. Even the draft bugbear, which was relied upon by the Copperheads to save them from an ignominious defeat, has had the contrary effect, as in those wards where the draft has been the heaviest the Union majority remains about the same as last year, and, in some instances, has been increased. The returned veterans have almost unanimously voted the Union ticket, not only voting for it, but electioneering for it."

The Toronto *Globe*, speaking of the recent elections, says that Gen. MCCLELLAN never had any reasonable prospect of being elected, but present appearances indicate that he has as good a chance of getting to be Emperor of Japan as he has of becoming President of the United States.

The French citizens of New-York in favor of the present Administration held a meeting at Hope Chapel last night. Addresses were delivered in the French language advocating the perpetuation of the American Union, which had become the free home of so many Frenchmen, and advising, as the only means of saving it, the reelection of ABRAHAM LINCOLN to the Presidency.

Two important arrests of counterfeiters have been made this week—the first and most extensive at Port Jervis, N. Y., where $40,000 in spurious fractional currency was seized—the latter in this City early yesterday morning, $30,000 of notes of the same denomination being secured. The parties engaged in the manufacture of the spurious issue, with their paper, presses, dies etc., are in the hands of the detectives who "worked up the cases."

Rev. H. W. BEECHER gave notice in his pulpit last Sunday morning that he would on Sunday evenings, until the Presidential election, preach sermons which some people might call political. He gave the notice in advance, that, if any did not wish to hear these discourses, they would have opportunity to leave their seats vacant for those who did.

The case of CLARK against BROOKS was continued in the Court of Common Pleas yesterday. The cross examination of Mr. CLARK was resumed. Mr. MCKEON questioned him closely and particularly in regard to his operations in stocks during the seven years that he wrote the money articles for the *Express*. From a long list of stocks and bonds he was asked in regard to each one what transactions he had had in them. To most of these questions Mr. CLARK replied that he could not remember all his business affairs during such an extended period, and embracing so many purchases and sales. In regard to those stocks which plaintiff admitted he had dealt in, he was asked if he had mentioned them in the money article of his paper. He replied that he had, but denied that he had used arguments to depress or raise them in the market. He admitted that he had named to JAMES BROOKS that he, CLARK, had made $25,000 in stock speculations. The articles in the *Express*, in which reference was made to these stocks, were produced and read to the court.

At the city election in Newark, N. J., the Democrats secured a majority of 1,100 on the aggregate vote, 150 more than last year. The new City Council will stand 10 Union, 15 Regular and 1 Independent Democrat; the present Council stands 7 Union to 19 Democrats—a Union gain of three members.

Tuesday's Election.

The fuller election returns given this morning will be found to justify the statements and deductions heretofore made in this journal. The popular Union majority in Pennsylvania, on the home vote, seems to be somewhere about 5,000; while the 50,000 majority in Ohio and the 20,000 majority in Indiana stand unmoved. The soldiers' vote of the two former States will swell these majorities greatly. The first-reported gains in Congressmen also prove correct.

Public Office in America—The New State of Things.

The excellent letter from Gen. DIX which we published on Monday, contains some admirable remarks on the effect upon our polical condition, evoked by the practice in which all public parties have indulged, for the last forty years, of considering nothing but "availability" in the choice of candidates for the Presidency. Gen. DIX ascribes, and with great reason, most of the toils which now beset us to this most unfortunate tendency. Conspicuous ability, and experience in the conduct of public affairs, were, for a long time previous to the war, almost complete barriers to political advancement. A man no sooner made his mark in Congress, or in office, than he lost all chance of reaching the highest political prize. The great thing with conventions was to find men for their nominations who had no bitter enemy,—not because they were general favorites, but because nobody knew enough of them either to like or dislike them. This was, however, not so much the fault of the conventions after all, as of the general popular contempt for all training and experience—a contempt bred in a great measure by the circumstances in which the country was placed.

During our long struggle with the physical difficulties of our condition, it has been impossible to effect a thorough division of labor. Each man has had to do a little of everything. The farmer has had to be a little of the lawyer, and a little of the soldier, and a little of the politician, and a little of the trader, and so on, until Americans became famed over the world as "jacks of all trades." Now, this was all very well at the outset, when we had so much rough work to do, that quantity was of more importance than quality, and when our political path was so smooth that a child could walk over it. But the times have changed, and we have changed with them. We have grown into a vast and complicated body, with a thousand delicate problems in government to solve, with a thousand conflicting interests to reconcile, and at this moment, added to the ordinary difficulties of our situation, we have the extraordinary one of a struggle which, we venture to say, has more in it to perplex the soul of soldier and statesman than any in which any nation ever before found itself engaged.

The trouble now is, that many of us have come to this work under the influence of the traditions handed down by the previous state of things. The country was so long accustomed to plain sailing, in which neither training nor experience were really of any great value, that it had actually got to consider them as of no great value under any circumstances. So we entered on the war with an ill-concealed contempt for West Point, and an undisguised reliance on numbers, enthusiasm and native sagacity. During the first year of the war, we could with difficulty divest ourselves of the notion that a large army was simply a large number of men with muskets. We have got over the military part of the delusion; but the political part of it hangs round a good many of us still.

The old worship of "availability" showed itself last Summer in the hostility felt to Mr. LINCOLN by a good many well-meaning men, because he had a good many enemies. The fact that he had for four years administered the Government during a crisis of unparalelled difficulty, with a success which if not complete, had excited the astonishment of all foreign critics, and falsified the predictions of domestic traitors, counted for nothing. There were plenty of good Unionists ready to oust him, change the whole machinery of Government, and spread confusion through every department of it, put in his place a new and untried, and probably obscure man, for the simple reason that he had not managed to do his work without exciting deep hatred on the part of people whom he had inconvenienced or disappointed, or from whom he differed.

How little used the public was to seeing the ship of State being worked in a heavy sea, and how totally incompetent a portion of it was to criticize a statesman dealing with great problems, was well illustrated by some of the faults found with him. Some folks were evidently of opinion that a good navigator ought to keep a ship from ever laboring or shipping seas, or even listing in the least to leeward. There was hardly anybody who could not tell you of something that Mr. LINCOLN ought to have done differently, and then evolved out of the depths of his imagination a long list of glorious consequences that would have followed if he had. That he should have committed any errors was declared to be damning, and when to this it was added that he had many fierce opponents, thousands were ready to throw him overboard, and look for some honest boatswain, who, having had no responsibility had given no offence, without ever inquiring into his other qualifications for the post.

Another section of the public is just now laboring under this hallucination about President making, but in a more aggravated form. Their worship of Gen. MCCLELLAN is almost altogether due to his popularity, or in other words, supposed "availability." Of his fitness they know absolutely nothing. He has never filled any civil office, or been placed in any position in which he could give the least evidence that he had either the mental or moral qualifications for the rule of a constitutional State. The stuff which is written and talked about his "statesmanship," is the twaddle of people who do not know what the word means. Whether he has or has not any of it in his composition, is matter of as pure speculation as the existence of animals in the sun, or the condition of the centre of the earth. His views upon the question of emancipation, as promulgated in his letter from Harrison's Landing, are an amusingly slender basis for the reputation that is claimed for him. They were firmly held, and distinctly enunciated in nearly every grog-shop in New-York, before he had even landed in the Peninsula.

The Death of Roger B. Taney.

The demise of Chief-Justice TANEY comes almost like some strange visitation. For one full generation he has occupied the highest judicial position in the United States, and it almost seems identified with his name. The disturbance of old associations is all the greater, because it happens at the very height of the civil conflict which is linked indissolubly with the most important act of his judicial life.

Judge TANEY was a man of pure moral character, and of great legal learning and acumen. Had it not been for his unfortunate Dred Scott decision, all would admit that he had, through all those years, nobly sustained his high office. That decision itself, wrong as it was, did not spring from a corrupt or malignant heart. It came, we have the charity to believe, from a sincere desire to compose, rather than exacerbate, sectional discord. But yet it was none the less an act of supreme folly, and its shadow will ever rest on his memory.

The original mistake was in gratuitously attempting to settle great party questions by judicial decision. The attempt was gratuitous, for the very decision of Judge TANEY, that the court had no jurisdiction in the case over the court below, was in itself sufficient reason for not undertaking a decision of all the constitutional questions incidentally connected with its merits. What Justice CURTIS declared in his very able opinion, that "on so grave a subject as this, such an exertion of judicial power transcends the limits of the authority of the court, as described by its repeated decisions," will unquestionably be the judgment of history.

The Supreme Court never from its first organization took faith which so much impaired the public action in its impartiality and wisdom. In view of the sides taken by the respective Judges, it was impossible for the body of the people not to believe that the court was influenced by party and sectional feeling. The court should have foreseen this invidious position, and have avoided it, by taking no further cognizance of the case than necessity absolutely demanded. It was useless for them to attempt to settle great political questions. Such attempts before made, even in the palmiest days of the court, and on questions of immeasurably less importance, had failed. The court is no oracle. It does not pronounce its decisions with a categorical Yea or Nay. It must, like a legislative body, stand on its rendered reasons; and these reasons must stand the test of criticism before they can be accepted as conclusive, and as authoritative law. If the reasoning of the court is no more cogent and luminous than the reasoning of the legislature, it is worth no more. No candid man who has read the decision of Judge TANEY will say that that opinion evinced more ability, more clearness of perception and strength of reasoning, than had been displayed by Mr. WEBSTER and Mr. CLAY in the Senate, in their maintenance of opposite opinions. Nor will any candid man who has read the dissenting opinions of Judges CURTIS and MCLEAN claim that their views were not as cogently put as those of the Chief Justice. It was a natural necessity that the final solution of these great civil questions could come only from continued public discussion, and the condition in which the public mind eventually reposes.

The Dred Scott decision was made public the very month that President BUCHANAN acceded to power, and it formed the basis of his whole policy in respect to Slavery through his entire administration. It shipwrecked both him and his party. It contributed, more than all other things combined, to the election of President LINCOLN. The people would not abide this attempt of the majority of the Supreme Court to foist upon the Constitution the extremest dogmas of JOHN C. CALHOUN. They would not tolerate the doctrine that the Constitution, by its own force, established Slavery in all the Territories of the United States, making Slavery a national instead of a local institution. That the Dred Scott decision was a complete yielding to the full desires and demands of Slavery, is made strikingly manifest by the fact that the Montgomery Constitution, which was shaped by slaveholders without the slightest let or hindrance, does not contain a syllable in the interest of Slavery which is not found precisely in this Dred Scott Decision of Chief-Justice TANEY. There is no shadow of a new guaranty for this institution except the section that in all newly acquired territory "Slavery shall be recognized and protected by Congress and by the territorial government, and the inhabitants of the several States shall have the right to take to such territory any slaves lawfully held by them;" and another section securing the right of "transit and sojourn in any State with slaves and other property." Those are just the points on which would have been secured for Slavery under the Federal Constitution, had Judge TANEY'S interpretation become established law.

His removal by death will make an epoch in the history of the Supreme Court. Unquestionably his place will be filled by some jurist who is in perfect accord with all the great Union principles and Anti-Slavery sentiments which will henceforth control the executive and legislative branches of the Government It is true that the old Democratic Judges, WAYNE, CATRON, NELSON, GRIER, and CLIFFORD will still constitute half of the court; but even were they disposed to make another political decision in the interest of Slavery, their combined opinions would have no effect against the other half of the court, headed by the Chief-Justice. Whatever great questions may be forced upon the court in connection with the rehabilitation of the States whose people have been in rebellion, we may now be confident, will be adjudicated in accordance with the fundamental principles of our Government, as recognized by its founders, and in harmony, too, with the great policies imposed upon the country by the necessity of destroying the present rebellion, and every possibility of its recurrence in the future.

The Georgia Campaign—Sherman's Report—Grant, Sherman, McClellan.

In that unadorned story of his campaign in Georgia, which appeared exclusively in yesterday's issue of the TIMES, Gen. SHERMAN begins his review by stating, with the frankness becoming a soldier, that he made his first essay in the stupendous task assigned him, by a prolonged consultation with his immediate Chief. On the 14th of March Lieut.-Gen. GRANT gave SHERMAN the first intimation that the command of the Grand Division of the Mississippi was vacant, and that he was appointed thereto. Instead of jumping at the preferment thus thrown in his way, as if he had come to it by natural inheritance, or under a law of primogeniture, Gen. SHERMAN made it his first duty to become thoroughly acquainted with the military policy which Gen. GRANT had marked out for himself. Not content with the prolonged interview with the Lieutenant-General he had at Nashville, SHERMAN makes it his pride and boast that he traveled thence in the company of his Chief, to Cincinnati, in order that he might have the benefit of Gen. GRANT'S experience, his counsel, and his suggestions, up to the very latest moment.

Still diffident of himself, and with a full appreciation of the terrible responsibilities thrown upon him, SHERMAN, in parting with the Lieutenant-General, sought interviews with Gen. MCPHERSON at Huntsville, with Gen. THOMAS at Chattanooga, and with Gen. SCHOFIELD at Knoxville, in order still further to perfect his estimate of the work he had in hand, and of the executive support on which he could rely. During the six weeks intervening between his acceptance of the position vacated by Gen. GRANT, and the concentration of the three great armies of the "Cumberland," "the Tennessee," and the "Ohio" at and around Chattanooga, SHERMAN, instead of setting himself to the task of studying partisan politics and official impertinences, applied himself to the sober but practical duty of visiting and inspecting every military post of importance within his command. He began at once a tour of inspection, in which he visited Athens, Decatur, Huntsville, Chattanooga, Knoxville, and many lesser points.

He saw what was the scope of his duty. He set about doing it—not as an ape, but as a man; not as a General by prescriptive right, but as a plain, practical soldier.

Read SHERMAN'S record, and see how well these unpretentious but practical beginnings correspond with the achievements of this all but matchless Georgia campaign. It is true, the magnificence of the immediate successor of Gen. SCOTT is wanting. It is true, we have in the foreground of the picture a very ordinary looking figure of a soldier—a soldier humble enough to bend before his senior in command. But then—what of it—we have work done—done well, done thoroughly, done for all time.

Who shall be the exemplar for the soldiers of the Republic hereafter? This plain, practical man, who takes counsel of his superiors, on the eve of his campaign, and *wins it?* or this partisan hero in epaulets, who struts his brief hour as the martinet-in-chief of the camp, rushes to the field with neither counsel nor discretion to guide him, and comes back stripped of his feathers—a pretender among honest soldiers? The Georgia campaigner or the juvenile Napoleon—which?

A DISMAL PICTURE.—The ultra rebel organ in this city (the *Daily News*) follows the ultra rebel organ in Richmond (the *Enquirer*) in showing the advantages to the Southern Confederacy of arming the negro slaves. The *News* thinks that the "slaves of the South can be made to supply an excellent material for infantry"—that "they may be converted into a soldiery in six or eight months"—that "they may be moulded into an invincible machine under the direction of a man of military genius"—that they would "recruit the ranks of the South to the extent of at least three hundred thousand men"—that the "enormous reserves available among the slaves may be ordered to the field at the suggestion of revenge," and that "events are moving rapidly toward that conclusion." The *News* fancies that this immense negro army will be sent by the Confederates to invade and ravage the North—that we may have "reprisal, before even the end of this year, by an invasion or a wild cavalry dash, with fire and sword, throughout the peaceful fields and inoffensive populations of Ohio and Pennsylvania"—or that if "saved, happily, from the immediate curse of reprisal may we not, with very grave reason, look with something like certainty for the descent of that curse upon our fields and homesteads before the fall of the leaves, of next Autumn, at the hands of a horde of savage Africans?—"that there will thus be employed" hundreds of thousands of black soldiers in an invasion of barbarous revenge—and "that the barbarities of Black Republicanism threaten thus to extend beyond the South, by letting loose upon our fields and firesides the brand of fierce reprisal, and upon the lives and persons of our people, men and women, all the evil passions of an army of semi-savages."

This is truly a terrible and portentous picture. And which of the ruffians and rioters of July, who wreaked their infernal passions upon the unoffending negroes of this city, will not be paralyzed with terror, when he thinks of the possibility of hundreds of thousands of these invincible Confederate Africans being quartered here as conquerors? Alas, for the negro murderers and negro orphan-asylum-burners then!

STRAIGHT IN LINE.—One of the most important and gratifying local triumphs, and one which has a wider than local influence, was indicated in a dispatch from Indianapolis yesterday, which announced that the Unionists had elected a majority of members of both branches of the Indiana State Legislature. Every one has been made aware of the character of the last Legislature of Indiana. The majority of its members differed but little in political principle from the members of the Legislatures of Mississippi or South Carolina. They were a body of unprincipled traitors; and had it not been for the determined action of the Unionists in bringing the sessions of the House abruptly to a close at the opening of last year, by withdrawing from it in a body, there is little doubt that they would have attempted to plunge the State into revolution. By the most desperate and unconstitutional expedients, they strove to deprive the Governor of all power, so as to prevent his raising soldiers for the Union army; and at the peril of the credit and honor of the State, they actually refused to make appropriations to keep its machinery in motion. Though Gov. MORTON triumphed over all these difficulties, and raised both men for the service of the nation and means for the service of the State, yet the prospect of such a Legislature being succeeded by such another, raised a gloomy cloud over the future of Indiana. There is little doubt that they would have succeeded in raising anarchy, and bankrupting the State Treasury.

The new Union Legislature will quickly be convened, and will speedily set matters to right.

Thus, Indiana, with a Union Legislature, Union State Administration, and Union delegation in Congress, bids fair to take her true position as one of the loyalest and staunchest of the Free States of the Great West.

NEWS FROM WASHINGTON.

Special Dispatches to the New-York Times.

ADMIRAL FARRAGUT.

Admiral FARRAGUT is coming here on a sick leave. His illness is caused by his laborious service and the anxieties incident to his late brilliant exploits.

REPORTED REBEL ATTACK ON THE SECOND CORPS.

Arrivals this morning by the mail boat from City Point report that the rebels on Tuesday evening attempted to pierce our lines by an attack on the centre of the Second Corps, but were repulsed.

THE SOLDIERS' VOTE AGENCY ESTABLISHED.

The New-York State Union Committee has established an agency at Room No. 6 Willard's Hotel, in this city, for the purpose of aiding soldiers in receiving proxies for their votes, and to enable them to exercise their election franchise at the President and Gubernatorial elections to be held in November next.

Soldiers who desire to vote will receive all the information and aid necessary to enable them to do so by applying there.

Mr. CHAS. JONES, Chairman, and others, of the committee, have been here for several days attending to the matter. The county agents throughout the States should report at once, in person, to the committee, at their rooms, with their local tickets.

RELIEVED FROM DUTY.

Capt. HENRY W. JAMES, who has been Staff Quartermaster of Gen. GRANT'S headquarters from Aug. 1, 1863, at Vicksburgh, has been relieved from duty at his own request, and ordered to report at Philadelphia for duty. Capt. JAMES entered the service as regimental Quartermaster in 1861, and was promoted to be an Assistant Quartermaster in the regular army Oct. 31, 1863.

SOLDIERS' VOTES.

Additional votes of Pennsylvania soldiers taken in the Department of Washington:

Battery Sixth Pennsylvania Artillery—Union, 101; Democrats, 8.

At Camp Distribution—Union, 381; Democrats, 65.

Total—Union, 482; Democrats, 73.

Dispatches to the Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, Thursday, Oct. 13.

CONSUL RECOGNIZED.

President LINCOLN has recognized J. THEOPHILUS PATE, as Consul for the City of Hamburg, at Philadelphia.

THE OVERLAND TELEGRAPH EXPEDITION.

The Secretary of the Treasury has authorized the transfer to the Navy Department of the revenue brig *Fauntleroy*, at San Francisco, which the latter department will arm, equip and fit out thoroughly for service with Engineer BULKLEY'S telegraphic expedition on the northern coasts of America and Russia.

DEATH OF CHIEF-JUSTICE TANEY

Obituary Notice—Proceedings of the Courts—Honors to His Memory.

ROGER BROOK TANEY, Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of the United States, died in Washington, at 11 o'clock Wednesday night, in the seventy-eighth year of his age. This distinguished American jurist was born in Calvert County, Maryland, March 17, 1777. He was descended from an English Roman Catholic family, which settled in Maryland about the middle of the seventeenth century. He received his education at Dickinson College, in Pennsylvania, where he was graduated in 1795. Four years later he was admitted to the bar, and began to practice in his native county, from which he was elected a delegate to the General Assembly. In 1801 he removed to Frederick. He was elected a State Senator in 1816; and six years afterward, on retiring from that office, he removed to Baltimore, where he continued to reside until his decease. In 1827 he was appointed Attorney-General of Maryland; and in 1831 President JACKSON conferred upon him the office of Attorney-General of the United States. Upon the dismissal of Mr. DUANE, Secretary of the Treasury, in 1833, for refusing to obey the order to remove the Government deposits from the United States Bank, President JACKSON appointed Mr. TANEY to succeed him. He immediately issued the order to remove the deposits to the local banks selected by him as agents of the Government. The Senate, which was opposed to the Administration, refused in 1834, by a vote of twenty-eight to eighteen, to confirm his nomination. The following year he was nominated by the President as an Associate Justice of the Supreme Court; but the Senate virtually rejected him. On the death of Chief Justice MARSHAL, Mr. TANEY was nominated as the successor of that distinguished jurist; and the Senate, which, meantime, had changed its political complexion, confirmed his nomination in 1836.

Mr. TANEY took his seat on the Supreme Bench in January, 1837. His name will be chiefly associated with the famous decision in the case of "DRED SCOTT," which has gained special prominence from its bearings on some of the most important political issues of the age. The decision itself was in accordance with the opinion of the majority of the court, and was merely to the effect that the Circuit Court of the United States for Missouri had no jurisdiction in the suit brought by the plaintiff in error, but the Chief Justice went out of his way to indulge in a long and entirely irrelevant dissertation about the estimate which he claimed our ancestors placed upon the negro, and the rights to which he was entitled. In the course of his remarks the Chief Justice took occasion to assert, that for more than a century previous to the adoption of the Declaration of Independence, negroes, whether slave or free, had been regarded as "*beings of an inferior order*, and altogether unfit to associate with the white race, either in social or political relations; and so far inferior that they had no rights which the white man was bound to respect;" that consequently such persons were not included "people" in the general words of that instrument, and could not in any respect be considered as citizens; that the inhibition of slavery in the territories of the United States lying north of the line of 30 degrees and 30 minutes, known as the Missouri Compromise, was unconstitutional; and that DRED SCOTT, the negro slave, who was removed by his master from Missouri to Illinois, lost whatever freedom he might have thus acquired by being subsequently removed into the territory of Wisconsin, and by his return to the State of Missouri.

For the last two or three years Chief-Justice TANEY, on account of failing health, took very little part in public affairs; and he was by many suspected of leaning strongly in his sympathies toward the Southern side of the great issues which divide the nation.

PROCEEDINGS IN THE SUPREME COURT.

SUPREME COURT—GENERAL TERM—OCT. 13.—At the General Term of the Supreme Court of this city, held on the 13th of October, before Chief Justice ROBERTSON, Justices MONELL and GARVIN, Hon. Wm. F. Allen announced the death of Hon. Roger B. Taney, Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of the United States, and moved that as a mark of respect for his memory this court do now adjourn. He then addressed the court in a brief but eloquent and feeling manner.

Judge Dean and James W. Gerard, Esq., then addressed the court; after which Chief Justice ROBERTSON, in reply to the motion to adjourn, likewise paid tribute to the memory of the deceased.

At the conclusion of Judge ROBERTSON'S remarks, it was ordered:

As a mark of respect to the memory of the Hon. Roger B. Taney, Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of the United States, whose death has just been announced, and in compliance with the motion just made to that effect, that this court do now adjourn, and that the court be directed to enter the same upon the minutes. The court then adjourned.

IN SPECIAL TERM, OCT. 13, 1864.—MONCRIEF, J.—After appropriate remarks by Judge Bonney, George Wm. Wright, Esq., and by the court, it was ordered that this court do now adjourn, as a mark of respect to the memory of the Hon. Roger B. Taney, late Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of the United States, and that the Clerk be directed to enter the same upon the minutes.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT.

Before Judge Betts.

There was not a very large attendance of the Bar at the opening of the court this morning. After the opening of court, Mr. McMahon rose and said to the court, may it please your Honor, since the last adjournment of the court every one who practices at the Admiralty bar and in the courts of the United States in this district, has heard with profound grief of the death of Chief Justice Taney. The unexpectedness of this event, and the necessarily great labor of any proper notice of the life and labors of this venerable man, who has through so many years, more than the *vigenti lucubrationes annorum*, filled the high and honored position of Chief Justice of the United States, preclude me from attempting anything more than the mere acknowledgment of this melancholy event, by moving, as I now do, that this court do now adjourn.

Judge BETTS said he should not attempt an eulogy; there would doubtless be some meeting of the Bar at the proper time, when fitting notice would be taken. He would simply direct the motion to be entered upon the minutes of the court.

In the Court of Sessions yesterday, at the opening of the court, Orlando Stewart, Esq., Assistant District Attorney, moved that the court adjourn out of respect to the late Roger B. Taney. Recorder Hoffman, after some appropriate remarks, accordingly ordered that the court should stand adjourned until Monday next.

In the Superior Court (Hon. Judge MCCUNN presiding) Mr. Sterne Chittenden announced the death of Chief Justice Taney, and moved the following, which was seconded by Wm. E. Curtis, Esq., in a few appropriate remarks:

Resolved, It being announced that since the adjournment of the court, yesterday, Roger B. Taney, Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of the United States, died at the City of Washington:

It is ordered, as a tribute to the memory of him whose erudition, integrity of purpose, and fidelity in his discharge of the duties of the high office which he held through so many years, were so fitted to command the homage of his professional brethren and the respect of all his countrymen, that this court do adjourn until to-morrow morning, at 11 o'clock.

Judge MCCUNN said that, perhaps since the establishment of this Republic, no greater loss had befallen the country than the death of Chief Justice Taney. He has been not only a very useful member of society, but an enlightened and brilliant ornament of the judiciary, occupying for many years the highest position in this or any other land; and it was with feelings of the deepest regret that I learned this morning of his death. I had hoped that the Almighty would have spared him until peace was restored to our distracted country. An Allwise Providence has willed it otherwise, and I most sadly concur in ordering this resolution of adjournment on the minutes of the court.

CALIFORNIA GOSSIP.

Quartz Mills—Christian Commission Fair—Horse Fair—Gen. Hooker.

From Our Own Correspondent.

San Francisco, Monday, Sept. 12, 1864.

I was too busy to write last steamer, and the probabilities are that my present epistle won't be very long, for these are lively times with those in the mining way, which means that it keeps them very busy to meet the drafts that superintendants draw, and there's only one thing worse than having a mine and a mill, that is having a mill without the mine, for then you have to wait until the President of the Company you crush rock for, can see his way clear before he pays you, while you have to pay your mill hands without seeing your way clear—that's just the difference. If there is any one thing in this "vale of tears" that will try a man's patience and purse, and bank account, it is a quartz mill. If they had ever tried old Job on one, he never would have stood it, and would not now have been quoted a model of patience, as he is in these days. The people of California know all about the institution. A quartz mill here is as much of a household word and necessity as a coffee mill; but when I talk about it to you Gothamites, it is all big German, and I might as well adapt my language to your comprehension. As a proof, however, of the truth of my assertions about mills, I will mention that the last time I was up at Silver City (Washoe) I noticed an immense water-wheel slowly revolving just behind a little shanty. [illegible] curiously I stopped my horse and went down the bank to examine it; there I found an old lady of some sixty Summers, or somewheres near that. (She didn't tell me—never would have acknowledged it of course.) The old lady was washing out some "Amalgum," and about to "retort" it. She told me that her old man worked in some mine near by, and she dug up the "pay dirt" near at hand, wheeled it to the "Arastra"—a rude affair for amalgamating—dumped it in, and "cleaned up," as it is termed, every night, about $6. The whole affair was very primitive; the water turned the wheel, the wheel turned the gearing, and the gearing turned the "Arastra," and the old lady turned an honest penny. Every day cooked, washed, tended two or three little towheaded grand-baby's, and was contented and happy. The thing was all in a nutshell, and safe; there was no boiler to burst; no patent double-breasted "cut-offs" to correspond about; and she didn't care two cents whether it worked by expansion or contraction. I gave the youngsters a cracker or two I had in my pocket, knocked their heads together, according to my usual custom, tread on the cat's tail and came away a wiser man, and considerably benefitted by this lesson. And the advantages of a combination of water and grandmother power over my steam mill, that costs me two hundred gold dollars a day to run, it behooves a man to save his grandmother, for there's no knowing but what the old lady may be made useful, and as for being ornamental, bless their old souls, I had rather see one of them sitting up in her highbacked old chair, knitting away, than to see any modern piece of furniture fooling away time on a silk pincushion for the use of the chief of the Fejees. I believe, however, the missionary business has had to give way latterly to Sanitary Fairs. Speaking of which reminds me that we have just passed through a season of similar penance. The success of the Sanitary dodge here and the large contributions from our State was too much for the Christian Commissioners, and so they came tumbling out here, pell-mell, to get a hand in, before it was all gone. They couldn't stand it to let the Rev. Dr. Bellows get all the plums—they wanted a finger in. So we were first politely requested to come down fifty thousand, and were told that the Sanitary was an Unitarian affair and good Christians wouldn't fraternize. Oh, no! wouldn't do. As a matter of course, a lot of those pious women who go about, doing good, and leaving their children at home, unwashed, unkempt, their houses unswept and their husbands unlined and uncomfortable—immediately set up a shrill cry of horror and rushed forth. I will pass over the period of incubation that followed and only mention that they hatched up a fair, and the last two weeks have been full of trials and tribulations to all the nice young men who were a little short in their cash when it commenced and positively bankrupt for three months ahead after it finished. It was announced that Jews, Catholics and Unitarians, being without the pale of religion, would not be expected. It had been positively ascertained that the wounded soldiers had "struck," and had refused to drink any more Unitarian tea. The toast must be orthodox. Great sensation, of course. I was walking very complacently along Montgomery-street, with three or four gentlemen, all bound around the corner for a little spiritual consolation, when I observed a woman stop, fix her eyes upon me in a wild way, then dash for me. She seized me by the collar, jerked me out from among my friends, and pinned me to the corner of Uncle John Parrott's Bank, and, in a stage voice and nervous twitching at my coat, said: "Five dollars—I want five dollars—ticket—Christian Commission Fair—here it is—give me the money, quick!" accompanying the word "quick" with a jerk that nearly upset me. Of course, I surrendered at discretion, handed out my five dollars and took the ticket. She then turned, and I saw her dive for another man across the street. Now, I did not know the lady, and she could not, consequently, be thus familiar on short acquaintance, there being no acquaintance at all; and I was not aware that my face was so benevolent in expression as to be thus singled out, although she may have intended "bouncing" the others; but they all fled. Does the cause justify the abandonment of all decency and propriety in a woman, and warrant her collaring inoffensive people in that manner? If it is all right, then I have nothing to say; but the circumstance has made me fearful of every strong-minded woman I see, and I turn out into the gutter whenever one comes down before the wind, with all her studding-sails set, and her topsail sheets hauled taut, for fear of being boarded again and robbed of every shot in the locker. Well, our Christian Commission Fair passed off gaily. The usual fascinating young ladies were put behind the counters—"guys" to catch the flats—spiders with nice parlors for the flies to walk into. The result is some thousands of dollars in the treasury, and more heart burnings and bitterness engendered than six months of prayer and godliness can eradicate. Who said that the Christian Commission is simply a regular organized opposition to our friend, Rev. Dr. Bellows, because he is an Unitarian? Where is the man? Put him out.

We are having delightful weather now, and rather gay times between the Christian Commission Fair, the Mechanics Fair, and last and not least, attended the Bay Park Horse Fair. There are lots of country people in town, and the milliners and fancy fixin people are doing a good business selling stunning hats and feathers to the country girls. Of the Mechanics' Fair I can say but little, as I have been there but once, and then the big cheese was the littlest affair I saw. It weighs four thousand pounds; will be or has been given to the Sanitary, and Rev. Dr. Bellows will take it home with him, when he goes, a very "cheesy" thing in the Doctor. It will be fed out to the wounded soldiers when they get their deserts. It is the contribution of a large drove of patriotic Union cows, who go for the constitution as it was or may be, and a vigorous prosecution of the war to the bitter end—their motto being, "Go to (bitter) grass."

The Horse Fair was a splendid success, and a great many prizes were distributed, the one given the first day being for the greatest "ass," which was not properly awarded. It was given to one with four legs, whereas it should have been given to—one with two legs, whose name I won't mention—you will see him when the Lycurguses of the nation meet in Washington next Winter. Fifteen young ladies contended for the prizes for equestrianism, and I believe fourteen were awarded prizes, the fifteenth not being pretty couldn't expect any. The most graceful and really best horsewoman on the ground received the *second* prize, whereas she should have received the first; but she was not *quite* as pretty as one other, and consequently came in for the second, although the first in the race. She rode the pacing horse *Pacific* around the course in 2:38, and square, a antidyspeptic trotter in 2:45. I think her name is Olmsted; formerly of Chicago.

The last day's performances closed with a ten-mile trot between *W. H. Seward*, owned by Robt. Morrow, Esq., and *Gentleman George*, formerly owned by Mr. Geo. Alley, of your City, now the property of Mr. Frakel, of this city. *George* kept the lead for nine miles, closely trailed by *Seward*. At the half-mile pole, on the tenth mile, *George* wavered, staggered and fell. *Seward* came in quite fresh, and apparently not at all distressed. Time, 29 minutes 1½ seconds. Eoff drove *Gentleman George*, and *Seward* was driven by Barney Rice. The betting up to the ninth mile was 100 to 30 and 100 to 40 on *George*. The wise ones were done brown, and the greenhorns won all the money. Everybody supposed *George* would win it, especially the knowing ones, which proves how uncertain is horse-flesh. It has been my theory all through life that the two most uncertain things in this world are a horse and a woman. You need not laugh, for it is so; if either get the bit in their teeth, they are bound to go. They both require fine harness to set them off to advantage, and they both go faster in a sulky mode, and they both require a "check" with this difference: the former requires the one spelled c-h-e-c-k, the latter, c-h-e-q-u-e, and they both carry their heads mighty high when they get them.

The following reference to the domestic relations of Gen. Hooker, from this morning's *Alta*, will set at rest two or three errors the press have fallen into:

Not Entirely Reliable.—We find the following item drifting about among our Eastern exchanges:

"Gen. Hooker fights not for pelf. His wife was a rich Mexican, and when she died she made Joseph a pugnacious Crœsus."

As this item contains news for us, we submitted it to our dear friend Armand Leonides Stiggers, who was intimately acquainted with Gen. Hooker in the early days of San Francisco, having taken many a friendly ride with him, and on one occasion borrowed a shirt collar and a pair of kid gloves from him; and he, after a full consideration of the subject and reference to copious notes, which he always carries with him, authorizes us to make the following statement in regard to the matter:

1st. General Hooker's wife was not rich when he married her, at nor any other time.

2d. General Hooker's wife was not a Mexican.

3d. General Hooker's wife is not dead.

4th. Gen. Hooker never had a wife.

5th. General Hooker is not a Crœsus, never was, and never will be.

With these few exceptions, the item is very correct, indeed, as any old San Franciscan can certify.

"PODGERS."

FINE ARTS.

Mr. W. H. Powell's picture of Perry transferring his flag, comes opportunely with the anniversary of the battle of Lake Erie. The work, indeed, is, at the present moment, on exhibition at Rhode Island, the natal place of the hero, and where it is proper that his deeds should be commemorated. It is not intended, however, for that gallant little State. Ohio claims it for her new and beautiful capitol at Columbus, and has patiently awaited its completion for more than five years. Beyond waiting, we have not been able to discover that Ohio has acted with any unusual degree of liberality toward the artist. Mr. Powell has completed the picture entirely at his own cost. We mention this fact as creditable to the gentleman, and as evidence that in painting it he has been actuated by other than the mere motives of pecuniary gain. A patriotism not unworthy of the subject, it seems to us, is exhibited in the devotion of an artist who, for so long a time, bestows the best energies of his mind upon a work which can only be inadequately recompensed in the future. Mr. Powell's happiest reward will come, not from the Legislature of Ohio, but from the hearty approval of his countrymen, and the consciousness thence derived, that he has interpreted a brilliant incident of naval history in a large and noble manner.

It has been said, and truly, that painting is "the child of its age." When our fortunes lay with the peaceful struggles of husbandry, the healthful triumphs of man over a smiling nature, it was proper that the brush should depict the green fields, the rustling woodlands, the singing rivulets, the capricious shadows upon the mountain-side. It is equally proper that now, when we have a sterner foe to contend with, the theme should be man and man's daring achievements. The battle of Lake Erie was perhaps the most important event of the war of 1812. It effectually secured to America her supremacy on the great lakes, caused the evacuation of Detroit, and rescued the Western country from the horrors of the Indian war. As an event, our annals contain nothing more brilliant. Every school-boy has read with thrilling nerves and throbbing heart of the gallant Perry. The enemy whom he conquered did not hesitate to proclaim his gallantry, humanity and generosity. Mr. Powell has taken a well-known incident of the fight, and given to it the warm impulse of life, the impelling interest of a circumstance transpiring before our eyes. Perry, it will be remembered, was compelled to shift his flag from the *Lawrence*, disabled, to the *Niagara*, which had thus far escaped serious injury. The situation was most desperate. Out of 101 men who composed the complement of the *Lawrence*, there remained but 18, including Perry himself; the rest were either dead or wounded. Perry, nevertheless, felt certain that if he could reach the *Niagara* the fortunes of the day could be fully retrieved. With a few battered, bleeding, but resolute comrades, he entered a boat to accomplish this object, bearing across his shoulder the blue flag under which he had fought, and which was inscribed with the memorable words of Lawrence—"Don't give up the Ship." The distance to the *Niagara* was not great, but it involved half a mile of fire from the enemy. The shot fell around the boat in such profusion that the sailors were frequently drenched and blinded with the spray. The boat went gallantly on its passage, the goal was reached, and Perry had the satisfaction of gloriously justifying expectations which at the moment they were uttered seemed to be vain and ridiculous. Mr. Powell's picture represents Perry at the moment when the boat is just pushing off on its perilous voyage to the windward. He is standing up as if in the act of addressing some words of comfort to the gallant few who still remains on the old flagship, and who shortly after his departure were compelled to strike their colors. His attitude is bold and defiant, and serves the purpose of dominating the picture and conveying to the mind an idea of the magnificent proportions and splendid presence of the American Commander, who we may here add was celebrated for his beauty. At the time of the battle he was but 27 years of age, and we may presume that daring rather than prudence was his chief characteristic. The tars, who are just bending to their oars, gaze upon the hero with unmistakable admiration; and the coxswain, who is steering, points to a seat, and is evidently warning Perry of the danger he exposes himself to by standing up. Further to intensify this imprudence, a young midshipman, whose smooth and beautiful features contrast strangely and effectively with the wrinkled fronts of the grim-visaged war-dogs, has seized the Commodore by the arm, and with weak, but loving hands, endeavors to draw him to a seat. The action is natural, and suggested by a solicitude which the spectator can readily share.

Such, then, is briefly the composition of this fine work, which, as we have before remarked, has occupied the artist for upward of five years. The result of this long-continued period of labor is highly creditable to American art, and must add to the reputation of Mr. Powell as a painter of historical subjects. The picture has not suffered by over-elaboration. It is singularly bold and strong, although most carefully drawn and vividly colored. The poise of the boat is excellent, and the disposition of the crew both natural and effective. Their strength and resolution are unmistakable. They are rowing with a will, and their oars hold the water with a force that sends the boat leaping through the waves. A finer set of fellows cannot be seen anywhere, and it is pleasant to know that the physical beauty here attributed to Jack is no flattering fancy of the painter, but a transcript from nature. Undoubted tars belonging to the United States navy "sat" for their predecessors, and have worthily supplied a maritime type for the present and future generations to admire. Brawny, bare-armed fellows, they yet preserve that singular air of indifference which is so characteristic of the sea. There is a peculiar fascination about a sailor. Despite his blasphemy, his love of drink, and his notoriously low tastes, a strange glory hangs about him. His misfortunes, when they are in a small way, are always a matter of mirth; his triumphs, of exultation, and both of absolute indifference to the man himself. In action he engages not only the forces of man, but the direful fury of the elements. The ordinary dangers that he encounters are intensified by possibilities that form no part of any other kind of strife. He may be blown up, or drowned, or torn with splinters, or crushed beneath falling masts, or swamped in an overcrowded boat. One is amazed at the conditions of naval warfare. There is a sublime ferocity in the bare idea of two ships grappling with each other on the deep—disputing the possession of an element that decides in favor of neither, but is eager to swallow both. Powder and shot are mere preliminaries of a strife that angry Neptune so often gladly completes. Perhaps it is right and proper that Jack should be reckless, as well as brave. It is certainly charming to find him so, and every one will recognize his manner in Mr. Powell's picture. Fidelity in this and many other respects has been purchased at a great cost of time and labor. In landscape an acceptable impression of truth is obtained by a very easy amount of observation. In historical painting it becomes vastly more difficult of attainment. Studies that are not always interesting, details that are seldom of easy access, local particulars that must be obtained at any cost of time and labor—these, and such as these, are parts of its many requirements. Placed in their proper relations to the main subject, the surroundings of a picture should instruct, as well as please. Exaggerated in the smallest particular, they serve no other purpose but to betray the judgment and vitiate the taste. Imagination is easily clogged by Reality. Fancy is readily knocked on the head by Fact. To combine the Ideal with the Absolute is the task of a master, and hence it is rarely effected. It seems to us that Mr. Powell has been peculiarly fortunate in this respect. Whilst all the details of the picture are conscientiously accurate, even to the gunshot injuries to the old ship, they are blended unobtrusively in the general design. A prevailing warmth and richness of coloring is in like manner qualified by a thoroughly artistic and even elegant wholeness of tone. It is worth while, too, to notice how ingeniously the unavoidable drawbacks of the subject have been turned to good account, such as the cold white masses of smoke from the guns, which are here rolled off in such a way that they serve as a background for some of the happiest flesh tints. We have referred to the gunshot injuries to the flagship. They have, by a strange coincidence, been studied from the *Hartford*, the flagship of the gallant Admiral Farragut. In looking at this picture, we see at once what "wooden ships and iron hearts" can do.

Amusements.

Academy of Music.—Donizetti's opera of "Lucrecia Borgia" will be repeated here to-night for the last time. The caste is the same as heretofore.

Gottschalk.—Mr. Gottschalk, the eminent American pianist, had the pleasure of receiving the following letter yesterday. "Royal Palace of Madrid, 16th Sept., 1764.—Dear Sir: Her Majesty the Queen, has deigned to sign this morning a decree, by which you are made a Knight of the Most Noble Royal Order of Charles the Third. I will have the honor of remitting you very soon the insignia of your new dignity. Meanwhile I beg to say that I am really happy to be on this occasion the interpreter of Her Majesty's flattering sentiments towards you. May God spare you many years. With respect, Your servant, His Excellency the Minister of State, Pachecho."

Theatrical.—Miss Olive Logan will commence an engagement at the Chestnut-street Theatre, Philadelphia, on the 22d instant, appearing as *Julia* in the "Hunchback." It was in this character that the lady made so marked a sensation in New-York.

Wallack's Theatre.—A new play, in five acts, called the "Compact," was produced here last evening with complete success. The subject is Spanish, the plot intricate, the situations effective, the dialogue good. In other words, it is an exceedingly clever piece, by one of the best dramatists of the day—Mr. J. R. Planche. It has been placed on the stage in a thoroughly admirable way, and is generally well acted. We desire at present only to mention its success, and shall reserve for another occasion our regular examination of its merits. In its present form it is somewhat long, and the knife will improve its action. The "Compact," we think, is destined to enjoy an extensive popularity.

Campaign Documents.—The American News Company have for sale a spirited little cut entitled "How Columbia receives McClellan's Salutation for the Chicago Platform." It is sold for one dollar per hundred, and all the proceeds go to the Union State Committee. The price of the document of "Gov. Seymour and Benedict Adnold" is also one dollar per hundred, not ten cents, as previously stated.

Raise in Car Fare.—Most of the passengers on the street cars yesterday refused to stand the raise of fare. Some tendered five cents and allowed themselves to be constructively ejected, while others paid the six cents demanded under protest. Many complaints were threatened, and the legality of the raise will soon be tested.

NEW-YORK SEMI-WEEKLY TIMES.

THE NEW-YORK SEMI-WEEKLY TIMES is published THIS MORNING, and may be had at the counter of the publication office in wrappers ready for mailing. Price Five Cents. In addition to the latest intelligence by telegraph up to the moment of going to press, there will be found in the current number full details of all military movements in the different departments from the pens of our special correspondents. Also, all official orders, reports and documents, and the latest and fullest Washington news, European news, with graphic letters from our correspondents in London and Paris, giving the tone of public feeling abroad, is made a special and permanent feature. In addition to Editorials on all the current topics of the day, the Semi-Weekly Times has a page of carefully prepared commercial matter, giving the latest financial news and market reports: items of agricultural and domestic interest, compiled from sources many of which are otherwise inaccessible to the American reader; and marriages and deaths of the week.

The "Semi-Weekly Record," or news summary—being a careful synopsis and digest of the news of the day, both rebellion and general—is alone worth double the subscription price to the paper, as it preserves in a condensed and conveniently classified form all news of interest, and must prove valuable as a record to all time.

Terms.—One copy one year, $3; two copies one year, $5; five copies one year, $12. Fresh names may at any time be added to Clubs, both of the Weekly and Semi-Weekly, at Club rates.

Carriages at Bargains.

At the "Palace Garden," 14th-st., near 6th-av., SANITARY FAIR BUILDING, on exhibition, and offered for sale, WOOD BROTHERS immense stock of Carriages, embracing the newest and most fashionable styles in use, from the finest coach through all the varieties of Park Carriage to the lightest Trotting Wagon.

That portion of the stock damaged at the late fire will be sold at greatly reduced prices, and their new stock proportionately reduced to the gold standard.

The President Petroleum Company.—The attention of our readers is called to the advertisement of the President Petroleum Company, in the Financial Column. This company ranks as A 1. Its capital stock is $5,000,000, in shares of $5 each. The lands of the company contain about 8,400 acres, thus possessing an oil-boring territory of over ten and a half miles in extent. Some of the first citizens of New-York and other States are taking stock in it, and to the capitalists and parties of limited means, the inducements offered are unsurpassed.

Messrs. L. H. SIMPSON & CO., No. 64 Cedar-st., New-York, are the agents of the enterprise. They are very obliging as well as reliable gentlemen, who are happy in dispensing information to inquirers, and those who propose buying stock, can, by application to this firm, obtain full particulars, and satisfy themselves of the solidity and brilliant prospects of the President Petroleum Company.—*Boston Evening Traveler.*

Soldiers, see to your own Health, do not trust to the army supplies; Cholera, Fever, and Bowel Complaint will follow your slightest indiscretion. HOLLOWAY'S PILLS AND OINTMENT should be in every man's knapsack. The British and French troops use no other medicines. If the reader of this "notice" cannot get a box of Pills or Ointment from the drug-stores in his place, let him write to me, No. 80 Maiden Lane, enclosing the amount, and I will mail a box free of expense. Many dealers will not keep my medicines on hand, because they cannot make as much profit as on other persons' make. 35 cents, 88 cents, and $1 40 per box or pot.

Premature Decay of Physical Powers arising from abuses and excesses—new and reliable treatment—in Report of the Howard Association—sent free of charge, in sealed letter envelopes. Address Dr. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, No. 2 South Ninth-st., Philadelphia, Penn.

Until after the
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Manufacturers and Jobbers of
CLOTHING,
Nos. 45 and 47 CHAMBERS-STREET,
WILL
RETAIL
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WHOLESALE STOCK,
SUITS AND SINGLE GARMENTS,
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EQUAL IN QUALITY, STYLE AND FINISH
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BEST BROADWAY CUSTOM-WORK,
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LESS THAN THE SAME GOODS CAN BE MADE
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A New Perfume for the Handkerchief.

Phalon's "Night Blooming Cereus,"
Phalon's "Night Blooming Cereus,"
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Phalon's "Night Blooming Cereus,"
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A Most Exquisite, Delicate and Fragrant Perfume, Distilled from the Rare and Beautiful Flower from Which it takes its name. Manufactured only by PHALON & SON. BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS. ASK FOR PHALON'S—TAKE NO OTHER. Sold by druggists generally.

Dr. Lighthill has returned to the City, and can now be daily consulted at his residence, No. 34 St. Mark's-place, from 10 A. M. till 3 P. M., on Deafness, Catarrh, and all diseases of the Eye, Ear, and Throat.

Dr. B. C. Perry,
DERMATOLOGIST,
No. 49 Bond-st., New-York,
Treats successfully all Diseases of the Scalp, Loss of Hair and Premature Blanching. Also, removes Moth Freckles and other Discolorations from the Face, without injury to the texture or color of the skin.
☞ No charge for consultation.

Two of the Finest Preparations of their class is
MATHEWS' ARNICA HAIR GLOSS
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MATHEWS' VENETIAN HAIR DYE.
Each 50 cents per bottle. Sold by druggists.

If You Want to Know, &c., Read
MEDICAL COMMON SENSE.
A curious book for curious people, and a good book for every one. Price, $1 50. To be had at all news depots. Contents tables mailed free. Address
Dr. E. B. FOOTE, No. 1,130 Broadway, N. Y.

A Certain Cure for Hernia or Rupture.
"WHITE'S" PATENT LEVER TRUSS,
"WHITE'S" PATENT LEVER TRUSS
is light, clean, and easy; no pressure on the back or cord. It has an inward and upward lift; cures warranted; call and examine. Pamphlets free for a stamp.
GREGORY & CO., No. 609 Broadway.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup,
For children teething, cures dysentry and diarrhœa, regulates the stomach and bowels and cures wind-colic.

Batchelor's Hair Dye.
The best in the world, the only reliable and perfect dye known. Instantaneous and harmless. The genuine is signed WILLIAM A. BATCHELOR. Sold by all druggists and perfumers. Factory No. 81 Barclay-st.

Second hand Safes—For sale
Cheap for cash,
At No. 100 Maiden-lane.

New Sewing Machines
To Rent AND For Sale.
V. W. WICKES, Jr., No. 486 Broadway, cor. Broome-st.

At Hunt's, No. 430 Broadway, a large assortment of Buckle Gaiters for Fall and Winter wear, plain or fancy, $8. Boots of every description equally low.

Artificial Limbs.—B. FRANK PALMER, LL.D., gives the "best" Patent limbs to soldiers—free! 744 B'way, N.Y.; 1609 Chestnut-st., Phila., 19 Greene-st., Boston. Commissioned by Surgeon-Gen. Barnes, U S A.

Grover & Baker's Highest Premium Elastic Stitch Sewing Machines, No. 495 Broadway, New-York, and No. 235 Fulton-st., Brooklyn.

Hill's Hair Dye, Fifty Cents, Black or brown; reliable. Depot No. 1 Barclay-st., sold by all druggists.

Billiard Balls.—Weliing's Ivory and Patent Compressed Ivory Billiard Balls, Checks, &c., No. 571 Broadway, sign of the Golden Elephant.

Marvin's Patent Alum and Dry Plaster Fire and Burglar Safes for offices and dwellings.
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For the Hair and Skin—Barry's Tricopherous.—The best and cheapest article. Sold by all druggists.

Dalton's Knitting Machine Co.'s Unequaled Knitting-machines for factories or families. Office No. 537 Broadway.

Trusses, &c.—MARSH & CO.'S Radical Cure Truss Office, only at No. 2 Vesey-st. Also, supporters, bandages, silk elastic stockings, &c. A lady attendant.

Highest Premium Lock-Stitch Sewing Machines. WHEELER & WILSON, No. 625 Broadway.

MARRIED.

Bayard—Wilson.—In Newark, N. J., on Wednesday, Oct. 12, by Rev. James P. Wilson, D. D., Charles M. Bayard, of Philadelphia, and Margaretta P., daughter of the late Matthew Wilson, of the latter place.

Bassett—Howe.—In Greenwich, Conn., on Wednesday, Oct. 5, by Rev. William E. Bassett, of Warren, Conn., Benjamin F. Bassett, M. D., of Brooklyn, N. Y., and Mrs. M. Louise Howe, daughter of Joseph Brush, Esq., of Greenwich.

Ellis—Patterson.—On Wednesday, Oct. 12, by Rev. W. R. Tompkins, John Ellis and Agnes W., daughter of Edgar C. Patterson, all of Brooklyn.

Field—Combes.—On Monday, Oct. 10, at the Alanson M. E. Church, Norfolk-st., by Rev. Wm. T. Corbit, Albert Field, of Massachusetts, and Maria L., daughter of Charles U. Combes, Esq., of New-York.

Gant—Farrington.—On Wednesday, Oct. 12, by Rev. A. Carter, B. K. Gant, of New-York, and Mary, daughter of Thomas O. Farrington, of Yonkers.

Kimball—Longworth.—On Wednesday afternoon, Oct. 12, at St. Ann's Church, 18th-st., by Rev. Theodore A. Eaton, James Wesley Kimball, of Boston, Mass., and Joanna Longworth, daughter of W. T. Longworth.

Linen—Chesnutwood.—On Wednesday, Oct. 12, by Rev. H. M. Gallagher, John R. Linen, of Buffalo, and Mary Frances, daughter of Levi Chesnutwood, of Brooklyn.

Lowther—Shannon.—At Yonkers, on Wednesday, Oct. 12, at the First Presbyterian Church, by Rev. Dr. Seward, Charles Lowther, Jr., of New-York, and Emma J., daughter of William Shannon, Esq., of the former place.

Ray—Patrick.—On Wednesday, Oct. 12, at the Collegiate Church, corner 5th av. and 29th-st., by Rev. J. C. Dutcher, James Ray and Carrie, eldest daughter of Robert M. Patrick, Esq., all of this City.

Spencer—Goodwin.—At the Church of the Saviour, West Philadelphia, on Wednesday, Oct. 12, by Rev. O. A. L. Richards, Dr. W. C. Spencer, U. S. Army, and Mary M., youngest daughter of Rev. Daniel R. Goodwin, D. D.

Skiff—Tweedy.—On Wednesday, Oct. 12, at St. James' Church, Danbury, Conn., by Rev. F. J. Hanley, D. D., Charles W. Skiff, M. D., formerly of New-Haven, Conn., and Susan R., only daughter of the late A. E. Tweedy, Esq., of Danbury. No cards.

Sterling—Green.—In Brooklyn, on Wednesday, Oct. 12, by Rev. R. S. Storrs, Jr., D. D., Charles A. Sterling and Mary L., eldest daughter of F. W. Green, Esq.

Wight—Hoagland.—At Calvary Church, on Thursday, Oct. 13, by Rev. Dr. Muhlenberg, P. Bonnett Wight and Mary Frances, daughter of the late William Hoagland, all of this City.

DIED.

Barrell.—At Orange, N. J., on Thursday morning, Oct. 13, Cornelia W., wife of George Barrell, Jr., and daughter of the late Capt. Samuel Candler.

The relatives and friends are invited to attend her funeral, from the residence of her father-in-law, Harrison-st., Orange, on Saturday, 15th inst., at 12½ o'clock. Morris and Essex train leaves from the foot of Barclay-st. at 11½ P. M.

Cock.—On Fourth Day evening, Oct. 12, Hattie, youngest child of Effingham and Harriet H. Cock, aged 5 years and 3 months.

The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, at the residence of her parents, No. 200 Lexington-av., on Sixth Day afternoon, the 14th inst., at 4 o'clock. The remains will be taken to Chappaqua, where the funeral will take place at Friends' Meeting-house, at 10½ o'clock on Seventh Day morning.

Cheesebrough.—On Wednesday, Oct. 12, after a brief illness, Francis Cheesebrough, brother of the late Hollam Cheesebrough, aged 62 years, 2 months and 15 days, a native of Stonington, Conn.

The friends of the family, and members of Washington Prospect Temple of Honor No. 5, Caledonian Division No. 31, and the Masonic fraternity generally, are invited to attend his funeral, from his late residence, No. 104 York-st., Brooklyn, on Friday, Oct. 14, at 2 o'clock.

Dickers.—On Wednesday afternoon, at 5 o'clock, Oct. 12, of paralysis, Henry Dickers, Esq., native of Berkshire, Eng., aged 76 years and 4 months.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from his late residence, East 57th-st., between 4th and 5th avs., on Sunday, Oct. 16, at 1 o'clock. The remains will be taken to the Marble Cemetery, 2d-st., New-York, for interment.

Hearn.—Suddenly, on Thursday, Oct. 13, Caroline, wife of James A. Hearn, aged 51 years.

Particulars of funeral hereafter.

Middleton.—Killed at the storming of Chapin's Farm, on Thursday, Sept. 29, Lieut. Benj. F. Middleton, son of B. P. Middleton, of Brooklyn.

His friends, and those of his father, also members of Fortitude Lodge No. 19, F. & A. M., also the members of the Brooklyn 14th N. Y. S. M., and members of 139th N. Y. V., are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, without further invitation, at Fleet-st. M. E. Church, near Fulton-av., Brooklyn, on Friday, the 14th inst., at 2 P. M.

Shipman.—On Tuesday, Oct. 11, at sea, on board steamship *Carolina*, from Beaufort, N. C., to New-York, of typhoid pneumonia, Horatio W. Shipman, late of Brooklyn, N. Y., in the 53d year of his age.

☞ Hartford, Conn., papers please copy.

Schaeffer.—On Wednesday, Oct. 12, Mrs. Sarah Schaeffer, widow of Frederick A. Schaeffer, aged 65 years, 6 months and 6 days.

Funeral services at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. M. A. Jones, 2d-av., 2d house north of 55th-st., on Friday, 14th inst., at 3 o'clock P. M. The remains will be interred at Eastchester on Saturday.

Voorhees.—On Wednesday morning, Oct. 12, at his late residence, New-Brighton, Staten Island, Theodore B. Voorhees.

His friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, on Friday, the 14th inst., at 11 o'clock A. M.

Masonic.—The members of Mechanic Lodge No. 31, F. & A. M., are hereby notified to attend a special communication on Friday, Oct. 14, 1864, at 11 o'clock A. M., for the purpose of attending the funeral of our late Treasurer, Theo. B. Voorhees. Brethren of sister lodges are respectfully invited to attend. By order.

CHARLES C. J. BECK, M.

John Hanna, Secretary.

Wallis.—At Knoxville, Tenn., Sunday, Oct. 2, John H. Wallis, eldest son of John J. Wallis, of Jersey City, aged 24 years and 5 months.

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GREAT AMERICAN TEA COMPANY,
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GREAT AMERICAN TEA COMPANY,
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WONDERFUL RESULTS FROM THE USE OF CHEVALIER'S LIFE FOR THE HAIR, approved and used by prominent *Physicians and Chemists*. Ladies and gentlemen of the highest standing bear witness of its virtues. *It restores gray or faded hair to its original color*, stops its falling out, prevents dandruff, irritation or itching, and keeps the head clean, cool and healthy; will not stain the skin or soil the whitest fabric keeps the hair soft and glossy, and causes it to remain in any desired position. No other dressing is required. Sold at the drug stores and at my office, No, 1,123 Broadway, where advice as to the treatment of the hair will be gratuitously given. Price $1 per bottle; $5 per half dozen, in fancy boxes. Can be sent by express.
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LADIES' BELT BUCKLES,
NEW STYLES,
Very large, two, three, four, five, six and seven dollars each, for sale by G. C. ALLEN, No. 415 Broadway, one door below Canal-st.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

A meeting of the Retail Dry Goods Merchants of New-York City will be held in the Lecture Room at Clinton Hall, on FRIDAY EVENING, Oct. 14, at 8 o'clock, for the transaction of important business. A full attendance is especially requested.

PATENTS! PATENTS!

MUNN & CO., Solicitors of American and Foreign Patents; eighteen years experience; a pamphlet of instructions, full and complete, free. Principal office No. 37 Park-row, New-York.

SEAL RINGS FOR GENTLEMEN,
Fine gold, new styles. Six, Eight, Ten, Twelve, Fifteen, Twenty-five to One Hundred and Fifty Dollars each. For sale by GEO. C. ALLEN, No. 415 Broadway, one door below Canal-st.

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CABINET FURNITURE.
In consequence of the fall in gold we offer our Stock at greatly reduced prices, consisting of parlor, library, dining, reception and bedroom sets, made of the best selected material and in the latest fashionable styles, under the direct superintendence of Mr. J. E. Braunsdorf. All goods warranted.
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The Belt Railroad and Cortlandt-st. stages pass within two blocks of the store.

SLEEVE BUTTONS—NEW STYLES,
Two, Three, Four, Five, Seven, Eight, to Twenty-five Dollars a set. For sale by G. C. ALLEN, No. 415 Broadway, one door below Canal-st.

POST-OFFICE NOTICE.—THE MAILS FOR Great Britain and the Continent via Southampton and Hamburg, per steamer SAXONIA, and for Ireland, via Queenstown, per steamer ETNA, will close at this office on SATURDAY, the 15th day of October, at 10½ o'clock A. M., and at the up-town offices as follows: Stations A and B, 10 A. M.; stations C and D, 9¾ A. M.; stations E and F, 9½ A. M.; station G, 9 A. M.
JAMES KELLY, Postmaster.

CHAPPED HANDS, FACE, LIPS, SUNBURN, ETC.—CERTAIN AND IMMEDIATE CURE—HEGEMAN & CO.'S CAMPHOR ICE WITH GLYCERINE, if used according to the directions, will keep the hands soft in the coldest weather. Price 25 cents. Sold by druggists. Sent by mail on receipt of 30 cents.
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Chemists and Druggists, New-York.

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THE BEST, QUICKEST AND CHEAPEST remedy known for pain or weakness in the back, breast or side, is KNAPP'S Indian Strengthening Plasters. Sold by all druggists. General depot, No. 362 Hudson-st.

ROYAL HAVANA LOTTERY.—SEVENTY-five per cent. premium paid for prizes; information furnished; the highest rates paid for doubloons, and all kinds of gold and silver.
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NEW PUBLICATIONS.

GEN. SHERMAN'S REPORT.

THE ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL,
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Contains Gen. Sherman's Official Report of the operations which resulted in the capture of Atlanta. This report is published entire from the official copy, and will be found invaluable for preservation, not only as a record of one of the grandest campaigns of modern warfare, but as in itself one of the finest military reports this war has called out. It exhibits again the terse, vigorous and picturesque style of military writing with which Gen. Sherman's dispatch, after the battle of Jonesboro, and all his subsequent dispatches, have made the country familiar.
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ANDY
Opens with a very thrilling escape from drowning, which is spiritedly illustrated, as well as is the other interesting adventures and events in the story of
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It is by a celebrated author, and is written in elegant style, to instruct as well as to delight.
READY IN A FEW DAYS.
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HURD & HOUGHTON,
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Have just published:
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The above "Standard" Juvenile Books are elegantly printed at the "Riverside Press," on tinted paper, and bound in red or blue cloth, with full gilt backs.
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COMICAL RHYMES. Printed in red and black. 8vo., paper. Price 30 cents.
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LARGE LETTERS FOR THE LITTLE ONES. Elegantly printed in oil colors. Small quarto. Price 40 cents.
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Offer at wholesale and retail,
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NOW READY:
LIBERTY'S ORDEAL.
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This poem will be found to be a most beautiful and vivid description of the severe ordeal through which American Liberty is now passing. It will strengthen the faith of the wavering in the perpetuity of the Union. Some of its descriptions of battle scenes are extremely grand and soul-stirring.
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AN IMPORTANT WORK FOR THE PRESENT CANVASS.
THE POLITICAL HISTORY
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UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
DURING
THE GREAT REBELLION,
From Nov. 6, 1860, to July 4, 1864;
INCLUDING
A classified summary of the legislation of the Second Session of the Thirty-sixth Congress, the Three Sessions of the Thirty-seventh Congress, the First Session of the Thirty-eighth Congress, with the votes thereon, and the important Executive, Judicial and Political-Military facts of that eventful period; together with the organization, legislation and general proceedings of the rebel Administration.
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Clerk of the House of Representatives of the United States.
1 vol., 8vo, law sheep, $4.
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Sent free by mail on receipt of price.

POLITICAL.

CENTRAL UNION LINCOLN AND JOHNSON CAMPAIGN CLUB.
Meetings of this Club will be held at
COOPER INSTITUTE,
ON
FRIDAY EVENINGS, OCT. 14 and 21,
THURSDAY EVENING, OCT. 27,
AND
MONDAY EVENING, Oct. 30.

On FRIDAY EVENING, Oct. 14, 1864, addresses will be delivered by
HON. THOMAS G. ALVORD,
the Union nominee for Lieutenant-Governor.
GEN. ANDREW J. HAMILTON,
Military Governor of Texas, and
COL. WALTER HARRIMAN,
of New-Hampshire.
HON. C. G. BAYLOR,
of Georgia.

Singing by the UNION GLEE CLUB.
FRONT SEATS RESERVED FOR LADIES.
CHARLES S. SPENCER, President.
JOHN M. COSTA,
Chairman Executive Committee.
Allen Cooper,
H. G. Carter, } Secretaries.
On THURSDAY EVENING, Oct. 27, His Excellency Gov. JOHN BROUGH, of Ohio, will speak.

TWENTIETH WARD UNION MASS MEETING.
There will be a meeting of the Union Citizens, held at the Twentieth Ward Union Headquarters, corner 33d-st. and 8th-av., on FRIDAY EVENING, Oct. 14. Seats reserved for ladies.
The following speakers will address the meeting.
Hon. JAMES R. WHITING,
Hon. HENRY J. RAYMOND,
Hon. B. S. LUDDINGTON.
A Glee Club will be in attendance.
JOHN N. GRIDLEY, President.
John Ortigies, Secretary.
Meeting every THURSDAY EVENING during the campaign.

FRIENDS OF THE UNION RALLY.
TENTH WARD UNION ASSOCIATION.
JAS. D. McCLELLAN, Esq.,
JUDGE THOMAS WHITLEY,
ROBERT SEWELL, Esq.,
Lieut. HERMAN BUCKE, of Tennessee,
will address the loyal men of the Tenth Ward, on FRIDAY EVENING, Oct. 14, at Runyk's Hotel, No. [illegible] Grand-st. Singing by Cook's Glee Club.
THOMAS C. THORNTON, President.
Wm. Bockel,
E. H. Lawrence, } Secretaries.

"UNION WAR EAGLES," NINETEENTH WARD.
This club will meet for grand parade at Dingeldein's, 3d-av. and 59th-st., at 7 o'clock sharp, on FRIDAY EVENING, Oct. 14, 1864. Punctual attendance requested from every member.
JOHN COOPER, Jr., Chief.
CYRUS T. FROST, Treasurer.
J. B. McDONNELL, Secretary.
WM. BANHAM, Jr., Captain Co. A.
N. H. BABCOCK, Jr., Captain Co. B.
SAM. WALLACE, Captain Pioneers.
R. C. MONTGOMERY, Captain Artillery.

FIFTEENTH WARD UNION WAR-EAGLES.
"RALLY ROUND THE FLAG, BOYS."
This Club will meet at Union Headquarters, No. [illegible] 4th-st., this FRIDAY EVENING, Oct. 14, at 7 P. M. promptly, and proceed to the Union Meeting at COOPER INSTITUTE. All loyal citizens of the ward are invited to join in this demonstration. By order
WILLIAM J. COLES, Chief.
H. G. Carter, Secretary.

SPECIAL NOTICE.
TO THE CITIZENS OF THE SEVENTEENTH WARD.
J. A. BARTLETT, Esq.,
ROBERT CROW, Esq.,
will address the XVIIth Ward Citizens' Association
ON
FRIDAY, Oct. 14,
At 8 o'clock P. M.,
at the room of the Association,
No. 24 Cooper Institute.

CITIZEN'S INDEPENDENT UNION NOMINATION.
FOR MEMBER OF CONGRESS IN THE THIRD DISTRICT OF THE STATE OF NEW-YORK,
HON. WM. WALL.

A MEETING OF THE MANHATTAN Union Club will be held at their room, No. 5 Clinton Hall, this (Friday) evening, at 8 o'clock. Addresses by H. E. Farnsworth, J. W. Cromwell and others. The public are invited. Seats reserved for ladies.
GEORGE W. VAN SICLEN, President.
E. W. Coggeshall, Chairman of Executive Com.

BANNERS, FLAGS AND TRANSPARENCIES at the old headquarters, No. 97 Duane-st., corner of Broadway. HOJER & GRAHAM, Sign and Banner Painters. Established [illegible]

INSTRUCTION.

COLUMBIA GRAMMAR SCHOOL,
Nos. 327 and 329 4th-av.,
REV. GEORGE W. BACON, A.M., LL.B., Principal.

The rooms have been much enlarged and refitted, and a gymnasium has been added. The modern languages, drawing, &c., are taught without extra charge. There are three departments—Classical, Commercial and Preparatory.

CHARLIER FRENCH INSTITUTE

For young gentlemen, will reopen Sept. 20, Nos. 48 and 50 East 24th-st. Boarding and day school. A primary department. Pupils prepared for College, business, West Point and the Navy School. The prospectus of the school contains the names of the pupils and those of their parents for the past nine years.

Prof. ELLE CHARLIER, Director.

THE GARDNER INSTITUTE.—ENGLISH and French Boarding and Day School for Young Ladies, No. 16 East 38th-st., will reopen Sept. 20.
DR. and MRS. C. H. GARDNER, Principals.

MISS BRACE'S ENGLISH AND FRENCH Boarding and Day School for young ladies, Nos. 38 and 40 Elm-st., New-Haven, Conn., will reopen WEDNESDAY, Sept. 15, 1864.

DR. BENJAMIN W. DWIGHT'S SCHOOL for boys is at No. 1,144 Broadway, near 26th-st.

MISS KENNEDY'S

French and English school for young ladies and children, No. 12 Union-square, on 4th-av., between 14th and 15th sts. Miss Kennedy is prepared to receive a very limited number of young ladies as boarding pupils. They will be under her own constant supervision, have a pleasant home, unusual facilities for acquiring a thorough practical knowledge of the French language, which is the language of the house, and will receive a complete course of English instruction.

MRS. SYLVANUS REED'S

French and English Boarding and Day School for Young Ladies and Little Girls, at No. 11 West 36th-st. References: Bishop and Mrs. Potter, Rev. Dr. Sprague, Hon. M. and Mrs. Fillmore, Gen. and Mrs. Dix, Hon. W. H. Seward, Hon. Ira Harris, Rev. Dr. Dix, Rev. Dr. Morgan, Hon. Erastus Corning, Hon. A. J. Parker, Prof. and Mrs. Botta, Messrs. Edwin Hoyt, J. H. Swift, E. F. Delancey, George W. Hatch, Gen. J. T. Sprague.

SEWARD INSTITUTE
FOR BOYS.
Florida, Orange County, N. Y.

This institution will commence its semi-annual session Oct. 17. Boys of all ages admitted. Superior advantages offered. Catalogues at J. P. WORSTELL'S, No. 264 Broadway, or at the Institute. T. G. SCHRIVER, A. M., Principal.

MRS. MACAULAY'S
FRENCH AND ENGLISH BOARDING AND DAY-SCHOOL,
No. 263 Madison-av.,

Will reopen on WEDNESDAY, Sept. 21.
For circulars of further particulars, please apply as above.

MR. GEORGE C. ANTHONS'
CLASSICAL, FRENCH AND ENGLISH SCHOOL AND GYMNASIUM,
No. 212 5th-av., corner 26th-st.
Open Sept. 12.

SEWARD INSTITUTE,
FLORIDA, ORANGE CO., N. Y.

The Principal may be seen at the Belmont Hotel, Fulton-st., between the hours of 12 and 1½ P. M.

RIPLEY FEMALE COLLEGE.
Second quarter, Fall session, commences Nov. 2.
Address, for catalogues,
Rev. JOHN NEWMAN, D. D., Poultney, Vt.

PROF. J. E. FROBISHER,
ELOCUTION AND VOCAL CULTURE.
No. 151 2d-av., near 10th-st.

REV. J. H. TYNG WOULD APPRISE parents that he has taken a pleasant and convenient room, corner Broadway and 21st-st., where he will be glad to receive a small number of lads, to whose thorough instruction in all the usual branches of classical and English study his whole time and endeavors will be devoted. The modern languages also will receive their full proportion of attention. Inquiry is invited at 923 Broadway.

WINTER IN ROME.—A GERMAN PROTESTANT lady, accustomed to tuition, purposes to spend next Winter in Rome to procure educational advantages for her daughter. She would be glad to take charge of a few young ladies who might be desirous to accompany her. Invalids not objected to. Proposed time of departure, beginning of November, to remain in Rome six months. The engagement might be made for a year, if desired, and the Summer spent in Germany, Switzerland, &c., &c. Highest references given and required. For terms and particulars, address P. N., North Shore, Staten Island, N. Y.

COLLEGIATE AND ENGINEERING INSTITUTE, No. 18 Cooper Union, New-York.—Students received at any time. Naval, civil and mechanical engineering given. Open day and evening. Prof. Scheinert will resume his classes in ancient and modern languages and fencing in the above institution, Tuesday, Sept. 20. For circulars call or address
Prof. J. G. FOX, A. M., Principal.

A HOME FOR CHILDREN.—A MARRIED lady, of culture and refinement, living in an agreeable New-England town where constant communication by railroad is enjoyed, desires to receive into her family two or three children who, from loss or absence of parents, may require a mother's care. Refers, by permission, to Mrs. T. C. Doremus, No. 54 East 21st-st., New-York. Address Box No. 225, Northampton, Mass.

BEDFORD FEMALE INSTITUTE—BEDford, Westchester Co., N. Y.—A family Boarding-school, under charge of Mr. and Mrs. BOLTON, will reopen WEDNESDAY, Sept. 21. Terms, for board and tuition, $60 per quarter. Circulars obtained of J. H. Fonda, No. 38 Wall-st.; James M. Bates, No. 165 Broadway; James M. Rankin, No. 172 Broadway, corner Maiden-lane, or address the Principal.

JOHN MACMULLEN'S CLASSICAL, French and English School, No. 900 Broadway, corner of 20th-street, was reopened on MONDAY, Sept. 5. Circulars at Christern's, No. 763, Crowen's, No. 843, Corwin's, No. 900, and Mitchell & Seixas', No. 952 Broadway.

THE CLASSICAL, FRENCH, ENGLISH and Primary School of Dr. F. BERTHET and B. BRAMAN, No. 920 Broadway, will reopen Sept. 19. There is a Gymnasium. For circulars, inquire of LOCKWOOD, No. 411 Broadway.

MOUNT WASHINGTON COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE, No. 126 West 4th-st., corner of Macdougal-st., on Washington-square. GEO. W. CLARK, A. M., Rector. Parents and students are invited to visit it during school hours.

GREYLOCK INSTITUTE—SOUTH WILLIAMSTOWN, BERKSHIRE CO., MASS.—A select family school for boys. The Forty-eighth Semi-annual Session will commence Nov. 2. Twenty-five pupils. For circulars, address the Principal, BENJ. F. MILLS, A.M.

IRVING INSTITUTE, TARRYTOWN, N. Y.—A Boarding School for Boys. The fifty-fourth semi-annual session will commence on Tuesday, Nov. 1. For circulars, apply to the Principal,
D. S. ROWE, M. A.

MOUNT VERNON INSTITUTE, MOUNT Vernon, N. Y.—The Fall and Winter term will commence Nov. 1. For circulars apply to the Principal.
JOHN OAKLEY.

MILITARY ACADEMY, TARRYTOWN, N. Y.—The Fall and Winter term will commence on the first MONDAY in October. For circulars, apply to the Superintendent, Gen. M. I. LOCKWOOD.

FAMILY BOARDING SCHOOL AT 82 East 15th-st. Boarding pupils limited to ten; day pupils to thirty. French spoken with a resident French Governess. A few more pupils can be accommodated.

THE MISSES BUCKNALL'S BOARDING and Day School for Young Ladies and Little Girls, at No. 3 West 37th-st., second door from the 5th-av., will reopen Sept. 15.

MRS. TUFFS' FRENCH AND ENGLISH boarding and day school, in West 84th-st., near Central Park, will be reopened Sept. 20. Circulars at Lockwood's, No. 411 Broadway, and Segee, No. 826.

MISS RUSSEL'S SCHOOL AND KINDERGARTEN, No. 1,248 Broadway, reopened Sept. 22. Parents desirous to enter pupils may call between 9 and 11 A. M.

MRS. WILLIAMES, ENGLISH AND French Boarding and Day School, No. 26 West 39th street, will reopen, Sept. 21.

THE MISSES WALKER WILL REOPEN their day school for young ladies, No. 132 Madison-av., on TUESDAY, Sept. 20.

GRAMMAR SCHOOL OF THE UNIVERSITY, Washington-sq.—Primary, Classical & Commercial. Location, size and ventilation of rooms unsurpassed.

BOY'S BOARDING SCHOOL, ESSEX, CONN.—M. A. CUMMINGS, Principal. Terms $250. Circulars at SHELDON & CO.'S, 335 Broadway.

MILITARY BOARDING SCHOOL—White Plains, N. Y.
O. R. WILLIS, A. M., Principal.

WILTON BOARDING INSTITUTE—Terms, $40 to $50 per quarter. ADDISON A. BETTS, Principal, Connecticut.

UNION HALL, JAMAICA, L. I.—MISS STEVENS, PRINCIPAL.—The forty-sixth year of this Seminary will commence on TUESDAY, Sept. 20.

MRS G. ANTHON CALLENDER'S FRENCH and English Boarding and Day School, will reopen on the 22d day of Sept. 1864.

MISS SARAH SEDGWICK'S SCHOOL for boy's, No. 65 West 34th-st., one door west of Broadway. Residence No. 17 West 27th-st.

A YOUNG LADY OF EDUCATION DESIRES to occupy part of each day in writing, at dictation, copying, or reading aloud. Address, stating services required and remuneration, ELLA, care of Harvey Williams, Esq., Station F.

FURNITURE.

ENAMELED CHAMBER FURNITURE.—The best assortment of enameled furniture, in all colors and styles; walnut and chestnut, plain and ornamental, in suites, wholesale and retail; also, mattresses and paillasses. WARREN WARD, No. 277 Canal-st.

ALL KINDS OF FURNITURE, MATTRESSES, bedding, looking-glasses, &c., cheapest at G. W. SNEDEN, No. 263 Bowery, between Stanton and Houston sts. Call and save money. Goods warranted and delivered free. Furniture in suites.

BEDROOM ENAMELED FURNITURE OF warranted manufacture. Also, solid chestnut and walnut chamber suites, plain and ornamental, at H. F. FARRINGTON'S, No. 366 Canal-st., opposite Wooster. Established 1848.

TEACHERS.

PRIVATE PUPILS.—A RECENT GRADUATE of Harvard College wishes to obtain one or two pupils in the classics, mathematics or English branches, German or Italian. Instruction given at the residence of pupils. Boys prepared for any college. Highest references in Cambridge and in this City. Address M. H., care of A. Harthill, No. 90 Wall-st.

TEACHER WANTED—ONE OR TWO HOURS per day, for English branches, in private school of boys. A young man pursuing his studies preferred. Address or apply, on Saturday, at 4 P. M., to L. W. HART, A. M., College Grammar School, Court, corner Joralemon, Brooklyn.

WANTED—A VISITING GOVERNESS, ONE who is competent to teach French, Latin and English to two or three little girls; none need apply unless of cheerful disposition. Address Box No. 3,438 New-York Post-office, with reference.

WANTED—A RESIDENT GOVERNESS TO teach the English branches, French, music and drawing, to three children under ten, whose home is on Staten Island. Address Box No. 5,455 Post-office, or the Collector at Vanderbilt's Landing, Staten Island.

A LADY FROM THE NORTH OF GERMANY, who speaks English and French, and is well versed in literature, wishes to teach her native language, or to engage as visiting governess; would be willing to exchange tuition for board. Address 156 Waverley-place.

AS PRIVATE TUTOR.—A GENTLEMAN OF experience will give private instruction in the Classics, Mathematics and English branches. Highest references. Address M. A., Box No. 135 *Times* Office.

WANTED—AS VISITING GOVERNESS, A LADY of thorough education, to teach the English branches, French and music. Address Box No. 2169, New-York Post-office.

A GERMAN TEACHER, WHO HAS BEEN educated in Paris, and has resided for many years in England as governess, wishes to find a situation. Address C. A., No. 376 4th-av.

AN EXPERIENCED TEACHER, ACCUSTOMED to children, desires the position of resident or visiting governess. References given. Address GOVERNESS, Box No. 1,504 New-York Post-office.

MEDICAL.

A BLESSING TO EVERY WOMAN.

The only specific known to be always safe, healthy and certain for removing obstructions or irregularities of nature, from whatever cause, and bring on the monthly sickness, is the wonderful and infallible PORTUGUESE FEMALE MONTHLY PILLS.

Price $3 and $5. Sold by Dr. A. M. MAURICEAU, sole agent for the United States, office No. 129 Liberty-st., or sent by return mail in letter envelope.

PRIVATE DISEASES CURED IN THE shortest possible time, by DR. WARD & CO., No. 61 Franklin-st., near Broadway, without the use of Mercury, loss of time or change of diet. Dr. WARD, from the hospitals of London, Paris and Edinburgh, is the discoverer of the only certain and reliable remedies for diseases of a private character. In 28 years practice he has cured more cases of Secret Diseases and Wrong Treatment than all others combined. I can and will cure you in less time and at less expense than any other can or will, and those who have been robbed of their money and health, call; it will take but little money and time to restore you. If you have been unfortunate, call at once. By his special experience in this much neglected branch of medical science, he is enabled to guarantee a cure in the most complicated cases. Recent cases of Gonorrhœa or Syphilis cured in a few days, without change of diet or hindrance from business. Secondary Syphilis—the last vestige eradicated without the use of Mercury. Involuntary emissions stopped in a short time. Sufferers from Impotency, or loss of sexual power, restored to full vigor in a few weeks, permanently and speedily cured by a new treatment. Persons at a distance failing to receive prompt treatment elsewhere, may get a permanent cure effected by writing a full diagnosis of their case, addressed to Dr. WARD, No. 61 Franklin-st. Call, send, or write.

MANHOOD AND THE VIGOR OF YOUTH regained in three days by Dr. POWERS' ESSENCE OF LIFE. This wonderful agent restores manhood to the most shattered constitution, radically curing Seminal Weakness, Sexual Debility, and Impediments to marriage generally; Nervousness, Mental and Physical Incapacity, resulting from self-abuse, &c. The time required to cure the most inveterate case is one week. Failure is impossible. This life-restoring remedy should be taken by all about to marry, as its effects are permanent. Young man, are you subject to that soul and body destroying disease, secret habits? Dr. POWERS' Invigorating Essence is a never-failing cure. Sold by WALTER POWERS, M. D., No. 61 Franklin-st., between Broadway and Elm-st., New-York.

CAUTION TO MARRIED AND SINGLE LADIES.—DR. A. M. MAURICEAU, Professor of Diseases of Women, deems it his duty to caution ladies, that his scientific mode of treatment in all cases of irregularity or suppression, is the only one at once healthy and certain in all cases, however complicated. He is consulted with the strictest confidence.

DR. A. M. MAURICEAU is the author of "THE MARRIED WOMAN'S PRIVATE MEDICAL COMPANION," strictly intended for those whose health and circumstances forbid a too rapid increase of family; a perusal of which will convince any lady of his thorough knowledge of her complaints. Every lady who has it is secure from danger and imposition. Price $1. Sold at No. 1 Vesey-st., No. 18 Ann-st.; also, at his office, No. 129 Liberty-st., or sent by mail, by addressing Box No. 1,224 New-York City.

THE GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY FOR GOUT AND RHEUMATISM.

All sufferers from the above complaints, either of recent or long standing, are advised to use Blair's Gout and Rheumatic Pills. They can be relied upon as the most safe and effectual remedy ever offered to the public, and have been universally used in Europe for many years with the greatest success.

Prepared by PROUT & HARSANT, No. 229 Strand, London, England, and sold by their agents, F. C. WELLS & CO., 115 Franklin-st., and by most druggists. Price $1 50 per box.

Her Majesty's Commissioners have authorized the name and address of "Thomas Prout, No. 229 Strand, London," to be impressed upon the Government stamp affixed to each box of the genuine medicine.

MEDICAL AND SURGICAL CONSULTATIONS.—Dr. R. COBBETT can be consulted with the most honorable confidence on private diseases at his conveniently-arranged suite of offices, No. 20 Centre-st., between Chambers and Reade sts., having a private entrance at No. 6 City Hall-place. From Dr. C being one of the oldest, and probably the only qualified physician and surgeon in this City who makes diseases of the genitourinary organs a specialty, he is thus enabled to guarantee speedy and permanent cures, or make no charge. Strictures of the urethra, seminal weakness nervous and general debility treated on the most scientific principles. N. B.—See Dr. C.'s diplomas, in his office, as member of the New-York University Medical College, and College of Surgeons, London. Office hours, 9 A. M. to 8½ P. M.

CAUTION.—CHLORODYNE—IN CHANCERY.—It was clearly proved before Vice-Chancellor Sir W. P. Wood, by affidavits from eminent hospital physicians in London, that Dr. J. Collis Browne was the discoverer of Chlorodyne; that they prescribe it largely, and mean no other than Dr. Browne's.—*See Times*, Jan. 12, 1864. The public, therefore, are cautioned against using any other than Dr. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE, which is affirmed by medical testimonials to be the most efficacious medicine ever discovered for Consumption, Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Spasms, Rheumatism, &c. No home should be without it. J. T. DAVENPORT, No. 33 Great Russell-st., London, sole manufacturer. Observe particularly, none genuine without the words "Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne" on the Stamp. Agent, New-York, Mr. JAMES ASPINWALL, William-st.

ADVICE TO MARRIED LADIES, who require a safe and certain remedy for removing obstructions, from whatever cause. Can rely upon the celebrated INFALLIBLE FRENCH FEMALE MONTHLY PILLS. No. 1, price $1 a box, to restore the monthly sickness in forty-eight hours, if of short standing; but obstinate cases, of long standing, may require No. 2, which are four degrees stronger than No. 1, and can never fail, are safe and healthy, price $5 a box. Sold at No. 127½ Liberty-st., and 162 Chambers-st., or sent by mail, with full instructions; address Box 2,359 N. Y. P. O.

DR. COOPER, NO. 14 DUANE-ST., MAY BE confidently consulted on all diseases of a private nature. A practice of 30 years, devoted to the treatment and cure of Syphilitic, Mercurial and diseases of a delicate nature, enables Dr. C. to make speedy and permanent cures, no matter of how long standing the case may be. Strictures of the urethra and seminal weakness, brought on by a secret habit, effectually cured. The victims of misplaced confidence, who have been misled by quack advertisements, can call on Dr. C. with the certainty of being radically cured or no charge made.

DR. POWERS' PERIODICAL DROPS are designed for both married and single ladies, and are the very best thing known for the purpose, as they will bring on the monthly sickness in case of obstruction from any cause, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. Expressly for obstinate cases. Warranted as represented in every respect, or the price will be refunded. ☞ Beware of imitations! Purchase directly of Dr. POWERS, 61 Franklin-st. N. Y.

HUNDREDS ARE RUINED BEYOND REDEMPTION in this life by not calling on Dr. HUNTER at first; he has for thirty years confined his attention to diseases of a certain class, in which he has cured no less than fifty thousand cases. His remedies are mild and there is no interruption to business or change of diet. Dr. Hunter is in constant attendance from 8 in the morning till 9 at night, at his old office, No. 3 Division-st., New-York City, since 1834. Charges moderate and a cure guaranteed. Separate rooms, so that the patient sees no one but the Doctor himself. His wonderful medical discovery known as Dr. Hunter's Red Drops, cures certain diseases when regular treatment and all other remedies fail; cures without dieting or restriction in the habits of the patient; cures without the disgusting and sickening effects of all other remedies; cures in new cases in less than six hours; cures without the dreadful consequent effects of mercury, and possesses the peculiarly valuable property of annihilating the rank and poisonous taint that the blood is sure to absorb unless his remedy is used. This is what he claims for it, and what no other will accomplish. One dollar will secure by return mail his medical work, 300 pages, 40 colored pictures. Worth all the others put together.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

CAVALRY HORSES WANTED.

CAVALRY BUREAU, OFFICE OF ASST. QUARTERMASTER,
No. 18 State-st., NEW-YORK, July 27, 1864.

I will purchase in OPEN MARKET all the cavalry horses that may be presented and pass inspection at the Government stables, corner of 10th-av. and 35th-st., in this City, until further notice.

Payment will be made in checks, payable in certificates of indebtedness, when seven (7) or more horses are received. Price, one hundred and sixty-five ($165) each.

GEO. T. BROWNING,
Capt. and Asst. Quartermaster.

A FINE GREY MARE FOR SALE, 16 hands high, 6 years old, warranted sound, and kind in single or double harness, and excellent under saddle. To be sold for want of use; also, a top buggy and harness. Address, C. H. MEEKER, No. 6 Dey-st.

HORSES FOR WINTER.—GENTLEMEN having horses to Winter, and who wish them to have extra attention, with warm stables and lawn to run in during fine weather, may address H. L. S., Stamford, Conn.

FINANCIAL.

FISK & HATCH,
BANKERS,
and dealers in Government Securities,
No. 38 Wall-st.,

receive orders for the
NEW 7-30 LOAN
and have the notes always on hand for
IMMEDIATE DELIVERY

☞ Banks, Bankers and Dealers supplied on favorable terms.

☞ All kinds of Government Securities bought and sold at market rates.

WIDOWS' AND ORPHANS' BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.
No. 132 Broadway, New-York.
ORGANIZED, SEPTEMBER 17TH, 1864.
THE ENTIRE SURPLUS EQUITABLY DIVIDED AMONG THE ASSURED.
CAPITAL $200,000, INVESTED IN UNITED STATES SIX PER CENT. STOCKS.
LUCIUS ROBINSON, President.

BOARD OF TRUSTEES:

LUCIUS ROBINSON,	FRED'K M. WINSTON.
WM. V. BRADY,	WM. H. POPHAM,
JOHN V. L. PRUYN,	CHARLES H. WELLING,
S. B. CHITTENDEN,	EZRA WHEELER,
LEVI P. STONE,	SEYMOUR L. HUSTED.
ISAAC GREEN PEARSON	SAM'L D. BABCOCK,
MARTIN BATES,	ALEX. W. BRADFORD,
WILLIAM BETTS,	DAVID HOADLEY,
JOHN P. YELVERTON,	HENRY A. SMYTHE,
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SHEPPARD HOMANS,	F. RATCHFORD STARR,
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SAM'L E. SPROULLS,	CHARLES H. RAYMOND,
HARVEY B. MERRELL,	M. M. FREEMAN,
RICHARD A. McCURDY,	ALONZO CHILD,

Secretary, CHARLES H. RAYMOND.
Consulting Actuary, SHEPPARD HOMANS.
Medical Examiner, GUSTAVUS S. WINSTON, M. D.
Consulting Physician, MINTURN POST, M. D.
Counsel. { Hon. ALEXANDER W. BRADFORD, RICHARD A. McCURDY, Esq.

This Company is now prepared to issue Life Insurance, Endowment and Deferred Annuity Policies.

CENTRAL PARK, NORTH AND EAST RIVER RAILROAD COMPANY, No. 1 STATE-ST.,
NEW-YORK, Oct. 1, 1864.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKHOLDERS of this company for the election of thirteen directors and three inspectors of election will be held at this office on TUESDAY, Oct. 18, 1864, at 12 o'clock M.
By order JAMES WARING, Secretary.

MONEY TO LOAN ON BOND AND MORTGAGE—In sums of from $3,000 to $20,000. Apply to ADAMS & YOUNG, No. 170 Broadway.

AUCTION SALES.

UNITED STATES MARSHAL'S SALE.
DANIEL H. BURDETT, Auctioneer.

By virtue of orders of sale to me directed by Hon. THOS. J. BOYNTON, Judge of the District Court of the United States for the Southern District of Florida, I will sell by public auction, on
TUESDAY, Oct. 18,
AT 12 O'CLOCK, NOON,
FROM PINTO'S STORES, ATLANTIC DOCKS, BROOKLYN,
Joint capture by United States steamer Clyde and Bark J. S. Chambers,
Marked A:
34 ROUND BALES COTTON.
Marked B:
27 SQUARE BALES COTTON.
Captured by United States Bark Roebuck,
2 BALES UPLAND COTTON.
Cargo prize sloop Henrietta,
13 BALES UPLAND COTTON.
9 BALES SEA-ISLAND COTTON.

Catalogues and samples at the office of BENNER & BROWN, No. 113 Wall-st., three days before sale.
JAMES C. CLAPP,
U. S. Marshal, Southern District, Florida.

J. H. DRAPER, Auctioneer.

UNITED STATES MARSHAL'S SALE.
By JOHN H. DRAPER & CO.,
Office, No. 36 Pine-st.
SALE OF ORDNANCE STORES,
At store No. 62 New-st., near Beaver-st.,
On MONDAY, Oct. 17, 1864,
At 12 o'clock, noon.

By order of Cuthbert Bullitt, Esq., United States Marshal, Eastern District of Louisiana, will be sold the following described Ordnance Stores, being seizures made within the jurisdiction of the United States District Court of Eastern Louisiana, the sale of which was forbidden there by the military authorities of New-Orleans, viz.:

67 Cases of Muskets,
434 Kegs and 13 Boxes of Powder,
332 Bags and 13 Boxes of Shot,
13 Revolvers,
about 500,000 Percussion Caps,
8 Kegs Ball Cartridges,
2,000 Metallic Cartridges,
40 Revolver Cartridges,
24 Boxes of Swords,
5 Swords.

Terms of Sale—Cash in Government funds.

The above goods may be examined three days before the sale at the above store. Samples will be ready for inspection on the 8th inst. at the office of the auctioneers.

EDWARD SCHENCK, Auctioneer.
IMPORTERS' SALE OF

SUPERB FRENCH AND ENGLISH FANCY GOODS.

By EDWARD SCHENCK, on THIS DAY, 14th inst., at 10½ o'clock, at his salesroom, No. 60 Liberty-st., great sale of the most superb Fancy Goods, comprising a large assortment of entirely new patterns and designs, just imported, consisting of
FINE BRONZES, SUPERB PARIAN FIGURES,
ELEGANT BRONZE,
ORMOLU AND MARBLE CLOCKS,
SEVRES AND FRENCH CHINA VASES,
SUPERB CUT AND BOHEMIAN GLASSWARE,
ELEGANT ORMOLU GOODS, SILVER-PLATED WARE,
and a large variety of other elegant Fancy Goods.

The goods will be on exhibition on WEDNESDAY at the salesroom. Ladies and the public generally are invited to examine them. Purchasers can have their goods carefully packed and shipped at a small cost.

HENRY H. LEEDS, Auctioneer,

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, UNCLAIMED BAGGAGE, &C.

HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER will sell at auction on SATURDAY, Oct. 15, at 10½ o'clock, at their Sales oom, No. 93 Liberty-st., a general assortment of Household Furniture, consisting of Brussells, velvet and ingrain carpets, rosewood suites in green reps, rosewood chairs covered in crimson reps, carved rosewood and mahogany washstands, bedsteads, dressing bureaus, gilt frame French plate mantel glasses, hair mattresses, straw paillasses, stair carpets, elegant gilt and marble top center table, brocatel window curtains, mosaic inlaid table, black walnut dressing bureaus, china, crockery and glassware.

ALSO, about 75 to 100 packages of unclaimed baggage remaining in the hands and sold by order of the proprietors of the St. Nicholas Hotel.

ALSO, a large invoice of buckskin belts, leather belts, brass and silvered letters, sabres, captain's and lieutenants cavalry straps, spring hooks for belts, cotton carbine covers, buckskin carbine covers, &c.

GEORGE A. LEAVITT, Auctioneer,

GREAT SALE OF RARE COINS.
Book Trade Sale Rooms, No. 498 Broadway.
By J. E. COOLEY.

OCTOBER, 18, 19, 20, 21, and 22, at 5 o'clock, P. M., each day.

Fifth semi-annual sale of W. Elliott Woodward's collection of American and Foreign coins and medals. The catalogue, embracing some 3,000 lots, is now ready. Price 50 cents.

ADJOURNMENT NOTICE.

In consequence of an unexpected delay in printing the maps, the sale of the property at Rye, Westchester County, belonging to the Roosevelt Hospital, advertised to be made by us on the 18th of October, is adjourned to the 25th of October, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway. The maps will be ready on Tuesday the 18th inst.
ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO.,
Auctioneers, No. 5½ Pine-st.

HENRY H. LEEDS, Auctioneer.

HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER WILL sell at auction, on SATURDAY, Oct. 15, at 12 o'clock, in front of their salesroom, No. 93 Liberty-st.:

A VALUABLE MORGAN HORSE, about 15½ hands, very stylish, sound and kind; can trot in about three minutes; sold only for want of use.

A splendid bay mare, about 15 hands, sound, kind and gentle, stylish driver and an excellent saddle beast.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer,

AMERICAN TELEGRAPH STOCK AT AUCTION.—ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO., will sell at auction on WEDNESDAY, Oct. 19, at 12½ o'clock at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, 500 shares American Telegraph Co., $100 each.

T. R. MINTURN, Auctioneer.

THIS DAY, FRIDAY, OCT. 14, AT 12 o'clock, on pier No. 14, North River.
FRESH MALAGA LEMONS.
480 boxes fresh new crop Malaga Lemons, landing ex Volunteer, from Malaga.

AUCTION NOTICE.—BY ORDER OF REAR-Admiral Hiram Paulding, I will offer for sale on MONDAY, the 24th inst., at 12 o'clock, M., at the Navy Yard, Brooklyn, about 250 pieces live oak ship timber, on account of storage and charges.
D. D. T. MARSHALL,
U. S. Naval Storekeeper.

D. W. IVES & Co., Auctioneers.

WILL SELL SEA SHELLS AND JAPANESE GOODS, at auction, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock, at our store, No. 646 Broadway.

WEDDING CARDS.

French Note Papers, Seals and Presses, Silver Plates, etc., at J. Everdell's, 302 Broadway, cor. Duane St.
For Specimens by mail, send 25 cents.

FINANCIAL.

PROPOSALS FOR LOAN.
FIVE-TWENTY BONDS.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, WASHINGTON, Oct. 1, 1864.

SEALED OFFERS will be received at this Department, under the act of Congress, approved June 30, 1864, until the noon of Friday, the 14th instant, for bonds of the United States, to the amount of forty millions of dollars. The bonds offered will bear an interest of six per centum, payable semi-annually, in coin, on the first days of May and November, and will be redeemable at the pleasure of the Government, after five years, and payable twenty years from Nov. 1, 1864.

Each offer must be for fifty or some multiple of fifty dollars, and must state the sum including premium offered for each hundred dollars, or for fifty when the offer is for no more than fifty. Two per cent. of the principal (excluding premium) of the whole amount bid for, by each bidder, must be deposited, as a guaranty for the payment of subscriptions if accepted, with the Treasurer of the United States at Washington, or with the Assistant Treasurer at New York, Boston, Philadelphia or St. Louis, or with the designated Depositary at Baltimore, Pittsburgh, Cincinnati, Louisville, Chicago, Detroit or Buffalo, or with any National Deposit Bank which may consent to transact the business without charge, for which deposits duplicate certificates will be issued to the depositors by the officer or bank receiving them—the originals of which must be forwarded, with the offers, to this Department. All deposits should be made in time for the certificates with the offers to reach Washington not later than the morning of Oct. 14, as aforesaid. No offer, not accompanied by its proper certificate of deposit, will be considered.

The Coupon and Registered Bonds, issued under this proposal, will be of the denominations of $50, $100, $500 and $1,000. Registered Bonds of $5,000 and $10,000 will be issued if required.

All offers received will be opened on Friday, Oct 14. The awards will be made by the Secretary to the highest offerers, and notice of acceptance or declination will be immediately given to the respective offerers. In cases of acceptance, bonds of the description and denomination preferred will be sent to the subscribers, at the cost of the Department, on final payment of installments. The deposit of two per cent. will be reckoned in the last installments paid by successful offerers, and will be immediately returned to those whose offers may not be accepted.

The amount of accepted offers must be deposited with the Treasurer, officer or bank authorized to act under this notice, on advice of the acceptance of offers, as follows: One-half on the 20th October, and the balance, including the premium and original two per cent. deposit, on the 31st October.

The bonds will bear interest from Nov. 1. Interest on deposits, from their date to Nov. 1, will be paid by the Government in coin.

One-half of the first installment, or twenty-five per cent. of accepted offers, may be paid, with accrued interest to Oct. 14, in United States "Certificates of Indebtedness," but such certificates will be received in part payment of the first installment only.

Offers under this notice should be indorsed "Offer for Loan," and addressed to the Secretary of the Treasury. The right to decline all offers not considered advantageous to the Government is reserved by the Secretary.
W. P. FESSENDEN,
Secretary of the Treasury.

VERMILYE & CO.,
NO. 44 WALL-ST.,
will receive subscriptions to the
NEW 7.30 TREASURY NOTE LOAN,
and allow ¼ per cent. commission to subscribers.

These notes are issued in denominations of $50, $100, $500, $1,000 and $5,000, maturing in THREE YEARS from Aug. 15, 1864—interest payable semi-annually in currency, at the rate of 7 3-10 PER CENT. per annum.

The notes are payable in Currency at maturity, or convertible into 5.20 SIX PER CENT BONDS, with interest, payable in Gold.

Also, BUY and SELL, at market rates, all kinds of GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, including
U. S. 5.20 BONDS.
U. S. 7.30 TREASURY NOTES.
U. S. 12 MOS. CERTIFICATES OF INDEBTEDNESS.
U. S. QUARTERMASTERS' CHECKS.
U. S. Two Year 5 per cent. LEGAL TENDER NOTES.
U. S. 6 per cent. COUPON and REGISTERED, of 1881.
MATURING CERTIFICATES OF INDEBTEDNESS collected or purchased.

VERMILYE & CO.,
NO. 44 WALL-ST.,
HAVE FOR SALE
MORRIS AND ESSEX RAILROAD COMPANY,
FIRST MORTGAGE, 7 PER CENT. BONDS,
OF $100, $500 AND $1,000,
REDEEMABLE IN FIFTY YEARS,
WITH COUPONS PAYALE IN NEW-YORK,
AND PROVISION FOR A SINKING FUND FOR THE REDEMPTION AT MATURITY.

These bonds are a portion of an issue, the whole amount of which is $3,500,000, and are offered for sale for the purpose of extending the road to Hackettstown, the precinct terminus, to Philipsburgh, opposite Easton, and for building double track, furnishing rolling stock, reducing grades, constructing branches, &c.

The Morris and Essex Railroad, when extended, will make a close connection with the Lehigh Valley Railroad, and will become one of the most important avenues for the transportation of coal from the Lehigh region to New-York, and will also form the part of the great through line to Cincinnati and Chicago, and the Great West generally, via Lehigh Valley, Allentown, Pennsylvania Central and Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railroads.

These bonds are secured by a first mortgage to James Brown and Peter Cooper, Trustees, upon the road of the Company, completed, and in the course of construction, from the Hudson River, at Hoboken, to the Delaware River, at Pittsburgh, and other extensions in contemplation, including all rights, real estate, equipment, and other property.

EIGHTH NATIONAL BANK
NO. 650 BROADWAY,
Near Bleecker-st.,
UNITED STATES DEPOSITORY.
Subscriptions received for the new popular
7.3-10 LOAN,
And the entire commission of $2 50 on each $1,000 allowed.
10-40 Bonds on hand for immediate delivery.
CHAS. HUDSON, Cashier.

CARR, TAYLOR & CO.,
STOCK BROKERS,
No. 30 Broad-st.,
New-York.
STOCKS AND BONDS BOUGHT AND SOLD,
Exclusively on Commission,
at the New-York Stock Exchange.
CHAS. H. CARR, MATT. TAYLOR,
WILLIAM BELDEN.

GRINNELL & NEVERS,
STOCK BROKERS, No. 15 Broad-st., New-York.
Government Securities, Railway Stocks, &c., &c., bought and sold at the N. Y. Stock Exchange, exclusively on commission.
WILLIAM F. GRINNELL. BENJAMIN M. NEVERS.

TO CAPITALISTS.
$100,000 LOAN.

The above amount wanted on ten years' 7 per cent. semi-annual Coupon Bonds of Cortland County, N. Y. Interest and principal payable at my banking office, No. 139 Broadway.
H. J. MESSENGER.

BROWN, BROTHERS & CO.,
NO. 56 WALL-ST.,
ISSUE COMMERCIAL AND TRAVELERS' CREDITS FOR USE IN THE COUNTRY AND ABROAD.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE AND CHICAGO RAILROAD COMPANY, PITTSBURGH, Oct. 6, 1864.

NOTICE TO BONDHOLDERS.—THE agreement modifying the First and Second Mortgages of this Company, has been executed by the President and the Trustees, under the deed of trust, and the evidence of such agreement to be attached to each bond is now ready. Bondholders may present their bonds at this office, or at the Company's Transfer Agency, WINSLOW, LANIER & CO., No. 52 Wall-st., New-York, and have the agreement attached thereto, or they may send to either of the above-named places a full description and the number of their bonds, when the agreement will be sent to the bondholder to be by him affixed to the bonds.
W. H. BARNES, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE ST. LOUIS, JACKSONVILLE AND CHICAGO RAILROAD COMPANY,
JACKSONVILLE, Ill., Sept. 16, 1864.

COUPONS OF THE FIRST MORTGAGE Bonds of the St. Louis, Jacksonville and Chicago Railroad Company, due Oct. 1, 1864, will be paid on and after that date, at the office of M. K. JESUP & CO., No. 59 Exchange-place, New-York, free of Government tax.
JAMES BERDAN, Treasurer.

OFFICE OF THE ADIRONDACK COMPANY,
No. 13 WILLIAM-ST., NEW-YORK, Sept. 24, 1864.

THE ANNUAL ELECTION OF DIRECTORS of this company will take place on MONDAY Oct. 23, 1864, at this office.
GEO. T. M. DAVIS, President.
GEO. W. PRATT, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE STERLING FIRE INSURANCE CO.,
No. 6 Wall Street, New York, October 13, 1864.

AT A MEETING OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS of the Sterling Fire Insurance Co., held this day, Dayton Ogden, Esq., was unanimously elected Vice-President of the Company.
ISAAC D. COLE, JR., Secretary.

OFFICE HOLMAN GOLD MINING CO., No. 200 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK, Oct. 11, 1864.—The Trustees of Holman Gold Mining Co., voted at the last monthly meeting to offer 5,000 shares of their reserve stock for working capital, at $2 20 per share. Par value $2. This Company own fifty gold-bearing claims, all well tested; a 12-stamp mill now running, shed, office and stable, all in Gilpin and Clear Creeks Co's, Colorado.
H. P. CROZIER, President.
JOHN O'NEIL, Secretary.

FOR SALE—STATE OF MASSACHUSETTS Five per cent. Coupon Bonds, due in 1894. Interest and principal payable in gold. Apply to BLAKE BROS. & CO., No. 17 Wall-st.

FINANCIAL.

U. S. 7-30 LOAN.

The Secretary of the Treasury gives notice that subscriptions will be received for Coupon Treasury Notes payable three years from Aug. 15, 1864, with semi-annual interest at the rate of seven and three-tenths per cent. per annum,—principal and interest both to be paid in lawful money.

These notes will be convertible at the option of the holder at maturity, into six per cent. gold-bearing bonds, payable not less than five nor more than twenty years from their date, as the Government may elect. They will be issued in denominations of $50, $100, $500, $1,000 and $5,000, and all subscriptions must be for fifty dollars, or some multiple of fifty dollars.

As the notes draw interest from August 15, persons making deposits subsequent to that date must pay the interest accrued from date of note to date of deposit.

SPECIAL ADVANTAGES OF THIS LOAN.

IT IS A NATIONAL SAVINGS BANK, offering a higher rate of interest than any other, and *the best security*. Any savings bank which pays its depositors in United States notes considers that it is paying in the best circulating medium of the country, and it *cannot* pay in anything better, for its own assets are either in Government securities or in notes or bonds payable in Government paper.

CONVERTIBLE INTO A SIX PER CENT. 5-20 GOLD BOND.

In addition to the very liberal interest on the notes for three years, this privilege of conversion is now worth about three per cent. per annum, for the current rate for 5-20 Bonds is not less than *nine per cent. premium*, and before the war the premium on six per cent. U. S. Stocks was over twenty per cent. It will be seen that the actual profit on this loan, at the present market rate, is not less than ten per cent. per annum.

ITS EXEMPTION FROM STATE OR MUNICIPAL TAXATION.

But aside from all the advantages we have enumerated, a special act of Congress *exempts all bonds and Treasury notes from local taxation*. On the average, this exemption is worth about two per cent. per annum, according to the rate of taxation in various parts of the country.

It is believed that no securities offer so great inducements to lenders as those issued by the Government. In all other forms of indebtedness, the faith or ability of private parties, or stock companies, or separate communities, only is pledged for payment, while the whole property of the country is held to secure the discharge of all the obligations of the United States.

SUBSCRIPTIONS WILL BE RECEIVED BY THE
ASSISTANT TREASURER OF THE UNITED STATES, corner of Wall and Nassau sts.
First National Bank of New-York, No. 4 Wall-st.
Second National Bank of New-York, 23d-st. and Broadway.
Third National Bank of New-York, No. 5 Nassau-st.
Fourth National Bank of New-York, 27 and 29 Pine-st.
Fifth National Bank of New-York, No. 338 3d-av.
Sixth National Bank of New-York, 6th-av. and Broadway.
Eighth National Bank of New-York, No. 650 Broadway.
Ninth National Bank of New-York, No. 363 Broadway.
Tenth National Bank of New-York, No. 240 Broadway
Central National Bank of New-York, No. 71 Duane-st.
National Exchange Bank of New-York, No. 184 Greenwich-st.

And by all National Banks, which are depositaries of public money,
AND ALL RESPECTABLE BANKS AND BANKERS throughout the country will give further information and AFFORD EVERY FACILITY TO SUBSCRIBERS.

NATIONAL SECURITIES.
ALMY & CO.,
CONTINENTAL BANK BUILDING,
NO. 7 NASSAU-ST., N. Y.,

Receive SUBSCRIPTIONS for the 7-30 and 10-40 NATIONAL LOANS on the most favorable terms. The usual COMMISSION allowed to investors.

All descriptions of GOVERNMENT and other SECURITIES BOUGHT and SOLD at market rates.

FIVE PER CENT. allowed on deposits, *which may be drawn without previous notice.*

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young girl to do chamberwork, fine washing and ironing; best of City reference given from her last place. Inquire at No. 111 West 17th-st.

THE TARR FARM
PETROLEUM CO.
OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK.
OFFICE NO. 61 CEDAR-ST., NEW-YORK.
CAPITAL $3,000,000.
30,000 SHARES. PAR VALUE $100 EACH.

TRUSTEES.

GEO. P. BRADFORD, Esq.	New-York.
Hon. ROGER AVERILL	Danbury, Conn.
WILLARD PARKER, M. D.	New-York.
ALANSON A. SUMNER	Albany, N. Y.
E. B. BELDEN, M. D.	New-York.
J. T. SANGER	New-York.
JAMES WADSWORTH	New-York.

To all acquainted with the Oil Region of Western Pennsylvania the name of this company, as indicating its locality, is significant of the great value of its properties.

There is no better Oil Territory.

It embraces interests in more than twenty productive wells, and in twelve others now rapidly approaching completion; while the further development of its large unimproved area will at an early day greatly increase its product.

We offer it as a permanent dividend-paying investment.

A limited amount of this stock can be obtained solely of the undersigned at $50 per share, being ONE-HALF of its par value.

The declared dividend for the month is one per cent. on its entire capital, to which purchasers within the month will be entitled.

JAMES WADSWORTH & CO.,
No. 61 Cedar-st., New-York.

THE PRESIDENT PETROLEUM COMPANY,
PRESIDENT, VENANGO COUNTY, PENN.
CAPITAL STOCK, $5,000,000,
IN SHARES OF $5 EACH, PAR VALUE,
SUBSCRIPTION PRICE $1 PER SHARE.
Being in full payment for a $5 share. No further call or assessment to be made.
100,000 SHARES RESERVED FOR WORKING CAPITAL.

THESE LANDS CONTAIN ABOUT 8,400 ACRES, on the Aleghany River and on Hemlock, Porcupine and McCrea Creeks, MAKING AN OIL-BOILING TERRITORY OF OVER TEN AND A HALF MILES IN EXTENT. The wells on the adjoining property, known as the "Celebrated Hendrick" wells and "Pithole Creek" wells, are famous for their immense supply of oil. The wells on this property are being sunk with great vigor, and promise large supplies of oil.

To the capitalist and to parties of limited means, unsurpassed inducements are offered.

Subscription books, maps, and all other information, can be obtained at the office of
L. H. SIMPSON & CO., No. 64 Cedar-st.

THE NINTH NATIONAL BANK,
NO. 363 BROADWAY.
NEW-YORK, Oct. 3, 1864.
DEPOSITORY OF THE UNITED STATES IN THE CITY OF NEW-YORK.

This Bank will receive bids for the new Loan of
FORTY MILLIONS
5-20 Six Per Cent. Bonds,
To be awarded Oct. 14.

One-quarter of the amount to be paid in Certificates of Indebtedness.

This Bank will be represented at Washington by its President, and will receive and place with its bids all offers, and charge ⅛ per cent. if successful.
J. U. ORVIS, President.
JOHN T. HILL, Cashier.

H. J. MESSENGER,
BANKER,
NO. 139 BROADWAY,

Will receive subscriptions to the NEW 7-30 TREASURY NOTES, and 10-40 BONDS, and allow the usual commissions.

We buy and sell at market rates,
U. S. 5-20 BONDS.
U. S. 6s, OF 1881.
U. S. ONE-YEAR CERTIFICATES.
U. S. QUARTERMASTER'S CHECKS.
U. S. 7-30 NOTES converted into 6s of '81.
U. S. CERTIFICATES COLLECTED.
Also, Gold, Silver, Canada and Uncurrent Money Bought and Sold at best rates.
ACCOUNTS of Banks, Bankers and Individuals received on favorable terms.

SIXTH NATIONAL BANK.
Corner 35th-st., Broadway and 6th-av.,

Will receive subscriptions to the new 7-30 Treasury Notes at the Bank, and at the Bank of the Commonwealth. Ten-Forty Bonds on hand for immediate delivery.
C. DARLING, President.
J. W. B. DOBLER, Cashier.

SUBSCRIPTIONS RECEIVED TO THE 7.30 PER CENT. AND 10.40
NATIONAL LOANS,
(¼ per cent. commission allowed,)
BY
LIVERMORE, CLEWS & CO.,
No. 32 Wall-st., New-York,
Bankers and Government Loan Agents.

HAMPSHIRE AND BALTIMORE COAL COMPANY.
NEW-YORK OFFICE, NO. 59 TRINITY BUILDING.
OCT. 8, 1864.

The annual election of Directors of this Company will take place on THURSDAY, the 20th inst., at this office, between the hours of 12 M. and 2 P. M.
By order JOHN G. GREENLEES, Secretary.

NOTICE.—AN ANNUAL ELECTION FOR THIRTEEN Directors of the Hicksville and Cold Spring Branch Railroad Company, and three Inspectors of Election, will be held in Room No. 13 Insurance Buildings, corner Wall and William sts., on MONDAY, the 14th day of November. Polls open from 2 to 3 P. M.
WALTER R. T. JONES, Secretary.

COMMISIONER FOR NEW-JERSEY and other States—No. 5 Beekman-st., Room No. first floor over Park Bank.

DIVIDENDS.

SHOE AND LEATHER BANK,
NEW-YORK, Sept. 30, 1864.

DIVIDEND.

The usual Semi-Annual Dividend of Four (4) per Cent. out of the profits of the past six months, has this day been declared by the Board of Directors, payable on and after the 10th day of October.

The Transfer Books will be closed till that date.
W. A. KISSAM, Cashier.

OFFICE OF THE EAGLE FIRE CO.,
NO. 71 WALL-ST.
NEW-YORK, Oct. 4, 1864.

A Semi-annual Dividend of 7½ Per Cent., free of Government tax, has this day been declared, payable on demand. By order of the Board of Directors.
A. J. CLINTON, Secretary.

CLIFTON PETROLEUM COMPANY.
NOTICE OF DIVIDEND NO. 1.
NEW-YORK, Oct. 13, 1864.

The trustees of the Clifton Petroleum Company have declared a dividend of one per cent. for the month of September, payable Oct. 31, at the office of the company, No. 81 John-st., New-York, to shareholders of record at the close of business this day.
WALTER E. LAWTON, Treasurer.

McKINLEY OIL COMPANY.
NOTICE OF DIVIDEND NO. 2.
NEW YORK, Oct. 5.

The Trustees of the McKinley Oil Company, have declared a Dividend of Three per Cent (out of the net earnings of the Company for the month of September,) payable on demand at the office of the company No. 81 John-street New-York, to shareholders of record at the close of business this day.
WALTER E. LAWTON, Treasurer.

BRIGGS GOLD COMPANY.
NOTICE OF DIVIDEND NO. 6.
NEW-YORK, Oct. 5, 1864.

A dividend of One per cent for the month of September has been declared payable at the office of the company, No. 81 John-st, New-York, on and after Oct 17, 1864, to shareholders of record, at the close of business this day.
WALTER E. LAWTON, Treasurer.

OFFICE CLEVELAND AND TOLEDO RAILROAD CO.,
CLEVELAND, Ohio, Oct. 7, 1864.

DIVIDEND NOTICE.—AT A MEETING OF the Directors of this Company, held this day, a semi-annual dividend of five (5) per cent. was declared, free of Government tax, payable to the stockholders of this Company, at the Continental Bank, in the City of New-York, on the 25th of October, instant, until the 20th day of November next, and after that date, at the Company's office in Cleveland.

The transfer books of the Company will close on the 15th day of October, at 3 o'clock P. M., and remain closed until the 26th day of October at 10 o'clock, A. M.
H. C. LACE, Treasurer.

OFFICE PRESTON COAL AND IMPROVEMENT COMP'Y,
No. 205½ WALNUT-ST., PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 28, 1864.

DIVIDEND.—THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS have this day declared a Dividend of Two (2) Per Cent. on the Capital Stock of the Company, payable to Stockholders on and after Oct. 20. The Transfer Books will be closed from Oct. 3 to Oct. 20.
H. P. RUTTER, Secretary.

SAVINGS BANKS.

THIRD-AVENUE SAVINGS BANK.
Corner 3d-av. and 26th-st.
CHARTERED 1854.

BANK OPEN daily from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M., and on MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS, from 6 to 8 P. M.

SIX PER CENT. interest allowed on all sums from $1 to $1,000.

All moneys deposited on or before Oct. 20, will draw interest from the 1st.
SPENCER K. GREEN, President.
RICHARD KELLY, Secretary.

ATLANTIC SAVINGS BANK.
CHATHAM SQUARE, NEW-YORK.
OPEN DAILY.
SIX PER CENT INTEREST ALLOWED.
Deposits made now, or on or before October 20th, will draw interest from October 1st.
M. D. VAN PELT, President.
CHAS. D. BAILEY, Treasurer.
JOSEPH P. COOPER, Secretary.

UNION DIME SAVINGS' BANK.
Nos. 427 and 429 CANAL-ST., corner Varick.
ASSETS....................................$1,212,650

OPEN DAILY from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M., and on MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS, from 5 to 7. SIX PER CENT. interest allowed. Money deposited on or before Oct. 20, *will bear interest from Oct.* 1.
EDER V. HAUGHWOUT, President.
GARDENER S. CHAPIN, Secretary.

IRVING SAVINGS INSTITUTION,
NO. 96 WARREN-ST.

Interest allowed at the rate of 6 per cent on all sums entitled thereto. Open daily from 10 to 2 P. M., and on Monday, Thursday and Saturday afternoons from 4 to 7 P. M. N. B.—Money to loan on bond and mortgage.
WALTER W. CONCKLIN, President.
VANDERBILT L. BUXTON, Secretary.

CITIZEN'S SAVINGS BANK.
Bowery, corner of Canal-street.

SIX PER CENT. INTEREST allowed on all sums of Five Hundred Dollars under, and FIVE PER CENT. on larger amounts.

All money deposited on or before Oct. 20, will bear interest from 1st inst. Bank open daily from 10 to 3, and on Monday, Wednesday and Friday evenings from 5 to 7. Bank books in English, German and French.
GEO. FOLSOM, President.
SEYMOUR A. BUNCE, Secretary.

MARKET SAVINGS BANK.
No. 82 Nassau-st., New-York.
OPEN DAILY, FROM 10 A. M. TO 3 P. M.
On MONDAYS and THURSDAYS from 3 to 7 P. M.
SIX PER CENT. INTEREST ALLOWED.
Money deposited on or before Oct. 20, will draw interest from Oct. 1. LUTHER C. CARTER, President.
HENRY R. CONKLIN, Secretary.

FRANKLIN SAVINGS BANK, CORNER 8th-av. and 42d-st. Open daily. Deposits made now and until Oct. 20, draw interest from 1st Oct. Interest 6 per cent. SAMUEL NEWBY, Pres.
JAMES F. CHAMBERLAIN, Sec.

LEGAL NOTICES.

MASTER'S SALE.

Pursuant to the command of an alias decretal order of sale from the Court of Common Pleas of Summit County, at the suit of Francis Dunlevy and Willis Robbins, administrators of Elias Fassett, deceased, against the Cleveland, Zanesville and Cincinnati Railroad Company, et al, to me directed, I shall offer for sale at public auction, at the door of the Court-house, in Akron, on WEDNESDAY, the 2d day of November, 1864, between the hours of 1 o'clock P. M. and 4 o'clock P. M., the entire real estate of said Railroad Company, to which they have any title legal or equitable, their said railroad, formerly known as the Akron Branch of the Cleveland & Pittsburgh Railroad, and located in the counties of Summit, Wayne and Holmes, in the State of Ohio; running from Hudson, Summit County, its junction with said Cleveland & Pittsburgh Railroad, a distance of about sixty-one miles, to Millersburgh, Holmes County, crossing the Atlantic & Great Western Railroad at Akron, and the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railroad at Orrville; the right of way, therefor, and the land occupied thereby. The superstructure and all the tracks thereon, bridges, viaducts, culverts, fences, depot grounds, depots, machine shops, engine-houses and all other buildings thereon, water stations and tank houses, and all appurtenances of their said road, and also all the franchises, rights and privileges of said Company, of, in, to or concerning the same—except the premises heretofore conveyed by said Railroad Company to the Atlantic and Great Western Railroad Company, pursuant to the decree of said Court.

Appraised at $225,000.

Also at the same time and place, I will offer for sale at public auction, all the personal property of said Cleveland, Zanesville & Cincinnati Railroad Company, including the equipment of said railroad now in the hands of the Receiver of said Company, or which may be in his hands at the time of such sale, consisting in part of four locomotives, six passenger cars, four baggage cars, 56 gravel cars, 57 house freight cars, 40 flat freight cars, 12 hand cars, timber, ties, lumber, cord wood, materials in the machine shops, tools, old iron, &c.

Terms—Cash at time of sale.
DAVID L. KING, Special Master Com.
W. S. C. OTIS, of Cleveland, Plaintiff's Attorney.
Sept. 29, 1864.

RECEIVER'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE.—The undersigned, Receiver of the Artisans' Bank, by order of the Supreme Court of the State of New-York, offers for sale on the 20th (twentieth) day of October, 1864, at the Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, in the City of New-York, by E. H. LUDLOW & CO., Auctioneers, warrants Nos. 4,631, 4,636 and 4,639 of one thousand acres each, in all three thousand, in Potter County, State of Pennsylvania. Also, one and one-quarter acre lot in Lock Haven, on the banks of the Susquehanna, in Clinton County, State of Pennsylvania. For further particulars, inquire at the Receiver's office, No. 50 Wall-st.
NEW-YORK, Sept. 27, 1864.
HENRY C. TANNER,
Receiver of the Artisans' Bank.

ALL PERSONS INDEBTED TO THE late F. THIBAULT, deceased, manufacturer of strung pearl work, will call and pay. Also, claimants will present their bills for settlement to F. A. THIBAULT, Administrator.

N. B.—The business continued as usual at the old place, No. 69 Moffat Building, No. 335 Broadway. Pearls bought and sold by F. A. THIBAULT.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

TO CAPITALISTS.

The advertiser, a merchant of the last 12 years in one of the largest cities of the South, and at present engaged in business there, having a large portion of his means rendered unavailable by the present war, is desirous of forming a connection with one or more persons having $50,000 and upward in cash, for the purpose of operating in Eastern and Western produce, cotton, sugar, &c., in said city. He claims to possess a thorough knowledge of this business, and of the country and people, and likewise of the various markets of the East and West, and can refer to some of the oldest and most respectable firms of this and other cities for testimonials of integrity, business capacity and such other qualifications as are necessary to insure confidence. Address, until the 1st of November, SOUTHERN MERCHANT, Box No. 106 *Times* Office.

FOR SALE—CIGAR, WINE AND LIQUOR corner store, Broadway; the stock, fixtures of cigars, meerschaum pipes and sample room. The owner is going to Europe. Apply at No. 131½ Bowery, near Grand-st.

PARTNER WANTED—EITHER ACTIVE OR special, with $5,000 or $10,000, in a good-paying business, well established and doing a cash business. Address, with name, &c., B., Box No. 165 *Times* Office.

FOR SALE—A NEW PROPELLER YACHT very fast; has a splendid 18-square engine; price $15,000. Address M. D. C., Post-office.

$250 WILL BUY A NEW INVENTED machine for manufacturing cigarettes, with the inventor's right. Address E. K., Box 4,193 Post-office.

SHIPPING.

MAIL STEAMERS TO FRANCE DIRECT

THE GENERAL TRANSATLANTIC COMPANY'S NEW LINE OF FIRST-CLASS SIDE-WHEEL STEAMSHIPS BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND HAVRE.

The first five splendid vessels intended to be put upon this favorite route for the Continent, are the following:

WASHINGTON	3,204 tons	900-horse power
LAFAYETTE	3,204 tons	900-horse power
EUGENIE	(Afloat)	900-horse power
FRANCE	(Building)	900-horse power
NAPOLEON III	(Building)	1,100-horse power

Until the completion of the entire list, the service will be performed by the
WASHINGTON, A. DUCHESNE;
LAFAYETTE, A. BOCANDE;
as follows:

FROM NEW-YORK TO HAVRE.

WASHINGTON	WEDNESDAY	Oct. 12.
LAFAYETTE	WEDNESDAY	Nov. 9.
WASHINGTON	WEDNESDAY	Dec. 7.

First Cabin, (including table wine)..........$135
Second Cabin, (including table wine)..........$70 or $30

Payable in gold, or its equivalent in United States currency.

Medical attendance free of charge.

For freight or passage, apply to
GEO. MACKENZIE, Agent.
No. 7 Broadway, New-York.
At Paris, 12 Boulevard des Capucines, (Grand Hotel.)
At Havre, WM. ISELIN & CO.

NATIONAL STEAM NAVIGATNOI CO.

(Limited.)
NEW-YORK TO LIVERPOOL.
Calling at Queenstown to land passengers.

Ship.	Tons.	Commander.
QUEEN—building	3,612	
ONTARIO—building	3,212	
HELVETIA—building	3,209	
ERIN	3,318	Grace.
LOUISIANA	2,166	Prowse.
VIRGINIA	2,876	Lewis.
PENNSYLVANIA	2,872	Brooking.

Leaving Pier No. 47, North River, as follows:

ERIN—Grace..........Saturday, Oct. 22.
LOUISIANA—Prowse..........Saturday, Nov. 5
PENNSYLVANIA—Brooking..........Saturday, Nov. 19.
AND EVERY ALTERNATE SATURDAY THEREAFTER.

The Cabin accommodations on board these steamers are unsurpassed, and the rates lower than by any other line.

Cabin passage, $65 in gold; Steerage, $50 in currency.

The owners of these vessels will not be accountable for specie or valuables unless Bills of Lading (having their value expressed therein) are signed therefor.

For freight or passage apply to
WILLIAMS & GUION, No. 71 Wall-st.

THE BRITISH AND NORTH AMERICAN ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS.

BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT CORK HARBOR.
AND BETWEEN BOSTON AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT HALIFAX AND CORK HARBOR.

ASIA leaves Boston Wednesday, Oct. 12.
CHINA leaves New-York Wednesday, Oct. 19.
EUROPA leaves Boston Wednesday, Oct. 26.
SCOTIA leaves New-York Wednesday, Nov. 2.
CANADA leaves Boston Wednesday, Nov. 9.
PERSIA leaves New-York Wednesday, Nov. 16.

FROM NEW-YORK TO LIVERPOOL.
Chief Cabin Passage..........$132 50
Second Cabin Passage..........80 00

FROM BOSTON TO LIVERPOOL.
Chief Cabin Passage..........$112 50
Second Cabin Passage..........65 00

payable in gold, or its equivalent in United States currency.

Berths not secured until paid for.

An experienced Surgeon on board.

The owners of these ships will not be accountable for Specie or Valuables unless bills of lading having the value expressed are signed therefor.

For freight or passage apply to
E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling-green.

OPPOSITION LINE.

CENTRAL AMERICAN TRANSIT COMPANY.

SHORT ROUTE TO CALIFORNIA VIA NICARAGUA.
NO CHARGE FOR MEALS ON THE TRANSIT.

The New and Elegant Steamship
GOLDEN RULE,
D. S. BABCOCK, Commander,
On SATURDAY, Oct. 22, at Noon,
(And every Saturday four weeks thereafter,)
From Pier No. 29 North River, foot of Warren-st., connecting with the steamship MOSES TAYLOR.
PRICE OF PASSAGE
as low as by any other line offering equal inducements in speed, safety, style of living and accommodations.
For passage apply at the office of the Company, No. 177 West, corner of Warren-st.
D. N. CARRINGTON, Agent.

REGULAR WEEKLY LINE.

NEW-YORK MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S
Line of Side-Wheel Steamers, carrying the United States Mail to
NEW-ORLEANS DIRECT,
Will sail as follows:

EVENING STAR	Bell	Saturday, Oct. 15.
GUIDING STAR	Knapp	Saturday, Oct. 22.
MORNING STAR	Hepburn	Saturday, Oct. 29.
SUWO NADA	Jayne	Saturday, Nov. 5.
GUIDING STAR	Knapp	Saturday, Nov. 12.
EVENING STAR	Bell	Saturday, Nov. 19.
MORNING STAR	Hepburn	Saturday, Nov. 26.
SUWO NADA	Jayne	Saturday, Dec. 3.
DAY STAR	(Building.)	

At 3 o'clock, P. M.,
From Pier 46 North River, 3d Pier above Canal-st., N. Y.

The *Morning Star* is 2,048 tons, the *Evening Star* 2,015, the *Guiding Star* 2,416, the *Day Star* 2,778, and the *Suwo nada* 1,788, custom-house measurement. Their passenger accommodations are not excelled by those upon any other steamers.

No Freight received or Bills of Lading signed after 12 o'clock on day of sailing. For Freight or Passage apply to
JAMES A. RAYNOR, No. 10 Barclay-st.

ATLANTIC MAIL STEAMSHIP CO.

SEMI-MONTHLY FOR NEW-ORLEANS DIRECT.

The first-class side-wheel steamship ARIEL, Capt. STEPHEN G. RUSSELL, will leave Pier No. 3 North River, at 3 o'clock P. M. on WEDNESDAY, Oct. 19.

For freight or passage, apply to
D. B. ALLEN, No. 5 Bowling-green.

N. B.—The CHAMPION, Capt. WILSON, will follow on WEDNESDAY, Nov. 2.

FOR HAVANA VIA NASSAU, N. P.

The British and North American Royal Mail Steam Packet Company's new steamer "CORSICA," Capt. LE MESSURIER, will sail for the above ports, from the company's wharf, at Jersey City, on MONDAY, Nov. 7, MONDAY, Dec. 5.

Passage money to Nassau..........$45
Passage money to Havana..........50
(Payable in Gold or its equivalent.)

No freight received on day before sailing.

For freight or passage, apply to
E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling Green.

FOR HAVANA DIRECT.

The United States Mail Steamship
YAZOO,
GEORGE W. COUCH, Commander,
Will leave Pier 13, North River, for Havana direct, on WEDNESDAY, Oct. 26, at 3 o'clock, P. M., precisely.
For freight or passage apply to
LUDLAM, HEINEKEN & CO.,
No. 115 Broadway.

UNITED STATES MAIL LINE

FOR CALIFORNIA, VIA PANAMA.

Under convoy of a United States war steamer, throughout the Atlantic voyage.

The following first-class side-wheel steamers will be dispatched at noon precisely, from Pier No. 3, North River.

Oct. 24	OCEAN QUEEN	SEABURY.
Nov. 3	NORTH STAR	JONES.
Nov. 14	COSTA RICA	TINKLEPAUGH.

For freight or passage apply to
D. B. ALLEN, No. 5 Bowling-green.

FOR HAVANA.—PRICE OF PASSAGE, $80.—The Steamer "EAGLE," Capt. J. J. LAWRENCE, will leave Pier No. 4, North River, on WEDNESDAY, Oct. 19, at 3 o'clock P. M. precisely. For freight or passage apply to SPOFFORD, TILESTON & CO., No. 29 Broadway.

The favorite Steamer COLUMBIA will succeed the EAGLE, and leave on Wednesday, Oct. 26, at 3 o'clock P. M. precisely.

STEAM WEEKLY TO LIVERPOOL—Touching at QUEENSTOWN, (CORK HARBOR.) The well known steamers of the Liverpool, New-York and Philadelphia Steamship Company (Inman line) carrying the U. S. mails, are intended to sail as follows:

ETNA	SATURDAY	Oct. 15
EDINBURGH	SATURDAY	Oct. 22
CITY OF WASHINGTON	SATURDAY	Oct. 29

and every succeeding Saturday, at noon, from Pier No. 44 North River.

RATES OF PASSAGE,
PAYABLE IN GOLD, OR ITS EQUIVALENT IN CURRENCY.

First Cabin	$80	Steerage	$30
First Cabin to London	85	Steerage to London	34
First Cabin to Paris	95	Steerage to Paris	40
First Cabin to Hamburg	90	Steerage to Hamburg	37

Passengers also forwarded to Havre, Bremen, Rotterdam, Antwerp, &c., at equally low rates.

Fares from Liverpool or Queenstown—First Cabin, $75, $85, $105. Steerage, $30. Those who wish to send for their friends can buy tickets here at these rates.

For further information apply at the Company's Offices.
JOHN G. DALE, Agent, No. 15 Broadway, New-York.

TAPSCOTT'S LONDON AND LIVERPOOL PASSAGE OFFICE, No. 86 South-st., New-York.
DRAFTS on ENGLAND, IRELAND, SCOTLAND and WALES.
TAPSCOTT'S CELEBRATED LINE OF LIVERPOOL PACKETS SAIL TWICE A WEEK.
LINE OF LONDON PACKETS SAIL EVERY TEN DAYS.
Parties wishing to take passage, send for their friends, or remit money to the old country, can do so at the lowest rates, by applying to TAPSCOTT BROTHERS & CO., No. 86 South-st.

PRINTING.

FRANCIS & LOUTREL,
Stationers, Printers and Bookbinders, No. 45 Maiden-lane. Orders solicited. Diaries for 1865.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES

THE FIRM OF ODDIE, ST. GEORGE & CO. is this day dissolved by mutual consent.
New-York, Oct. 8, 1864.
ORVILLE ODDIE,
C. R. ST. GEORGE,
A. R. FULLERTON.

J. J. MERIAN, HAS ADMITTED AS partner his nephew, Mr. ALFRED MERIAN. The business will be continued under the firm of J. J. MERIAN & CO. Mr. LOUIS KORBETT holds the power of Attorney of the new firm.

MACHINERY.

REYNOLDS TURBINE WATER-WHEELS.

Competent men are employed to measure streams, make plans, and put in flumes, wheels and gearing.
TALLCOT & UNDERHILL, No. 170 Broadway, N. Y.

RAILROADS.

NEW RAILROAD LINE SOUTH:

BROOKLYN TO PHILADELPHIA—THROUGH IN FIVE HOURS.

Fare, $2. Excursion Ticket, $3, (good for three days.)

On and after MONDAY, Aug. 1, 1864, by the commodious steamer JESSE HOYT, foot of Atlantic-st., Brooklyn, every day (Sundays excepted,) at 11 o'clock A. M., thence to Port Monmouth and by the Raritan and Delaware Bay Railroad to foot of Vine-st., Philadelphia. Returning leave Vine-st. wharf, Philadelphia, every morning at 8 A. M. (Sundays excepted.)

☞ Travelers from the City of New-York are notified not to apply for passage by this line, the State of New-Jersey having granted to the Camden and Amboy monopoly the exclusive privilege of carrying passengers and freight between the Cities of New-York and Philadelphia.

ATLANTIC AND GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY,

NEW BROAD GAUGE ROUTE.

Passenger trains leave New-York via the Erie Railway, from foot of Chambers-st., running through to Cleveland, Ohio, without change of cars, connecting with railroads for all principal cities in the West.

This road is being extended, and will soon be in complete running order to Mansfield, Galion, Urbana, Dayton, Cincinnati and St. Louis, without break of gauge.
H. F. SWEETZER, General Superintendent.
T. H. GOODMAN, General Ticket Agent, Meadville, Pa

LONG ISLAND RAILROAD—SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.—Leave New-York, James-slip and 34th-st., East River, for Greenport, Sag Harbor and Hamptons, at 8 A. M. and 3:30 P. M. For Riverhead, Yaphank and Lakeland at 8 A. M. and 3:30 P. M. For Islip, Babylon and Farmingdale at 8 A. M., 3:30 and 5:30 P. M. For Syosset at 10:30 A. M. and 4:30 P. M. (Stages connect for Cold Spring, Oyster Bay and Huntington.) For Hempstead, Jamaica and Winfield at 8, 10:30 A. M. and 3:30, 4:30 and 5:30 P. M.

Sunday excursion train leaves 34th-st., East River, at 8:30 A. M., for Riverhead, stopping at all stations, except Hempstead and Syosset.

Excursion tickets for this train at reduced rates.
A. REASONER, Superintendent.

N. Y. AND FLUSHING R. R. CO.—Trains leave Flushing 5:40, 7, 8, 9, 11 A. M., and 1, 3, 5, 6, 7:15 P. M. Trains leave Hunter's Point 6:10, 7:30, 8:30, 9.30, 11:30 A. M., and 2:20, 4:20, 5:30, 6:30 and 8 P. M. Ferry boats leave James Slip and 34th-st., East River, every half hour connecting with trains. Extra trains leave Flushing at 11 P. M. and Hunter's Point at 12 o'clock TUESDAY and FRIDAY EVENINGS. SUNDAY trains leave Flushing at 8 and 10 A. M., and 1, 4, 6 P. M.; returning, leave Hunter's Point at 9 and 11 A. M., and 2, 5, 7 P. M. Stage connections—Whitestone 7:30, 8:30, 11:30 A. M., and 2 20, 4:20 and 5:30 P. M. Manhassett and Little Neck 9:30 A. M. and 4:30 P. M. College Point 6:30, 11:30 A. M. and 2:20 and 5.30 P. M.

OVERLAND ROUTE TO CALIFORNIA reopened, under efficient military protection; no Indians in the country through which the coaches pass.

Coaches leave Atchison, Kansas, daily, for Denver Central City, Great Salt Lake, Washoe and California, carrying the great through mails and passengers between the Atlantic and Pacific States, connecting at Salt Lake City, with my new mail coach lines, to the principal points in Idaho, Montana and Oregon.

Through on schedule time.
BEN HOLLADAY, No. 84 Broadway.

ERIE RAILWAY.—PASSENGER TRAINS leave as follows, viz.:
7 A. M.—Express for Buffalo.
7 A. M.—Express for Cleveland direct, via A. & G. W. Ry.
8:30 A. M.—Milk, daily, for Otisville.
10 A. M.—Mail, for Buffalo.
4 P. M.—Way for Otisville, Newburgh, Warwick.
5 P. M.—Night Express—Saturdays and Sundays excepted—for Dunkirk, Buffalo, &c.
6 P. M.—Lightning Express, daily, for Dunkirk, Rochester, Canandaigua, &c. On Saturdays this train will run to Buffalo only.
8 P. M.—Emigrant, for Dunkirk.
CHAS. MINOT, General Superintendent.

HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD—FOR ALBANY, TROY, THE NORTH AND WEST.—Trains leave:

FROM CHAMBERS-ST.	FROM THIRTIETH-ST.
Express, 7 and 10 A. M., and 4 and 6 P. M.	7:22, 10:27 A. M. and 4:27 and 6:22 P. M.
Troy and Albany, (with sleeping car,) 10:40 P. M.	11:02 P. M.

On SUNDAYS, at 6:22 P. M. from 30th-st.

HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD.—TRAINS for Albany and Troy and the North and West leave Chambers-st., at 7 A. M.; Express, 8 A. M.; Way Mail, 10:30 A. M., and 4, 6 and 10:40 P. M. Express on Sundays at 6:22 P. M. from 30th-st.
J. M. TOUCEY, Assistant Superintendent.

NEW-YORK AND HARLEM RAILROAD Trains for Albany, Troy, and Saratoga Springs, also connecting with the North and West, leave 26th-st. depot at 10:30 A. M. and 4 P. M.

NORTHERN R. R. OF NEW-JERSEY.—Trains leave Jersey City for Piermont at 5 A. M., 9:15 A. M., 2:15 P. M., 4:22 P. M., 6:25 P. M. The 9:15 A. M. and 4:22 P. M., run through to Monsey.
THOS. W. DEMAREST, Sup't.

STEAMBOATS.

THE GREAT INSIDE ROUTE FOR BOSTON.
STONINGTON STEAMBOAT LINE,
VIA GROTON AND PROVIDENCE.
THE OLDEST, QUICKEST, SAFEST AND MOST DIRECT,
AVOIDING "POINT JUDITH."
The magnificent steamer
COMMONWEALTH,
ON TUESDAYS, THURSDAYS AND SATURDAYS.
The elegant steamer
PLYMOUTH ROCK,
ON MONDAYS, WEDNESDAYS AND FRIDAYS,
AT 5 O'CLOCK, P. M.

These boats start from Pier No. 18 North River, (foot of Cortlandt-st.,) and are acknowledged by all experienced travelers to be among the largest, strongest, most comfortable and best that have ever run in American waters. At all seasons and in all weather, these boats invariably make the passage on time. Sumptuous suppers and luxuriously furnished state-rooms are marked features of these "floating palaces."

Berths and state-rooms may be secured at Harden's Express Office, No. 74 Broadway, and at No. 115 West-st., New-York, and at No. 76 Washington-st., Boston.
M. R. SIMONS, Agent,

DAY LINE FOR ALBANY.—CHANGE OF PIER.—PLEASURE TRAVEL TO CATSKILL MOUNTAIN HOUSE, LEBANON SPRINGS, SARATOGA, MONTREAL and all points NORTH and WEST VIA HUDSON RIVER.—The new steamboat C. VIBBARD, Capt. D. H. HITCHCOCK, and the DANIEL DREW, Capt. J. F. TALLMAN, form a Day Line for Albany from Desbrosses-st. at 8 A. M., and 30th-st. at 8:10, landing at Cozzens Hotel dock, West Point, Newburgh, Poughkeepsie, Rhinebeck, Catskill and Hudson. Tickets sold on board and baggage checked West and North.

FOR NEW-HAVEN, HARTFORD, SPRINGFIELD AND WHITE MOUNTAINS.—Steamboat and railroad connection at New-Haven. Steamers leave Peck-slip, at 3:15 and 11 P. M., Sundays excepted.

MATRIMONIAL.

MATRIMONIAL.—A CHRISTIAN GENTLEMAN of this City, middle-aged but never married, with some property, and in all respects eligible, wishes to correspond sincerely with an amiable lady, between 22 and 35, of ample means and refinement, in view of matrimony. Full description of person, tastes, circumstances and position indispensable. All communications sacredly confidential. Address PERCY LIVINGSTON, New-York City Post-office.

PROPOSALS.

[No. 8.]
OFFICE CHIEF QUARTERMASTER,
CINCINNATI, Ohio, Oct. 7, 1864.

PROPOSALS ARE INVITED BY THE undersigned, until THURSDAY, Oct. 20, 1864, at 12 o'clock M., for furnishing this Department, (by contract,) with—

WOOLEN BLANKETS, Army Standard.

Also, for the immediate delivery of:
STABLE FROCKS, Army Standard.

And the following material for Trimmings, to be equal to samples which can be seen at this office:
BLUE FLANNEL LINING, for Sack Coats.
CANVAS PADDING, for Jackets.
¾ BROWN MUSLIN, (light,) for Sack Coat Sleeve Linings.
¾ BROWN MUSLIN, (heavy,) for Jacket Sleeve Linings.
GRAY FLANNEL, for Domet Lining, for Jackets.

Samples of which may be seen at the Office of Clothing and Equipage in this city.

To be delivered free of charge at the U. S. Inspection Warehouse, in this city, in good new packages, with the name of the party furnishing, the kind and quantity of goods distinctly marked on each article and package.

Parties offering goods must distinctly state in their bids the quantity they propose to furnish, the price, and time of delivery.

Samples, when submitted, must be marked and numbered to correspond with the proposal; and the parties thereto must guarantee that the goods shall be, in every respect, equal to Army Standard, otherwise the proposal will not be considered.

A guaranty, signed by two responsible persons, must accompany each bid, guaranteeing that the bidder will supply the articles awarded to him under his proposal.

Bids will be opened on Thursday, Oct. 20, 1864, at 12 o'clock M., at this office, and bidders are requested to be present.

Awards will be made on Friday, Oct. 21, 1864.

Bonds will be required that the contract will be faithfully fulfilled.

Telegrams relating to Proposals will not be noticed.

Blank forms of Proposals, Contracts and Bonds may be obtained at this office.

The right to reject any bid deemed unreasonable is reserved.

Indorse envelope "Proposal for ———," and address
Col. WM. W. McKIM,
Chief Quartermaster Cincinnati Depot.

[No. 5.]
CHIEF QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE,
CINCINNATI, Sept. 24, 1864.

PROPOSALS ARE INVITED BY THE undersigned, until MONDAY, Oct. 17, 1864, at 2 o'clock P. M., for the immediate delivery, to this department of—

IRREGULAR TROWSERS, of any color except light blue or gray.

Samples to be furnished by the parties offering, who will state in their bids the quantity they propose to furnish, the price, and time of delivery.

To be delivered free of charge at the U. S. Inspection Warehouse, in this city, in good new packages, with the name of the party furnishing, the kind and quantity of goods, distinctly marked on each article and package.

Samples, when submitted, must be marked and numbered to correspond with the proposal; and the parties thereto must guarantee that the goods shall be, in every respect, equal to sample, otherwise the proposal will not be considered.

Bids will be opened on Monday, Oct. 17, 1864, at 2 o'clock P. M., at this office, and bidders are requested to be present.

Awards will be made on Tuesday, Oct. 18, 1864.

Telegrams relating to proposals will not be noticed.

Blank forms of Proposals may be obtained at this office.

The right to reject any bid deemed unreasonable is reserved.

Indorse envelope "Proposals for ——— ———," and address
Col. WM. W. McKIM,
Chief Quartermaster Cincinnati Depot.

PROPOSALS

ARMY SUPPLIES.

OFFICE OF ASSISTANT COMMISSARY-GENERAL OF SUBSISTENCE, No. 4 STATE-ST.,
NEW-YORK, Oct. 7, 1864.

Sealed proposals (in duplicate) will be received by the undersigned until 4 o'clock P. M., on FRIDAY, the 14th inst., for furnishing for issue to the United States Army two hundred thousand (200,000) pounds of DESICCATED POTATOES, to be manufactured exclusively from sound potatoes of the best varieties, and without admixture of any other ingredients, to be in all particulars sound and free from sourness or unpleasant flavor, to be ground to the fineness of coarse meal, and packed in air-tight, tin or zinc boxes, containing sixty pounds net, these to be packed in strong, well-made and strapped wooden boxes, two in each, with sunken and battened ends, like sample packages to be seen at this office.

Proposers will state where their manufactories are located, and will briefly describe their method of granulating and desiccation, stating also the average time required for the several processes of manufacture. They will also state how soon they can make their deliveries, which must be free of expense to the United States, at the Subsistence Storehouse, No. 4 State-st., New-York, or at such other point in the City of New-York as may be designated by the proper authority, and must be completed before the end of November proximo.

Each proposer is required to furnish a sample of not less than three hundred and sixty pounds of his own manufacture, packed as above.

A printed copy of this advertisement must be attached to each proposal, and the proposals must be specific in complying precisely with all the terms. Each bid, to have consideration, must contain the written guaranty of two responsible names, as follows:

"We, the undersigned, hereby guaranty that should all or any part of the above bid be accepted it shall be duly fulfilled according to its true purport and conditions; also, that a written contract, with bonds to the amount of one-fourth the value of the stores proposed to be furnished, shall be executed, if required."

Payment, as heretofore, to be made in such funds as may be furnished by the United States.

Contractors are expected to hold their goods, without expense to the United States, until required for shipment.

Blanks for Proposals will be furnished at this office, which must be enclosed in an envelope addressed to the undersigned, and indorsed "Proposals for Subsistence Stores."

H. F. CLARKE,
Colonel, A. D. C. and A. C. G. S.

OSWEGO COUNTY.

PROPOSALS FOR $720,000.

SOLDIERS' BOUNTY FUND BONDS.

Sealed Proposals will be received by ELIAS ROOT, at the Marine Bank, Oswego, or DANIEL L. COUCH, at his office in Oswego, until WEDNESDAY, the 26th day of October next, at 12 o'clock noon, and by L. H. CONKLIN, County Treasurer, at Mexico, and A. W. SEVERANCE, at New-Haven, until TUESDAY, the 25th day of October next, at 9 o'clock P. M., for the purchase of the whole or any part of the sum of $720,000 Soldiers' Bounty Fund Bonds, authorized by a resolution of the Board of Supervisors of Oswego County, passed July 27 and Aug. 19, 1864, and by an Act of the Legislature of the State of New-York, passed Feb 9, 1864. The said bonds will bear interest at the rate of seven per cent per annum, payable semi-annually, on the first days of April and October in each year, and the principal will be redeemable in successive annual installments of $60,000 each, commencing on the 1st day of April, 1868, and ending April 1, 1879, at the ATLANTIC BANK, New-York City. The proposals will state the amount and time of maturity of the bonds desired, and the price per $100 thereof; and the persons whose proposals are accepted will be required to deposit with the County Treasurer, at Mexico, or the Marine Bank in Oswego, the sums awarded them respectively, together with the accrued interest from Oct. 1, 1864, the date of the bonds. Each proposition should be sealed and indorsed "Proposals for Soldiers' Bounty Fund Bonds," and inclosed in a secured envelope, addressed to either of the undersigned.

The right is reserved to reject any or all of the bids, if considered necessary to protect or promote the interests of the county.

The bids will be publicly opened at the Court-house, in the City of Oswego, on the 26th day of October, at 12 M.
L. H. CONKLIN, County Treasurer, Mexico, N. Y.
ELIAS ROOT, Marine Bank, Oswego,
D. L. COUCH, Oswego,
A. W. SEVERANCE, New-Haven.
MEXICO, Sept. 27, 1864.

[No. 7.]
OFFICE CHIEF QUARTERMASTER,
CINCINNATI, OHIO, Sept. 29, 1864.

PROPOSALS ARE INVITED BY THE undersigned until TUESDAY, Oct. 18, 1864, at two o'clock P. M., for the immediate delivery, to this department, of—
Ostrich Feathers for Hats, army standard.
Hat Feather Sockets, army standard.
Eagles for Hats, army standard.
Crossed Cannon for Hats, army standard.
Crossed Sabers for Hats, army standard.
Crossed Bugles for Hats, army standard.
Company Figures, assorted, army standard.
Chevrons, Artillery Sergeants, army standard.
Chevrons Artillery Corporals, army standard.
National Colors, Infantry, army standard.
Regimental Colors, Infantry, army standard.
Guidons, army standard.
Drums Snares, sets, army standard.

Samples of which may be seen at the office of Clothing and Equipage in this city.

To be delivered free of charge, at the U. S. Inspection Warehouse in this city, in good new packages, with the name of the party furnishing, the kind and quantity of goods distinctly marked on each article and package.

Parties offering goods must distinctly state in their bids the quantity they propose to furnish, the price, and time of delivery.

Samples, when submitted, must be marked and numbered to correspond with the proposal; and the parties thereto must guarantee that the goods shall be, in every respect, equal to army standard, otherwise the proposal will not be considered.

A guarantee, signed by two responsible persons, must accompany each bid, guaranteeing that the bidder will supply the articles awarded to him under his proposal.

Bids will be opened on Tuesday, Oct. 18, 1864, at two o'clock P. M., at this office, and bidders are requested to be present.

Awards will be made on Wednesday, Oct 19, 1864.

Bonds will be required that the contract will be faithfully fulfilled.

Telegrams relating to proposals will not be noticed.

Blank forms of proposals, contracts and bonds may be obtained at this office.

The right to reject any bid deemed unreasonable is reserved.

Indorse envelope "Proposal for ———," and address
Col. WM. W. McKIM,
Chief Quartermaster Cincinnati Depot.

QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE, NO. 17 STATE-ST.,
NEW-YORK, Oct. 10, 1864.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED at this office until 12 o'clock, M., on SATURDAY, the 15th inst., for furnishing this Department with the following articles, viz:
Augur bits, ½ inch, per doz.
Riding bridle bits, brass, mild curb, each.
Riding bridle bits, double rein, snaffle bit, each.
Saddle blankets, each.
Halter bolts, ⅜ inch, per gross.
Wall brushes, 10 knot large, each.
Corn brooms, each.
Roller buckles, 1¾, 1½, 1¼, 1, ⅞, ¾, ⅝ inches, per gross
Horse-shoe buckles, ⅞, ¾, ⅝ inches, per gross.
Braces and bits, 24 bits to each set, each.
Rattan stable brooms, each.
Gum buckets, with gum handles, each.
Coil chain, o light, per ft.
Halter chains, ooo with tees, each.
Mule collars, 15 to 17 inches, each.
Frames and glass for ambulance curtains, each.
Riveting hammers, assorted, each.
Mule hames, 17 inches from hole to hole, per pair.
Knives and forks, per pair.
Butcher's knives, 12 inch blade, each.
Farrier's knives, each.
Knob locks, western, each.
Padlocks, 2, 2½, 3 inches, each.
Bridle leather, oak-tanned sides, from 9 to 11 lbs., per side.
Harness leather, oak-tanned sides, from 12 to 15 lbs., per lb.
Till locks, brass, 2½ and 3 inches, each.
Clinch nails, 2, 2½ inch, per lb.
Linseed oil boiled, per gallon.
Linseed oil raw, per gallon.
Neatsfoot oil, in 5 gallon kegs (package included, per gal.)
Spring punches, No. 5 and 6, with wrench and extra tubes, each.
Manila rope, ½, 1, 1¼ inches, per lb.
Hemp rope, ½, ⅜ inch, per lb.
Copper rivets and burrs, ⅜, ⅝, ¾, 1 inch, per lb.
Brass martingale rings, each.
McClellan saddles, complete, No. 2 and 3, each.
Buckskins, oil-tanned, for thongs, each.
Deerskins, for thongs, each.
Sheepskins, for smiths' aprons, each.
Sheep shears, best steel, per pair.
Wrought boat spikes, 4, 4½, 5, 6 and 7 inches, per lb.
Brass screws, ⅝x6 inches and ¾x7 inches, per gross.
Iron screws, 1x9, 10 and 11, and 1¼x10 and 11, per gross.
Wood stirrups, ash or hickory, per pair.
Harness thread, H. B., No. 10, per lb.
Orange thread, per lb.
Bagging twine, in hanks, baled, per lb.
Bench vices, each.
Whips, four-horse ambulance, hickory staff, long lashes, each.
Whips, two-horse ambulance, plaited, good, each.
Black snake whips, all leather, heavy, each.
Blue webbing, 3½ and 4 inch, per bolt.

All articles to be inspected before shipment, and to be securely packed in suitable packages, and delivered at place of shipment in this city, free of charge to the Government. Persons may offer for any article of the list, and can examine samples at No. 18 State-st. (basement), from the morning of the 12th inst. Payment to be made in such funds as are provided by the Government. The privilege is reserved of rejecting any proposal not deemed advantageous. Offerings should be indorsed: Proposals for Quartermasters' Stores, and addressed to
Major STEWART VAN VLIET,
Quartermaster U. S. Army, New-York.

PROPOSALS FOR PAPER.

NAVY DEPARTMENT,
BUREAU OF PROVISIONS AND CLOTHING,
Oct. 8, 1864.

Proposals, sealed and indorsed "Proposals for Paper," will be received at this Bureau until 2 o'clock P. M., on the 21st day of October instant, for furnishing and delivering at the Navy-yard, Brooklyn, New-York, five hundred reams of paper.

The paper to be white, 13½ inches by 16½ inches; to weigh 16 pounds to the ream, and be made of linen stock; to be ruled 24 lines on each page, leaving one inch margin at the top and bottom and both sides of each page.

Sample of quality and size of the paper may be seen at the office of the Inspector in charge at the Navy-yard at Boston, New-York and Philadelphia, and at this Bureau.

ASSISTANT QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE,
FORAGE DEPARTMENT, NO. 66 CEDAR-ST.,
NEW-YORK, March 11, 1864.

PROPOSITIONS WILL BE RECEIVED daily, for the
FREIGHTING OF FORAGE
for the U. S. Quartermaster's Department, from New-York City, Philadelphia, Boston, Portland, and other ports on Coast of Maine,
TO
Washington, Alexandria, Va.; Newbern, N. C.; Port Royal, S. C., and New-Orleans, La.
PROPOSITIONS
must state name, standing and capacity of vessel, quantity of hay and grain, respectively, they will require, and when ready for cargo, and addressed to
S. L. BROWN.
Captain and Asst. Quartermaster.

AMUSEMENTS.

WALLACK'S. FRIDAY.
Second night of
THE COMPACT.
Messrs. LESTER WALLACK, CHARLES FISHER, JOHN GILBERT, GEORGE HOLLAND, YOUNG, W. R. FLOYD, JOHN SEFTON, WHITING, MOORE, WRIGHT, BROWN, PARKES, WILLIAMSON, POPE, Miss MARY GANNON, Miss FANNY MORANT, Mrs. W. R. FLOYD, Mrs. and Miss MAURICE, in their original characters.
New and beautiful scenery, superb costumes and appointments.
NEW AND APPROPRIATE MUSIC,
composed expressly for the play.
SATURDAY—THE COMPACT.
Other novelties in active preparation.
Due notice will be given of the revival of ROSEDALE.

BROADWAY THEATRE.
ANOTHER WEEK OF
JOHN E. OWENS'
Triumphant Personations of
SOLON SHINGLE and JOSH BUTTERBY.
The finest bits of comic acting ever witnessed in New-York, and efforts which for the past
SIX WEEKS SIX WEEKS
have commanded the greatest and most fashionable assemblages ever continuously attracted to this theatre
EVEN IN ITS PALMIEST DAYS.

☞ Parties wishing to avoid disappointment should secure seats several days in advance. The orchestra and dress circle seats are usually sold *before 4 o'clock each afternoon.*

MONDAY, OCT. 10, and every night this week,
VICTIMS and THE PEOPLE'S LAWYER,
Received every night with continuous
PEALS OF LAUGHTER AND APPLAUSE.

IRVING HALL.
THE FAIR
IN AID OF
THE UNION HOME AND SCHOOL
FOR THE EDUCATION AND MAINTENANCE
OF THE
CHILDREN OF OUR VOLUNTEERS
WILL OPEN AT
IRVING HALL,
(Corner Irving-place and 15th-st.,)
On MONDAY, Oct. 17, 1864,
and continue two weeks. Donations are solicited, and should be sent to the Hall on Saturday, Oct. 15, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 3 P. M. A Committee will be in attendance to receive them.
Graffula's Seventh Regiment Band will furnish the music.
Admission, 25 cents. Season tickets, $1.

THE HIPPOTHEATRON.
Fourteenth-st., opposite the Academy of Music.
Doors open at 7; performances commencing at 8.
THIS FRIDAY EVENING, Oct. 13,
WHEN THE MAMMOTH STAR COMPANY
will appear in one
GORGEOUSLY BRILLIANT ENSEMBLE.
EATON STONE, the Wild Horseman of the World.
Mr. BAPTISTE, the Wonderful Man-Monkey.
MARIETTA ZANFRETTA,
the greatest living artiste on the Tight Rope.
YOUNG NICOLO, the only Rival of Leotard.
Mesdames Ida and Virginia, MM. Siegrist, Molique, Carron, The Brothers Talleein, Olma.
Admission: Reserved Seats, 75 cents; Boxes, 50 cents; Amphitheatre, 25 cents.
Box office open daily from 9 A. M. till 4 P. M.
GRAND MATINEE TO-MORROW (Saturday) at 2½.

POLITICAL.

UNION NOMINATION
FOR COUNTY CLERK,
JAMES M. THOMSON.
"Rally Round the Flag, Boys."

FLAGS!—WHOLESALE AND RETAIL. ALL sizes on hand. ANNIN & CO., manufacturers, No. 99 Fulton-st., corner of William-st., New-York. Established 1847.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

COMMISSION OF THE UNITED STATES AND ECUADOR.—Notice is hereby given that the Commission provided for by the Convention of November 25, 1862, between the United States and Ecuador for the mutual adjustment of claims, was duly organized at the City of Guayaquil, on the 18th day of August last, and that the said Commission will continue in session for the period of twelve months from tat date.

All citizens of the United States, having claims upon Ecuador, are, therefore, notified to appear in person or by attorney, and present the proofs in support of their claims to said Commission, or to file their claims and proofs with the Secretary of the Commission, "Senor, Crisanto Medina," in Guayaquil, in the Republic of Ecuador.

"Claims which shall not be presented to the Commission within the twelve months it remains in existence, shall be disregarded by both Governments and considered invalid."

FREDERICK HASSAUREK,
Minister President and
Commissioner of the United States.
WASHINGTON CITY, October 1, 1864.

CITY OF NEW-YORK, DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE,
COMPTROLLER'S OFFICE, Sept. 17, 1864.

LEASES OF PUBLIC DOCKS, PIERS AND SLIPS AT AUCTION.—The right to collect and retain the wharfage for the use or occupation of the under-mentioned docks, piers and slips, for the term of ten years from the first day of November, 1864, will be sold at public auction, at the City Hall, on Tuesday, October 18, at 11 o'clock A. M.

NORTH RIVER.
Lot No. 1, pier No. 21.
Lot No. 2, pier at the foot of Watts-st.
Lot No. 3, pier No. 45, foot of Charlton-st.
Lot No. 4, pier No. 46, foot of King-st.
Lot No. 5, pier No. 47, foot of Houston-st.

Terms or conditions of sale can be had at the Comptroller's office.

By order of the Commissioners of the Sinking Fund.
MATTHEW T. BRENNAN, Comptroller.

INTEREST ON CITY STOCKS.—THE INTEREST on the Bonds and Stocks of the City and County of New-York, due and payable Nov. 1, 1864, will be paid on that day, by DANIEL DEVLIN, Esq., Chamberlain of the City, at the Broadway Bank.

☞ The Transfer Books will be closed on Tuesday, the 11th inst., at 3 o'clock, P. M.
MATTHEW T. BRENNAN, Comptroller.
DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE, COMPTROLLER'S OFFICE,
NEW-YORK, Oct. 6, 1864.

THE COMMITTEE ON NATIONAL AFFAIRS OF THE COMMON COUNCIL will sit every day, during the present week, in the Chamber of the Board of Aldermen, at 3 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of making arrangements to receive the regiment returning on furlough, for the purpose of recruiting. Also, to make suitable arrangements to give those already arrived, and about to depart from the seat of war, an entertainment. Commandants of regiments now home on furlough, whose term is about to expire, are requested to communicate with the committee, by letter addressed to the Chairman or Secretary of the committee, No. City Hall.
JOHN HARDY, Chairman.
E. W. TAYLOR, Secretary.

COMMITTEE ON RAILROADS.—THE COMMITTEE on Railroads of the Board of Aldermen will meet on SATURDAY, the 15th inst., at 1 o'clock P. M., in Room No. 8 City Hall, to take into consideration the communication of His Honor the Mayor relative to the increase of fare recently made by the City Railroad Companies.

All parties interested are invited to be present without further notice.
MORGAN JONES,
TERENCE FARLEY,
JOHN D. OTTIWELL,
JOHN HARDY,
JOSEPH SHANNON,
Committee on Railroads.

THE COMMITTEE ON CROTON AQUEDUCT of the Board of Councilmen will meet on SATURDAYS, at 1 o'clock P. M., in Room No. 5 City Hall.

All parties interested in papers referred to the committee are invited to attend.
Councilman HEALY,
Councilman HEFFERNAN,
Councilman FITZGERALD,
Committee on Croton Aqueduct Department.

THE COMMITTEE ON CLEANING STREETS of the Board of Councilmen will meet on MONDAYS, at 1 o'clock P. M., in Room No. 5 City Hall.

All parties interested in papers referred to the committee are invited to attend.
Councilman HAGERTY,
Councilman KOSTER,
Councilman HAVILAND,
Committee on Cleaning Streets.

THE COMMITTEE ON STREETS OF THE Board of Councilmen will meet on WEDNESDAYS, at 1 o'clock P. M., in Room No. 5 City Hall.

All parties interested in papers referred to the committee are invited to attend.
PATRICK H. KEENAN,
PATRICK RUSSELL,
MICHAEL BROPHY,
Committee on Streets.

THE COMMITTEE ON FIRE DEPARTMENT of the Board of Councilmen will meet every MONDAY, at 2 o'clock P. M. All parties having business with the committee are invited to attend.
GEORGE McGRATH,
JEREMIAH HEFFERNAN,
CHARLES RILEY,
Committee on Fire Department.

THE COMMITTEE ON DONATIONS AND Charities of the Board of Councilmen, will meet every SATURDAY, at 12 o'clock, M., in Room No. 5 City Hall.

All parties having business before the Committee, are requested to attend.
SAMUEL WEBSTER,
WM. S. OPDYKE,
JOHN BRICE,
Committee on Donations and Charities.

THE COMMITTEE ON MARKETS OF the Board of Councilmen will meet every MONDAY at 2 o'clock P. M., in Room No. 5 City Hall.

All parties interested in papers referred to the committee are invited to attend.
Councilman HAGERTY,
Councilman SCHAEFER,
Councilman COOK,
Committee on Markets.

THE COMMITTEE ON SALARIES AND Offices of the Board of Councilmen, will meet every MONDAY, at 2 o'clock P. M.

All parties having business before the Committee are requested to attend.
CHARLES RILEY,
MICHAEL C. GROSS,
JOHN BRICE,
Committee on Salaries and Offices

THE COMMITTEE ON ROADS OF THE Board of Councilmen will hold a meeting in Room No. 5 City Hall on every WEDNESDAY, at 1 o'clock P. M. Parties having business with the Committee are invited to attend.
PATRICK RUSSELL, } Committee
MICHAEL BROPHY, } on
WM. JOYCE. } Roads.

AMUSEMENTS

BARNUM'S AMERICAN MUSEUM.
LAST WEEK BUT ONE
OF THE
GRAND TOM THUMB COMBINATION.
The present will be
THE LAST OPPORTUNITY
OF WITNESSING THESE LILIPUTIAN WONDERS,
AS
GENERAL TOM THUMB AND WIFE
RETIRE FROM PUBLIC LIFE
at the close of their present engagement at the Museum.
They are to sail in the steamer *City of Washington* for Europe on the 29th, and make an extended tour
IN THEIR PRIVATE CAPACITY.
Gen. TOM THUMB and CHARMING WIFE,
Com. NUTT and MISS MINNIE WARREN,
GIVE THREE ENTERTAINMENTS DAILY,
At 11 A. M. and 3 and 7½ P. M.
THE MORNING AND EVENING ENTERTAINMENTS ARE LESS CROWDED.
☞ At the MORNING PERFORMANCE they appear in their
IDENTICAL WEDDING COSTUME.
AFTERNOON, AT 3,
ELVIRA; OR, THE ROSE OF CASTILE.
THE TOM THUMB COMBINATION.
LOAN OF A LOVER.
EVENING, AT 7½,
TOM THUMB TROUPE,
RUTH OAKLEY.
TONY DENIER IN TRIPES MIRACULUM.
ALBINOS, GIANTS, LEARNED SEAL, &c., &c.
Admission 30 cents; Children under ten, 15 cents.

WINTER GARDEN.
FIFTY-THIRD NIGHT OF J. S. CLARKE.
FIFTY-THIRD NIGHT OF J. S. CLARKE.
FRIDAY, THE SPECIAL BILL,
FRIDAY, THE SPECIAL BILL,
COMPRISING THE BRILLIANT
COMEDY
COMEDY
OF
EVERYBODY'S FRIEND,
EVERYBODY'S FRIEND,
With the ever-popular
DRAMA
DRAMA
OF
TOODLES,
TOODLES,
Which are presented in obedience to a
GENERAL REQUEST,
and will be performed each Friday during Mr. Clarke's engagement. SATURDAY, for the eleventh time, the COMEDY OF ERRORS and the lively farce of LOVE IN LIVERY.

HELLER'S SALLE DIABOLIQUE,
NO. 585 BROADWAY (opposite Niblo's).
HELLER is so successful, that—
HELLER will continue his deeds; for—
HELLER sees no reason why—
HELLER should change the programme, when—
HELLER is crowded nightly. It is—
HELLER of whom every one talks, and—
HELLER who is on every one's lips.
HELLER is great in magic, and—
HELLER is as great in music; which—
HELLER demonstrates to you, if
HELLER you visit any evening, or
HELLER 'S matinee on Saturday,
HELLER will have something new, when
HELLER has completed it by and bye.
MATINEE on SATURDAY, the 15th, at 3 P. M.
Doors open at 7½.
Commences at 8.

JEWELERS' ASSOCIATION.
PRESENTATION CONCERTS.
ACADEMY OF MUSIC,
FIFTH CONCERT,
SATURDAY EVENING, Oct. 15.
TICKETS ONE DOLLAR.
A BEAUTIFUL PRESENT
given with each ticket,
AT TIME OF PURCHASE.
Office for the sale of tickets,
NOS. 542 AND 544 BROADWAY,
where the presents are distributed from the
STOCK OF MAGNIFICENT JEWELRY, PIANOS, SEWING-MACHINES, DIAMONDS, GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES, &c., &c., &c.
A GIFT FOR ALL.
PRESENTS FOR EVERYBODY.
THE MOST POPULAR CONCERTS EVER GIVEN.
E. H. ELIAS, Actuary.

EXHIBITION OF THE VICTORIA REGIA.
The giant water lilies in full bloom. Open daily for only one week more, 59th-st., corner 8th-av. Admission 25 cents; children 15 cents. H. MARTIN, Manager.

MUSEUM OPEN AND FREE—DAY AND EVENING.—Messrs. FOWLER & WELLS, Phrenologists, No. 389 Broadway, give written charts at all hours.

DANCING.

A. DODWORTH'S DANCING ACADEMY,
NO. 212 5TH-AV., CORNER 20TH-ST., N. Y.
NO. 137 MONTAGUE-ST., BROOKLYN.
MONDAYS and THURSDAYS, WEDNESDAYS and SATURDAYS in New-York.
TUESDAYS and FRIDAYS in Brooklyn.
At 4 P. M. for children; at 8 P. M. for gentlemen.
Call for a circular.

C. H. RIVERS'
DANCING ACADEMY,
No. 33 Schermerhorn-st., Brooklyn.
Classes for beginners are now forming. Send for a circular.

FERRERO'S
DANCING ACADEMY, No. 161 FIFTH-AV.
Classes WEDNESDAYS and SATURDAYS, and MONDAYS and THURSDAYS, at 4 P. M. Circulars may be had of John Canavan, Pharmaceutist, 157 5th-av.

WM. B. DE GARMO'S DANCING CLASSES are now open at the Academy of Physical Culture, No. 59 West 14th-st. Days and evenings of tuition, WEDNESDAYS and SATURDAYS.
Young Ladies, Misses and Masters..........4 to 6 P. M.
Gentlemen..........8 to 10 P. M.

WM. B. DE GARMO'S DANCING CLASSES, AT THE ACADEMY No. 59 West 14th-st., between 5th and 6th avs. Days and evenings of tuition—Wednesdays and Saturdays. Young ladies, misses and masters at 4 P. M. Gentlemen at 8 P. M.

PERSONAL.

NINA M.—STATION D—WANTED, A NOTE from you, by an old correspondent. Address HOWARD, Box No. 150 *Times* Office—that is, if you are alive and unmarried.

S. SALISBURY OMITTED SENDING his address to Principal of school in Orange, N. J.

THE ARMY AND NAVY.

NOTICE TO SUPERVISORS,
AND CITIZENS GENERALLY.
750 VOLUNTEERS ARE READY to be credited any Town or County in New York State, for ONE OR THREE YEARS.
TOWN and COUNTY QUOTAS PROMPTLY FILLED.
Alien and Veteran Substitutes and Representatives can be promptly furnished in any numbers. Country bonds taken in payment or negotiated.
Applications by telegraph or letter will be attended promptly.
Apply to the General Volunteer and Substitute Recruiting Associations, of New York.
Office No. 428 Broadway, New York.
Lieut.-Col. R. W. WINFIELD SIMPSON,
Capt. R. McNICHOL,
Authorized Agents.

SURGEON-GENERAL'S OFFICE, WASHINGTON CITY,
D. C., Sept. 21, 1864.

AN ARMY MEDICAL BOARD, TO CONSIST of Surgeon Charles S. Tripler, U. S. A., President; Surgeon William S. King, U. S. A. and Surgeon Glover Perrin, U. S. A., Recorder, will meet at Cincinnati, Ohio, on the 18th of October next, for the examination of candidates for admission into the Medical Staff of the United States Army, and of such Assistant Surgeons for promotion as may be brought before it.

Applicants must be between 21 and 30 years of age, and physically sound.

Applications must be addressed to the Secretary of War or the Surgeon-General stating the residence of the applicant, and the date and place of his birth: they must also be accompanied by respectable testimonials of moral character.

No allowance is made for the expenses of persons undergoing the examination, as it is an indispensable pre-requisite to appointment.

There are now five vacancies on the Medical Staff.
JOS. K. BARNES,
Surgeon-General, U. S. A.

QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE,
New-York, April 16, 1864.

ARTILLERY HORSES WANTED.—1,000 artillery horses wanted, for which one hundred and eighty dollars will be paid for all that pass inspection. These horses must be sound in every particular, broken to harness, not less than 15½ hands high, and will be presented for inspection at the Government stables, 35th-st., between 10th and 11th-avs.
STEWART VAN VLIET, Quartermaster.

FORAGE DEPARTMENT, NO. 66 CEDAR-ST.,
NEW-YORK CITY.

WANTED—HAY, STRAW, CORN AND OATS, for which cash will be paid on delivery.
S. L. BROWN, Capt. and A. Q. M., U. S. A.

PRISONERS OF WAR.—THE WIVES OR widowed mothers of prisoners of war can receive their back pay, by calling on, or addressing with letters, BROWN & SHELDON, No. 2 Park-place.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

CAMPAIGN MUSIC—"COME RALLY FREEMEN, RALLY."
Come, rally freemen, rally;
Ye loyal, brave and true,
Abe Lincoln is our candidate,
And Andrew Johnson, too.
"THE COPPERHEAD OF 1864."
"THE CHICAGO COPPERHEAD."
"AND THE COPPERHEAD OF 1865."
"GOD SAVE OUR NOBLE UNION."
"FRIENDS OF THE UNION, WE GREET YOU."
"NO SLAVE BENEATH THAT STARRY FLAG."
"LET ME DIE WITH MY FACE TO THE FOE."
Music by James G. Clark and others. Price 30 cents each; $3 per dozen; mailed free.
HORACE WATERS, Publisher, No. 481 Broadway.

ALL DRUGGISTS SELL THE NEW PHRENOLOGICAL BUST for learners, by Messrs. FOWLER & WELLS, 389 Broadway.

AMUSEMENTS.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC—ITALIAN OPERA.
Director..........MAX MARETZEK
CAROZZI-ZUCCHI,
in her great rôle of Lucrezia.
THIS (Friday) EVENING, Oct. 14, at 8,
(Seventh subscription night)
POSITIVELY LAST TIME of Donizetti's grand tragic opera,
LUCREZIA BORGIA.
with its great cast, including
CAROZZI-ZUCCHI,
MORENSI, G. LOTTI, SUSINI,
WEINLICH, DUBREUL.
Conductor..........Mr. PEEDRIGAM.
ON SATURDAY, OCT. 15, AT 1 O'CLOCK,
FIRST GRAND MATINEE,
LA TRAVIATA.
SATURDAY EVE, ITALIAN OPERA IN BROOKLYN.
LUCREZIA BORGIA,
with the same great cast as in New York.
THE FIRST APPEARANCE OF
MISS CLARA LOUISE KELLOGG
will take place on
MONDAY EVENING, Oct. 17,
when she will sustain the charming character of which she is the acknowledged representative, that of MAGUERITA, in the opera of
FAUST.
Seats can be secured for any of the above-named performances at the box-office of the Academy; at Beer & Schirmer's, No. 701 Broadway; at W. A. Pond & Co.'s, No. 547 Broadway, and at Root & Anthony's, corner of Nassau and Pine sts.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC—OPERA MATINEE.
Director..........MAX MARETZEK.
ON SATURDAY, OCT. 15, AT ONE O'CLOCK,
FIRST GRAND MATINEE,
when will be presented, for this time only, Verdi's favorite Opera,
LA TRAVIATA.
SIGNORINA ELVIRA BRAMBILLA,
MASSIMILIANI,
BELLINI,
STOCKTON DUBREUL.
Conductor..........MAX MARETZEK.
Admission to all parts of the house,
ONE DOLLAR ONLY. NO RESERVED SEATS.
Tickets may now be had at the regular ticket offices, and at the principal music stores and hotels.

BROOKLYN ACADEMY OF MUSIC.
ITALIAN OPERA.
Director..........MAX MARETZEK
On SATURDAY EVENING, Oct. 15, AT 8,
CAROZZI-ZUCCHI
in her great rôle of Lucrezia, in Donizetti's Grand Opera,
LUCREZIA BORGIA,
with the same great cast as in New-York.

OLYMPIC THEATRE.
COMMENCES AT 7¾.
AN EVENING WITH DICKENS.
GREAT SUCCESS
OF
MARTIN CHUZZLEWIT,
dramatized expressly for the Olympic by
S. R. FISK, Esq.
FUN! HUMOR! WIT!
SOLDIERS—See Bailey in the Harmy.
BROKERS—See the Anglo Bengalee Insurance Co.
HYPOCRITES—See Pecksniff—Architect, Artist and Man.
GRANDFATHERS—See Old Martin Chuzzlewit.
DETECTIVES—See Chevy Slyme, the Genius.
BROKEN-HEARTED WOMEN—See Mercy and Charity.
NURSES—See Sairey Gamp and Betsey Prig.
GOOD BOYS—See Tom Pinch.
LANDLADIES—See Todgers.
VILLAINS—See Jonas.
TRUE LOVERS—See Mobble.
SOMETHING FOR EVERYBODY.
MRS. JOHN WOOD AS A TIGER.
OH! OH!! OH!!!
A VERY DREADFUL MURDER
with a real stick.
POLICE! POLICE!! POLICE!!!
GENUINE MERRIMENT. ROARS OF LAUGHTER.
EVERY NIGHT ONLY.

NIBLO'S GARDEN. BEGINS AT 7¾.
Lessee and Manager..........WM. WHEATLEY.
FRIDAY EVENING, Oct. 14, 1864.
EDWIN FORREST
AS
METAMORA.
In the romantic and vigorous Indian tragedy of the same name.
SUPPORTED BY THE ENTIRE COMPANY.
SATURDAY, Oct. 15,
FAREWELL NIGHT OF THE
DUKE'S MOTTO,
AND BENEFIT OF THE AUTHOR,
JOHN BROUGHAM.
WM. WHEATLEY AS LAGARDERE.
MONDAY, (last night but three of the engagement of EDWIN FORREST,) THE GLADIATOR.

MUSICAL.

CHICKERING & SONS
MANUFACTURERS OF GRAND, SQUARE, AND UPRIGHT PIANO-FORTES, No. 652 BROADWAY.—The superiority of these instruments has of late been amply demonstrated by the voluntary testimony of the foremost artists of the day, who claim for them excellencies of tone and workmanship hitherto unobtained by any other makers.

Mr. GOTTSCHALK'S constant use of the NEW SCALE CHICKERING GRAND PIANO-FORTES has severely tested their musical qualities, and resulted in establishing the justice of the very flattering estimation in which they are held.

Messrs. CHICKERING & SONS are Sole Agents for the celebrated Alexandre Organs for the United States.

STEINWAY & SON
GOLD MEDAL GRAND AND SQUARE PIANOS are now considered the best in Europe as well as this country, having received the first Prize Medal at the World's Exhibition in London, 1862.

The principal reason why the Steinway Pianos are superior to all others, is, that the firm is composed of five practical pianoforte makers, (father and four sons,) who invent all their own improvements, and under whose personal supervision every part of the instrument is manufactured. Warerooms, Nos. 71 and 73 East 14th-st., between Union-square and Irving-place, New-York.

THE WEBER PIANO-FORTE
Is admitted the best Piano-forte made, because the maker, beside being a practical mechanic of long experience, is also a thorough musician, thus combining advantages possessed by no other manufacturer in the United States. Such is the testimony of S. B. Mills, Robert Heller, Geo. F. Bristow, Wm. Mason, C. Jerome Hopkins, Charles Fradel, Max Maretzek, Carl Anschutz, John Zundle, Maurice Strakosch, Giovani Sconcia, and every good musician in the United States. All musical ears at once admit their great superiority. Warerooms No. 155 West Broadway, near Canal-st.

RAVEN & BACON,
Piano-Forte Manufacturers, Wareroom, No. 135 Grand-st., near Broadway. A full assortment of our well known PIANOS constantly on hand, warranted in every respect. Purchasers will do well to examine our stock and prices before making their selections.

GREAT BARGAINS.
A fine assortment of
FIRST-CLASS PIANOS
AT REDUCED PRICES.
No. 758 Broadway, up stairs.

THE CALENBERG & VAUPEL PIANO-FORTES.
Warerooms, Nos. 99 and 101 Bleecker-st., New-York.
Please send for a circular.

MASON & HAMLIN RESPECTFULLY announce that they have now completed the occupation of their greatly enlarged factory, and effected other arrangements for the large increase of their manufacturing facilities. They therefore confidently expect to be able henceforward to supply orders for their CABINET ORGANS promptly, without that inconvenient delay to which purchasers have been subjected, from the fact that for more than a year past they have been continually several hundred instruments behind orders. An assortment of styles from $110 to $600 each may be found at their New-York warerooms, No. 7 Mercer-st.

A TENOR SINGER POSSESSING A VERY fine voice, full, powerful, of good compass, and of excellent quality, desires a situation as primo in a church choir; is not particular as to denomination, and would not object to concerting; has been engaged six years in the position he now fills in a neighboring city. References from gentlemen of undoubted musical authority. Communications addressed to Messrs. WATERS & THORP, 14 John-st., New-York, will receive attention.

PIANO-FORTES OF EVERY VARIETY of style and pattern, warranted of the best material and workmanship, and unsurpassed in strength and delicacy of tone or elasticity of touch. Apply at manufactory of JAMES VAN RIPER, No. 178 Wooster-st., near Bleecker.

A SPLENDID PIANO FOR $225.—G. & H. BARMORE, Manufacturers, No. 348 Bleecker-st. Seventeen first prize medals; warranted for five years, without exception the best piano made; testimonials from most distinguished artists.

PIANOS, MELODEONS, HARMONIUMS. —Sole depot for Pelonbet's superior Harmoniums wholesale and retail. Prices $100 to $600. Instruments to let. J. M. PELTON, No. 341 Broadway, New-York.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.

MUSICAL BOXES, PLAYING FROM 1 to 24 tunes, with all the newest improvements. The only Voix Celestes, Mandolines, Expressives, etc. M. J. PAILLARD, Importer, No. 21 Maiden-lane (up stairs.) N. Y. complete stock to be found in this country.

LECTURES.

DR. SMITH, TEMPORARILY IN THIS City, will commence, soon, a free course of lectures on Physiology and Dental Science, at No. 27 Houston-st., near the Broadway Church. These lectures will give a general knowledge of both sciences, and will afford matters of interest to the uninformed, especially to parents and guardians. Those desiring to attend will please address this week, Dr. SMITH, No. 91 Clinton-place, with name of street and number; that a limited number may be notified of the day of commencement, and permission of attendance.

Hour of lecture 11 o'clock, A. M., of each day.

MEETINGS.

SPECIAL NOTICE.—A MEETING OF THE Retail Dry Goods Merchants of this City will be held at Clinton Hall, THIS (Friday) EVENING, at 8 o'clock. Every merchant is requested to be present.

HOTELS.

VACANCIES FOR A FEW FAMILIES AT the "Ashland House," 4th-av. and 24th st. Price for permanent board: Man and wife, from $25 to $75 per week; single room and board, $12; transient, $3 per day.

[illegible] NEW-ORLEANS.

Arrival of the Cahawba.

The Cahawba, from New-Orleans, Sept. 5, arrived at this port yesterday morning.

FLORIDA.

In the Picayune we find the following regarding Gen. Asboth's expedition into Florida which has already been noticed via Cairo.

By the arrival of the Alabama, Capt. BOWEN, from [illegible], we obtain the following from Florida:

A messenger from Gen. ASBOTH announces a successful march upon and capture of Encheanna Court-house on the morning of the 23d inst. About [illegible] prisoners were taken, including a Col. TER[illegible] and Lieut. FRANCIS GORDON, Fifteenth Confederate Cavalry. Mr. ALLEN HART, a large rebel beef contractor, was also taken. A great many head of beef cattle, horses, mules, &c., were captured at the same time. The expedition had destroyed Douglas Ferry, with all the small boats in that vicinity, and at the time the messenger left, the command was ready to resume its advance toward Cerro Gordo. A rumor, just as the Alabama sailed, reported the expedition at Marianna.

It was reported that from 10,000 to 12,000 rebel troops are on the Tensaw, watching the movements of the Union troops about Mobile.

TEXAS.

From the Picayune, Oct. 5.

We have been favored with copies of the Houston Telegraph, of the 19th, 23d and 30th ult., from which we extract the following news:

They have received in Texas the New-Orleans Era, of the 13th, announcing the arrival here of Acting Master DILLINGHAM, released on parole by Major-Gen. MAGRUDER for the purpose of effecting an exchange of Capt. CHARLES FOWLER. In consequence of a remark that Capt. DILLINGHAM "immediately made application to the commanding naval officer for permission to proceed to Mobile and for assignment to a ship there," the Telegraph says, "It is unfortunate for Capt. DILLINGHAM's prison companions that he should have so soon violated his parole. Doubtless the proposed parole for the balance of them will now fail through."

THE COTTON TRADE.

HEADQUARTERS DISTRICT OF BATON ROUGE
AND PORT HUDSON,
BATON ROUGE, Sept. 22.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 12.—In order to provide for the detection and punishment of cotton thieves, the transfer or sale of cotton in less quantities than a bale, or its equivalent in bags, is hereby forbidden within this District, except upon permission granted by the Provost-Marshal, which will only be given upon satisfactory evidence of title and reliability of the parties desiring to make the sales.

All violations of this order will subject the offender to arrest and punishment; and any cotton so offered and sold will be turned over to the Treasury Department for the benefit of the Government.

The Provost-Marshal Department is charged with the adjudication of all cases arising under this order.

By command of Maj.-Gen. HERRON.
WM. H. CLAPP, Capt. and Ass't Adjutant-General.

THE STATE LEGISLATURE.

The Louisiana State Legislature met in New-Orleans, Oct. 3. Twenty-three Senators were in attendance, when the body was called to order by Lieut.-Gov. WELLS. J. E. NILES was elected Secretary, Mr. WOOD Sergeant-at-Arms, and Hon. T. U. LESTER was appointed temporary Speaker of the House, and Hon. JOHN FOLEY Clerk *pro tem.*

TRADE ON THE MISSISSIPPI.

ORDER BY GEN. HURLBUT.

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF THE GULF,
NEW-ORLEANS, Sept. 30, 1864.

GENERAL ORDERS No. 142.—No point on the Mississippi River, in this Department, above the City of New-Orleans, is to be considered within the lines, under General Orders No. 51, Headquarters, Military Division of West Mississippi, unless troops are actually stationed at such point, and the lines for purpose of trade under said order, and defined to be within the pickets of such military command. The temporary or permanent presence of a naval force will not constitute any point as within the lines of military occupation. All produce brought to the river, except at actual military posts within the actual lines of practical military occupation, will be considered as contraband of war, and so reported by the steamer or other craft that may receive them, for proceedings under General Orders No. 51, aforesaid.

2. No steamer or other craft navigating the Mississippi River will be permitted to discharge passengers or merchandise at other than military posts, without the permission in writing of the Provost-Marshal-General of the Department, in cases where such passengers or merchandise are received on said boats or crafts at New-Orleans, or of some General officer in actual command of troops at other points on the river. Such permits must be given with great caution.

By command of Maj.-Gen. HURLBUT.
GEORGE A. DRAKE, Assistant-Adjt.-Gen.

FROM MORGANZA.

INTERCEPTED REBEL CORRESPONDENCE.

Correspondence of the New-Orleans Times.

MORGANZA, La., Saturday, Oct. 1, 1864.

Since my last to you, through the kindness of Capt. WILSON, Assistant Adjutant General of the forces, I have been favored with a perusal of the correspondence captured in the portfolio of the rebel Capt. RATCLIFF.

The official letters all go to prove that he has established a line of couriers from the Atchafalaya to the Mississippi, by which letters and official communications are carried to the latter, where, clandestinely, in skiffs and dug-outs, they are transferred to the other shore.

One official letter from Col. SAGER, commanding a rebel brigade, reviewing the results of their operations east of the Atchafalaya, is a fair and full acknowledgment of their inability to inflict any injury on the Federal forces in this parish. He says: "We have gained no advantages by our recent operations in Pointe Coupee. If we cannot be more fortunate than we have been lately, it would be to our advantage, as well as to the advantage of the citizens of Pointe Coupee, to withdraw from its borders." In another part of his letter he says: "It is impossible, with the force at my command, to hold the enemy close to their works, and unless that can be done it is better for the people not to exasperate the enemy."

The rebel commanders seem to have agreed to this, and taken steps accordingly—not as this Colonel avers, out of any consideration for the welfare of the people of the parish, but because, with Gen. LAWLER's strong reconnoitering parties operating against them, their position was quite untenable.

The private correspondence is interesting, from the fact that, in a measure, it shows what is the *animus* of the people in regard to the prospect of a settlement of the war now desolating the country. Some hearing a rumor that MCCLELLAN had withdrawn from the Presidential canvass, and that SEYMOUR had taken his place, were anxiously inquiring if such was the case, and whether he was a peace man, asserting in every instance their weariness of the war, and praying for peace.

Although we have been informed through the columns of rebel newspapers, that the fall of Atlanta, so far as affecting their "military situation," amounted to *nihil*, still their private letters, expressing their real and holiest convictions to one another, prove that it was a terrible blow—a disaster tending greatly not only to demoralize their armies, but to augment the disaffection already existing to some extent among a certain class of their people.

It is not necessary to assure us of the great desire of the people of Louisiana for a settlement of the present difficulties, to refer alone to their private letters. Several men, living inside and near our lines, who have been for many years prominent in the State, and are well informed as to the real desire of the citizens, assert it as their firm belief that were the people allowed a voice, they would gladly declare for the old Union. They say, of course they would prefer coming back under MCCLELLAN as President, but even this is a great concession by a people who, through their press, we are told, would never consent to anything but absolute separation and independence.

The Sixteenth Ohio Volunteers are now preparing to start on their journey northward, to be mustered out of the service.

The "Mysterious Murder."

The following message from Mayor GUNTHER was transmitted to the Board of Aldermen yesterday, and referred it to the Committee on Finance.

MAYOR'S OFFICE,
NEW-YORK, Oct. 12, 1864.

To the Honorable the Common Council:

GENTLEMEN: I transmit herewith to your Honorable Body, a copy of a letter received by me from HENRY MCCLOSKY, Esq., City Clerk of Brooklyn, stating that the Honorable, the Board of Aldermen, of the City of Brooklyn, passed a resolution on the 10th inst., authorizing the offer of a reward of $1,000 for the detection of the party or parties guilty of the murder supposed to have been perpetrated in the case of the human being whose mutilated remains were recently found in the East River, and that it is the desire of the Common Council of Brooklyn that the authorities of New-York should adopt some similar measure to aid in the detection of the supposed criminal or criminals.

In accordance with the said resolution of the Common Council of Brooklyn, I respectfully recommend your Honorable Body to authorize the offer of a reward of $1,000 for the discovery and conviction of the party or parties who may be guilty of the murder of the person whose remains have been found in the East River, in case this foul and secret act of crime shall be proved to have been committed within the City and County of New-York.

C. GODFREY GUNTHER, Mayor.

TRIAL TRIP OF THE STEAMSHIP COTOPAXI.—The Cotopaxi, built and owned by Messrs. C. and R. POILLON, and commanded by Capt. CODMAN, made a successful trip last Wednesday. A large number of invited guests were on board, and an exceedingly pleasant time was had. The following are the dimensions of the vessel: Length on deck 200 ft., beam 33 ft. 6 in., depth 24 ft. 6 in., state room accommodations for 50 passengers, cargo space 38,600 cubic feet, coal bunkers for 150 tons. The engine, all of which is below the water-line, and built by C. H. DELAMATER, has 54-inch cylinder, 52-inch stroke. Screw 13½ feet diameter, 22½ feet pitch. Shaft, 14 inches at the greatest diameter, 12 inches at the smallest. Two tubular boilers, of 4000 feet heating surface, 178 feet fire surface. Her speed upon this, the first working of her engines, and the disadvantages of her propeller being only partially submerged, was such that the expectations of her builders were fully realized, and those of her veteran pilot, Admiral MURPHY, much surpassed. The time made for the trip of 52 miles, round the light ship and back, being three hours and twenty minutes, the shortest on record, the rate being 15-6 miles, or 13 6 knots per hour. The Cotopaxi was originally built for a gunboat, to be sold to the U. S. Navy, but when completed the Government were not in want of this class of vessels, and the builders altered her to a freight and passenger vessel, by the addition of another deck.

RELIGIOUS CEREMONY AT PEEKSKILL—LAYING OF A CORNER-STONE.—The corner-stone of a fine and tasteful church edifice, now being erected by the Main-street Methodist Episcopal Society, Rev. J. Y. BATES, Pastor, was laid yesterday at Peekskill, with appropriate exercises. An earnest and eloquent address was delivered by Rev. C. D. FOSS, of Brooklyn, when the metal box containing appropriate inclosures was sealed and placed in the stone, which was in turn placed in its proper position. The contents of the box were both religious and secular—with a historical object—the Bible, Hymn-Books, Discipline, Minutes of Conference, History of the Methodist Episcopal Church in Peekskill, list of members, copies of religious and secular newspapers, photographs of attending clergymen, the Baltimore and Chicago Platforms, local bank-bills, and a rebellion relic, in the shape of a five-dollar Confederate treasury note, &c. The ceremonies, which were largely attended and exceedingly interesting, then concluded with prayer and benediction. During the past three days, the ladies of the Society have been holding a fair in the village for the benefit of their new church, which has been managed with admirable good taste, and attended with that success which such an object, in the hands of such fair, amiable and patriotic ladies, so eminently deserves.

NEWS FROM CAPTURED NEW-YORKERS.—Major JOHN T. WRIGHT, Fifty-first New-York Volunteers, writes from Petersburgh, Oct. 2, that he and the officers of the same regiment captured with him on the 30th Sept., are well. The other officers are Capt. WHITMAN, Lieuts. ACKERSON, WALDRON, CALDWELL, SIMS, POOLEY, CARBERRY, MURDEN, GROENEMEYER, LONGHAM, WHITBECK and HAYNE. Lieuts. BUTLER and FARMER were wounded. Lieut. HATCH was wounded; a large number of men were killed or wounded. The public will sympathize with Major WRIGHT in his captivity. He has been through *thirty-five* battles, and now, by the fortunes of war, has fallen into the hands of the enemy. It will be one consolation to him, however, that high promotion awaits his return, in reward for his gallantry and daring.

UNION MEETING IN THE TWENTIETH WARD.—There will be a mass meeting of Unionists to-night at the Twentieth Ward Union Headquarters, corner of Thirty-third-street and Eighth-avenue. There will be distinguished speakers, and music from a glee club.

UNION MEETINGS.

MEETINGS APPOINTED BY THE UNION NATIONAL AND STATE COMMITTEES.

FRIDAY, Oct. 14.

Jamestown—Gen. S. F. Carey, of Ohio.
Morris—William H. Gale, Esq.
Cornwall—Daniel McFarland, Esq., Dr. A. H. Robinson.
Lee Centre—Hon. Richard Busteed, Hon. R. F. Andrews.
Coxsackie—Rev. Wm. H. Boole.
Herseheads—Col. O. F. Beard.
Mount Kisco—Wm. H. Burleigh, Esq.
Oneida—Jas. J. Couch, Esq., Judge E. B. Turner.
Rochester—Hon. C. M. Depew.
Deposit—Hon. B. G. Noble, Gen. T. M. Hite, Maj. James Haggerty.
Auburn—Hon. Lyman Tremain.
Skaneateles—Hon. C. C. Woodman.
Hamilton—Hon. George W. Smith, Patrick Corbitt, Esq.
Pompey Hill—Rev. B. I. Ives.
Bridgeport, Conn.—Hon. Benjamin Bailey, Judge Cross, of New Hampshire.
New-York, Cooper Institute—Hon. Thomas G. Alvord, Col. W. L. Harriman, of New-Haven; Gen. A. J. Hamilton, of Texas.
Hudson—Hon. James A. Briggs, and Hon. Charles L. Beale.
Attica—Col. T. H. Gibbs, of Tennessee; Hon. L Sherwood.
Tarrytown—Hon. W. T. B. Milliken, R. H. Chittenden, Esq.
North Hempstead—Geo. W. Curtis, Esq., H. Sheldon, Esq.
Raymertown—Col. F. Montgomery, of Mississippi.
Trenton, N. J.—Col. James Fairman.
Twentieth Ward, New-York—Hon. H. J. Raymond, Hon. J. R. Whiting.
Fifth Ward, New-York—E. Delafield Smith, Esq., and Alex. Wilder, Esq.
Patchogue—Capt. Geo. F. Noyes, A. D. Munson, Esq., and O. E. Bright, Esq.
Columbia Centre—C. A. Foster, Esq., of Kansas.
Salisbury Centre—L. J. Bigelow, Esq.
West Troy—S. M. Hewlett, Esq., of Penn.
Rahway, N. J.—Col. J. B. Van Buren.
Haverstraw—John Davidson.
Morrisania—Hon. Francis Larkin, Gen. W. K. Strong, Rev. A. N. Gilbert.
Twenty-first Ward—Hon. B. A. Luddington.
Fort Lee—Col. James B. Fairman.
Durham—W. W. Northrop, Esq.
Newark—Abram J. Diettenhoeffer.

SATURDAY, Oct. 15.

Ballston—Hon. Lyman Tremain, Hon. Thos. G. Alvord.
Oriskany Falls—Hon. R. F. Andrews, Hon. Richard Busteed.
Goshen—Hon. H. J. Raymond, Hon. Henry Wilson.
Batavia—Hon. L. Sherwood, of Texas; Col. T. H. Gibbs, of Tennessee; Hon. C. C. Woodman, of Boston.
Schenectady—Patrick Corbitt, Esq., Hon. G. W. Smith.
Herkimer—Col. J. F. Jacquess, of Illinois; Hon. Lewis Barker, of Maine; Hon. B. F. Bruce.
Rhinebeck—R. H. Chittenden, Esq.
Gilbertsville—Wm. H. Gale, Esq.
Randolph—Gen. S. F. Carey, of Ohio.
Waverley—Col. O. T. Beard.
Unadilla—Gen. T. M. Hite, of Kentucky; Maj. James Haggerty.
Hoosick Corners—Col. F. Montgomery, of Mississippi.
Huntington, N. J.—Col. James Fairman.
Aurora—Hon. Chauncey M. Depew.
Sayville—A. D. Munson, Esq., and D. M. Campbell, Esq.
Penataquit—Prof. J. Seaver Page.
Valatie—Hon. Chas. L. Beale.
Elbridge—Hon. E. B. Turner.
East New-York—Dr. A. H. Harrison.
Catskill—W. W. Northrop, Esq.

MONDAY, Oct. 17.

Albany—Gen. John A. Andrews, of Massachusetts.
Fort Plain—Hon. Lewis Barker, of Maine; Col. James F. Jacquess, of Illinois.
Fordham—Hon. T. W. B. Milliken.
Jersey City—Hon. W. K. Peck, of Connecticut.
Stuyvesant Falls—Hon. John T. Hogeboom.
Angelica—Gen. S. F. Carey, of Ohio.
Whitehall—Hon. Thomas G. Alvord, Col. J. B. McKean, and Gen. T. M. Hite, of Kentucky.
Buffalo—Hon. C. C. Woodman, of Massachusetts.
New-York—Rev. Wm. H. Boole.
Auburn—Gen. B. F. Bruce.
Holland Patent—Rev. C. E. Hewes.
Athens—W. W. Northrop, Esq.
Nannet—John Davidson, Esq.

TUESDAY, Oct. 18.

Keeseville—Hon. Thos. G. Alvord and Gen. T. M. Hite, of Kentucky.
Fishkill Village—Ethan Allen, Esq., and Hon. Chas. L. Beale.
Rome—Gov. John A. Andrew, of Massachusetts; Col. James F. Jacquess, of Illinois.
Le Roy—Patrick Corbitt, Esq.
Danbury, Ct.—Hon. B. G. Noble and Maj. James Haggerty.
Oswego—Rev. B. I. Ives.
Cortland—Gen. John H. Martindale; Judge E. B. Turner, of Texas.
Thirteenth Ward New-York—Hon. W. T. B. Milliken.
Paterson, N.J.—Hon. W. K. Peck.
Clyde—Hon. C. C. Woodman, of Boston.
Germantown Corner—Hon. John T. Hogeboom.
Olean—Gen. S. F. Carey, of Ohio.
Gloversville—Judge T. J. Barnett, of Indiana, and Gen. C. C. Vanzandt, of R.I.
Plainfield, N. J.—Gov. Pierrepont, of Virginia, and Col. R. B. Carpenter, of Kentucky.
Manhattan Club—Capt. Geo. F. Noyes.
Southampton—Osborn E. Bright, Esq.
Clinton Hall, New-York—Rev. Wm. H. Boole.
Corning—Wm. H. Burleigh, Esq.
Troy—Hon. Lewis Barker, of Maine.
Belvidere, N. J.—S. M. Hewlett, Esq., of Pennsylvania.
Thirteenth Ward, New-York—Col. Elliot F. Shepard, D. D. T. Marshall, Esq.
Bloomville—Rev. C. E. Hewes.
East Brooklyn Club—Hon. Benjamin Bailey, A. W. Stone, of Atalanta.
[illegible], P. M.—Col. F. Montgomery.
Ellenville, Evening—Col. F. Montgomery.
Seventh Ward, Brooklyn—H. Sheldon, Esq.; Rev. A. McLean.
New-York—Abram J. Diettenhoeffer, Esq.

WEDNESDAY, Oct. 19.

Plattsburgh—Hon. Thos. G. Alvord, and Gen. T. M. Hite, of Kentucky.

WEDNESDAY, Oct. 19.

Nyack—Ethan Allen, Esq.
Syracuse—Gov. John A. Andrew, of Massachusetts; Gov. John Brough, of Ohio; Col. James F. Jaquess, of Illinois.
Bedford—Hon. B. G. Noble, Major James Haggerty, Rev. Wm. H. Boole.
Bath—Wm. H. Burleigh, Esq.
Fonda—Hon. Lewis Barker, of Maine.
Seneca Falls—Patrick Corbett, Esq.
Brooklyn—Hon. Chauncy M. Depew, Hon. H. Bullock, of Massachusetts; and Col. R. B. Carpenter, of Kentucky.
Greenport—Hon. W. T. B. Milliken.
Long Branch—Hon. W. K. Peck, of Connecticut.
Geneva—Hon. C. C. Woodman, of Massachusetts.
Glencove—Abram J. Diettenhoeffer, Esq.
Smoky Hollow—Hon. John T. Hogeboom.
Yorkshire—Gen. S. F. Cary, of Ohio.
Waterford—Judge T. J. Barnet, of Indiana; Gen. C. C. Van Zandt, of Rhode Island.
Brewster's Station—Capt. George F. Noyes.
Bridgehampton—Osborn E. Bright, Esq.
Lowville—Rev. C. E. Hewes.
New-Haven, Conn.—Hon. Wm. C. Doane, Gen. John Cochrane.

THURSDAY, Oct. 20.

Bangor—Hon. Thomas G. Alvord, Gen. T. M. Hite of Kentucky.
Rochester—Gov. Andrew, of Massachusetts; Gov. Brough, of Ohio; Hon. E. B. Turner.
Pawlings—Rev. Wm. H. Boole, Hon. B. G. Noble, Major James Haggerty.
Danville—William H. Burleigh, Esq.
Cooperstown—Hon. Horace Greeley, Hon. B. F. Bruce, Hon. Lewis Barker of Maine, Hon. Chauncey M. Depew.
Phœnix—Patrick Corbett, Esq.
Trumansburgh—Hon. C. C. Woodman, of Boston, G. S. Maynard, Esq.
Rahway—Hon. W. K. Peck, of Connecticut.
Schoharie—Col. Thos. B. Van Buren, Hon. E. Delafield Smith.
Yonkers—Hon. Abram Wakeman.
Albany—Col. Rush C. Hawkins.
Dunkirk—Gen. S. F. Carey, of Ohio.
Schuylerville—Hon. T. J. Barnett, of Indiana.
Newburgh—Gen. C. C. Van Zandt, of Rhode Island, Col. James F. Jacquess, of Illinois.
Nashua, N. H.—Hon. Wm. C. Doane.
Morristown, N. J.—Hon. Green Clay Smith, Governor Pierpont, of Virginia.
Waterloo—Gen. A. J. Hamilton, of Texas.; C. P. Shaw, Esq.
Poughkeepsie—Hon. J. L. Swift, Attorney-General of Louisiana.
Brooklyn—Capt. Geo. F. Noyes.
Sag Harbor—Osborn E. Bright, Esq.
Stockbridge—Rev. C. E. Hewes.
Westport, Ct.—Hon. James A. Briggs.
Port Jervis—William E. Robinson, Esq.

Evening Exchange.

$40,000	Amer. Gold....	206½	200	Ill. Cen. R........	120
40,000	do............	206¼	400	do..........s3	119¾
50,000	do............	207	100	N. W. Pref........	78¾
75,000	do..........s3	206¾	100	do..........b3	79
100	N. Y. Cen. R......	117¾	1200	do............	78⅞
1800	Erie R............	96¼	300	do............	78⅝
800	do............	96⅜	400	do............	78⅝
1000	do..........b3	96½	300	do..........s3	78¼
1000	do..........s3	96½	100	do..........b3	78½
2300	do............	96⅝	1400	do............	78¾
100	Hud. Riv. R......	122¼	200	Fort Wayne......	98¼
500	do..........b3	123	500	do............	98⅜
200	do..........s3	122	300	do..........b5	98⅜
500	do............	121½	100	Mil. & P. Du C....	50
150	Mich. So. & N.I....	70	400	Amer. Coal Co.b10	90
700	do............	69⅞	500	Canton Co.........	35
1100	do..........b3	69¾	500	Cum. Coal Co...b3	57¼
1100	do............	69¾	100	do............	57¼
100	do..........s10	69¾	700	do............	57½
300	Toledo R..........	117	100	do..........b5	57¾
300	Ch. & R.I.R.....s10	94½	200	Mar. Min. Co...b3	34¾
200	N. Western......b3	44¾	200	do............	34¾
200	do............	44⅝	500	do..........b5	35¾
1000	do............	44½	500	do..........b3	36
500	do............	44¾	500	do............	35

[Advertisement.]

GIVE CONSTITUTION WATER A FAIR TRIAL—We mean you who are under some *specialist's* care from year to year, and we particularly allude to ladies who are constantly resorting to *local treatment*, and all sorts of local applications for diseases, with as much chance of success as there would be from local applications to the throat for diseases of the brain. Sold wholesale by MORGAN & ALLEN, No. 46 Cliff-st., and all druggists.

[Advertisement.]

The Great Unterrified and Sham Democrats and the rickety Chicago Platform; the Artificial Sham Don't Remember Gunboat Mac's Acceptance; the wail of Fernandy Wud, and his vain attempt to catch Secesh Chickens—salt on their tails—with Funn, Funneer, Funneest Jubilee Jerusalem, all in the FUNNEEST No. 5, out to-morrow.

[Advertisement.]

HERRING'S Patent Champion Fire proof Safes, and HERRING'S new Patent Burglar-proof Safes, with HERRING & FLOYD'S Patent Crystalized Iron—the only material which cannot be drilled—at No. 251 Broadway, New-York.

[Advertisement.]

CARPENTER'S GREAT PAINTING.

The Emancipation Proclamation before the Cabinet, on exhibition corner Broadway and Eighth-street. Admission 25 cents.

[Advertisement.]

A great reduction in the prices of English carpets, oil cloths, drugget, window shades, table covers, &c., at the original HIRAM ANDERSON'S. Look for No. 99 Bowery.

[Advertisement.]

WINDOW SHADES.

Gold, Holland, &c. New style Shade Fixtures at reduced prices.
G. L. & J. B. KELTY,
No. 359 Broadway.

Passengers Arrived.

In steamship Cahawba from New-Orleans.—Col. Martindale and lady, Capts. Banrett, B. G. Merny, C. A. Brown, Lieuts. Lovejoy, Nawley, Kannady, T. J. Glover, C. F. Luther, Mr. Cobb, J. McGuire, J. M. Smith, Mrs. R. Collier, and 95 in steerage.

In steamship Charles C. Leary, from New-Orleans—Rev. Brother Saviniar, Mrs. M. Morphy, Louis Boringer, and 2 in steerage.

In steamship Prometheus, from Fortress Monroe—H. Eaton, U. S. N., T. A. Robbins, H. McCrossan, E. H. Lawler, S. D. Alexander, J. R. Gilmore, L. Baer, R. Berry, J. Berry, J. Wilson, D. Goldthwait, T. Angell, Mrs. Kelly and brother.

MINIATURE ALMANAC—THIS DAY.

Sun rises..... 6 09 | Sun sets..... 5 23 | Moon rises. 4 50

HIGH WATER—THIS DAY.

Sandy Hook. 6 28 | Gov. Island.. 7 17 | Hell Gate.. 8 39

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

NEW-YORK....THURSDAY, Oct. 13.

Cleared.

Steamships Mariposa, Howes, New-Orleans, Pacific M. S. S. Co.; Havana, Green, Havana, T. Ascencio & Co.

Steamers Martha Stevens, Chance, Baltimore, ——; J. R. Thompson, McKay, Baltimore, ——; Anthracite, Shropshire, Philadelphia, ——.

Ships Inconstant, (Br.,) Colleton, London, Williams & Guion.

Barks George S. Brown, (Br.,) O'Brien, Buenos Ayres, Brett, Son & Co.; Pallas, (Br.,) Biddle, Belize, Hon., Josiah Jex; Resolution, (Ital.,) Scorsone, Palermo, John E. Devlin; Glenwood, (Br.,) Bentegral, Metamoras, F. Alexander & Sons; Statira, (Br.,) Harriman, Matamoras, E. A. Hussey & Co.

Brigs J. B. Crosley, Worwell, Glace Bay, Brett, Son & Co.; Star Castle, (Br.,) Thompson, Curacoa, J. T. Whitney & Co; Ida Abbott, (Br.,) Clark, St. Thomas, Whitmore & Co; Evelyn Grim, McKennan, Sombrew Island, Ross W. Wood & Son; Cavoni, (Br.,) Chapman, Marseilles, P. I. Nevius & Sons.

Schrs. E. H. Van Sant, Woodmansee, Watchsprague, G. H. Kreemer; Lilla, (Br.,) Ackerly, St. Kitts, Jones & Lough; Convoy, Merrill, Portland, W. S. Brown & Co.; Mary & Susan, (Br.,) Albany, Harbor Island and Nassau, J. Douglas; Forest Home, (new) Thorne, Baltimore, Mott Bedell; Plymouth Rock, Parker, Boston, ——; Valiant, (Br.,) Crossley, Halifax, P. I. Nevius & Sons; Daniel C. Higgins, Coleman, Washington, Bentley, Smith & Co.; Governor Chase, Salem, R. W. Ropes & Co.; F. Nickerson, Henderson, Washington, E. D. Hurlbut & Co.; C. H. Van Name, Bush, Georgetown, Mott Bedell; H. Hickman, Jester, Sandy Hill, A. C. Harvey; Arnica, (Br.,) Spaight, St. John and Frederickton, N. B., S. Smithers & Co.; Ella Cannon, Ross, Chincoteague, A. C. Haven; D. Gillespie, (Br.,) Smith, St. John, N. B., D R. De Wolff; J. H. Day, Hill, Washington, L. Kenny; Rival, Hobbie, Stamford, ——; Julia, (Br.,) Parr, Aquadilla, P. R., H. J. & C. A. De Wolff; Hunter, Endicott, Fortress Monroe, Baker & Dayton.

Sloop Lady Washington, Davis, Providence, M. Briggs.

Arrived.

Steamship Charles C. Leary, Sullivan, New-Orleans 11 ds., with mdse and passengers to Leary Bros. 9th inst., off Frying Pan Shoals, in a gale from N. W. lost smoke stack.

Steamship Prometheus, Beckett, Fortress Monroe 36 hrs., to U. S. Assistant Quartermaster.

U. S. steamship Kensington, Acting Vol.-Lieut. Com. Wm. G. Saltonstall, Mobile Bay Oct. 2, at 2 P. M., via Pensacola 5th at 7 A. M.

U. S. steam transport E C. Clark, Holmes, Fortress Monroe 36 hrs., to U. S. Assistant Quartermaster. 12th inst., passed a sunken schr. about 12 miles north of Hog Island, with her topmasts and about half of her lower masts above the water. Had not been long in that condition. She was in 8 fathoms water.

U. S. steam transport Cahawba, Johnston, New-Orleans 5th, at 9 A. M., via Fortress Monroe, to U. S. Assistant Quartermaster. 7th, Charles Johnson, 20th Penn. Col. Cav'd, died, and was buried at sea. 8th, at 5.30 P. M., off Caryfort Lighthouse, bearing W., dist. 10 miles, spoke U. S. sloop Shenandoah, cruising for pirates. All well. 12th, H. J. Dyer, Co. B, 2d Me. Cav., died.

Brig Eswin, ——, Newburg, with timber, for Charlestown Navy-yard.

Brig Alvarado, (of Windsor, N. B.,) Jost, Bridgeport, A. B., 12 ds., with coal to master.

Brig Paragon, (Br.,) Fitzgerald, Glace Bay 15 ds., with coal to P. I. Nevius & Son.

Brig Canning, (Br.,) Morwich, Windsor, N. S., 10 ds., with plaster to G. F. Penniston.

Brig Mary McRae, (Br.,) Bearse, Boston, in ballast.

Brig Whittaker, Wass, North Joggins, N. S., 12 ds., with spars to Holyoke & Murray.

Brig Harp, Arey, Lingan 12 ds., with coal to R. P. Buck & Co.

Brig Henry Leeds, Whitmore, Newburgh, for Boston.

Brig Biondo, (Br.,) Barbery, Maitland, N. S., 10 ds., with plaster to J. F. Whitney & Co.

Schr. Empire, Kinnier, New-Bedford.

Schr. Only Son, Johnson, Gardiner 4 ds., with timber to Holyoke & Murray.

Schr Surprise, Cochran, Providence.

Schr. J. G. Huntington, Lovell, Boston, for Troy.

Schr. Quail, Brewster, Rockland, for S. Island.

Schr. Oraloo, Baker, Providence.

Schr. Lady of the Ocean, Chamber, Bangor, with lumber to Sturgis & Co.

Schr. Lucy Ames, Flanders, Rockland.

Schr. Julia A. Rich, Leland, Machias 7 ds., with lumber to C. & E. J. Peters.

Schr. Jane, Haskell, Machias 8 ds., with lumber to Snow & Co.

Schr. Exchange, Randall, from Morris River, N. P., for Portland, Me. Cape May Light, bearing W. S. W., 25 miles, fell in with sch. Three Sisters, (of Berlin, Md.,) loaded with wood, and abandoned; put aboard of her two men and some spare sails; both arrived at this port.

Schr. Lottie, Taylor, Boston.

Schr. Yorktown, Woglam, Baltimore 4 ds., with coal.

Schr. Wye, Houghton, Virginia 3 ds., with potatoes to Robert Parker.

Schr. Washington, Houston, Virginia 4 ds., with wood. Night of the 12th, while coming up the bay, during a squall from N. N. W., carried away fore gaff and flying jib.

Schr. Brilliant, Loob, Columbia, Me., 8 ds., with timber and lath to F. Talbot & Co.

Schr. Ann, Overton, Fortress Monroe, in ballast.

Schr. Mecca, Wall, Hillsboro', N. S., for Philadelphia.

Schr. Enchantress, Huskins, Suboc, with fish to Jed Frye & Co.

Schr. E. S. Hammond, Burns, Gloucester, with fish.

Schr. Emma, (Br.,) Maguire, St. Stephens, N. B., 8 ds., with lath to G. Boardman.

Schr. J. Tinker, Donald, Calais 6 ds., with lath to John Boynton, Son & Co.

Schr. Laura Frances, Higgins, New-Bedford.

Schr. Angenoria, Means, Ellsworth 19 ds., with lumber to master.

Schr Expedite, Beebee, Orient.

Schr. Grace Girdler, Clark, Boston for Philadelphia.

Schr. Wm Bement, Penny, Greenport for Philadelphia.

Schr. Treasure, Palmer, Providence.

Schr. Mexico, Burdick, New-Haven.

Schr. Jos. E. Potts, ——, Brookhaven for Elizabethport.

Schr. Elisha Holmes, Hall, Boston, with fish.

Schr. J. H. Deputy, Richards, Boston for Albany.

Schr. H. B. Metcalf, Hull, Bristol, R. I.

Schr. C. Wilcox, McFadden, Eastport 8 ds., with fish to Jed Frye & Co.

Schr. Lucy Church, Adams, Boston for Troy.

Schr. C. Knight, Fanning, Eastport, with fish to Jed Frye & Co.

Schr. Swan, (Br.,) Taylor, Dorchester, N. B., 13 ds., with stone to P. I. Nevius & Son.

Schr. Catawawteak, Hix, Lingan, C. B., via Salem, 3 ds., with coal to W. S Brown & Co.; put into Salem, having blown away the mainsail and split jib in a gale from N. W. on the 21st Sept.

Schr. Oriental, (of East Machias,) Thompson, Lingan 20 ds., via Boston 4 ds., with coal to Simpson & Clapp. During a gale from N. W. on the 21st ult., lost and split sails, and put into Boston to repair.

Schr. Truro, (Br.,) White, Maitland, N. S., 15 ds., with plaster to J. F. Whitney & Co.

Schr. S. S. Nelson, (Br.,) McCumber, Maitland, N. S., 11 ds., with plaster and potatoes to H. J. & C. A. De Wolf.

Schr. Campbell, Soule, Lingan 25 ds., with coal to C. B. Swain.

Schr. H. H. Cleaveland, Thomas, Lingan 11 ds., with coal to R. P. Buck & Co.

Schr. Volant, Westcott, Bridgeport, C. B., with coal to R. P. Buck & Co.

Schr. Hocknamon, Staples, Bridgeport, N. B., 12 ds., with coal to Miller & Houghton.

Schr. Constitution, Strout, Lingan 10 ds., with coal to Miller & Houghton.

Schr. R. H. Perkins, Lane, Bridgeport 12 ds., with coal to H. W. Loud & Co.

Schr. J. P. Johnson, Barker, Cutler 5 ds., with spars to C. L. Snow.

Schr. Ann, Cousins, Sullivan, with stone to T. M. Mayhew.

Schr. E. C. Latham, Cotell, Boston.

Schr. Brazos, Kelsey, Portland, Conn., with stone, for Philadelphia.

Schr. Sahwa, Jasper, Lingan 11 ds., with coal to C. B. Swain.

Schr. Nicola, Chisholm, Cow Bay 14 ds., with coal to master.

Schr. E. G. Sawyer, Drisko, Lingan 8 ds., with coal to C. B. Swain.

Schr. Planet, Cummings, Bangor 5 ds., with staves to master.

Schr. Wentworth, (Br.,) Howard, Windsor 15 ds., with plaster to D. R De Wolff.

Schr. Angeline, Hix, Willet's Point.

Schr. Harriet, Dyer, Rockland, with lime.

Schr. Sarah, Holden, Rockland, with lime.

Schr. G. W. Kimball, Jr., Crockett, Rockland, with lime.

Schr. Lizzie, Lowell, Fall River.

Schr. Jenny Lind, Cole, Shulee 12 ds., with spars to Peck & Church.

Schr. Mary Jane, Pinkham, Machias 8 ds., with lumber to master.

Schr. Martha Nickels, Small, Lingan 8 ds., to Simpson & Clapp.

Schr. John Byers, (Br.,) Byers, St. John, N. B., 15 ds., with grindstones to P. C. Sherwood.

Schr. Antietam, Hinckley, St. Andrews, N. B., with spars to Holyoke & Murray. When passing down the East River this morning, ran foul of the monitor Dictator, and lost bowsprit.

Schr. Volant, Coussins, Glace Bay, C. B., with coal to master.

Schr. Senator, Falklin, Boston, J. D. Dayton.

Schr. Enterprise, Gauld, Glace Bay 14 ds., with coal to D. R. De Wolff.

Schr. G. W. Baldwin, ——, Norwich, with fish.

BELOW—Ship Oder, (Hamb.,) Winsen, Hamburg Aug. 16; bark Lucy Frances, from Glace Bay.

WIND—Sunset, N. W.

Sailed.

Steamships Costa Rica, for Aspinwall, to be convoyed by the U. S. gunboat Augusta; Havana for Havana.

Steamers Fulton, Merrimac. Ship Lorelly (anchored at quarantine), Island Light. Barks Lebaramus, Albertina, Ann & Alice, Jennie Pitts, Wilhelmine. Brigs Delmoni, Lock, Else, Mary, D. Trowbridge, Louisa, Harkaway, Solferino, T. R. Plater. Schrs. Mary Ellen, Niantic, Edwin, Isaac Waldron, Ann Elizabeth, M. R. Carlisle, Smith Tuttle, Lina Grey, Sarah Mills, Maria Fleming, N. J. Drayton, Caroline & Cornelia, Ocean Bird, Wm. Bement, Oscar T. Hawley, Henry Hobert, J. T. Housman, Mary Adeline, Euphemia, Elisha T. Smith, Harvest Home, Madeira, J. Truman, Fanny Noss, Henry Brown, Franklin Randolph, L. J. Putnam.

Domestic Ports.

BOSTON, Oct. 13—Arr. U. S. steamer Vanderbilt, from Halifax.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 13—Arr. bark Desiah, from Ship Island.

BALTIMORE, Oct. 13—Cld. schrs. White Cloud, L. S. Severing, and Welcome R. Bebee, for New-York.

Miscellaneous.

The monitor Dictator was transported from the pier foot of 13th-st., N. R., this morning, to the Navy-yard. Nothing of the Roanoke.

Spoken, &c.

Honduras—bark, hence for Matamoras, Oct. 3, lat 24 15, lon. 80 55.

Off Nantucket Shoals, U. S. frigate Sabine, cruising.

Foreign Ports.

At Santa Cruz, Sept. 23, bark Florence Peters, Hooper, for New-York in 4 ds.

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Also, Maps, Prospectus, and full particulars given.

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10,000 SHARES RESERVED FOR WORKING CAPITAL.

Subscription Price to Original Shareholders $8, Without Further Assessment.

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LEAD ORE, COAL and TIMBER, in immense quantities, on these lands.

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ELECTRICITY

WONDERFUL DEVELOPMENTS IN ELECTRICAL SCIENCE.

The wonderful discoveries in science follow each other in such rapid succession that but little time is given for investigation till a new discovery is ushered in of still greater importance

The discovery of *steam*, as a motive power, for a time bid defiance to all competitors, but late discoveries have proved that it was only a prelude to mightier results, and that in nature existed an *agent* of almost omnipotent power, regulating and controlling all bodies, from the movement of atoms to the revolution of planets.

WHO WOULD ONCE HAVE BELIEVED

That the *dread messenger* of the storm-cloud could be robbed of its terror, and safely conducted to the earth?

WHO COULD HAVE IMAGINED

That a piece of metal could be so charged with *electricity* as to suspend from the earth tons in weight?

WHO BUT A MANIAC

Would have conceived the idea that vegetation was so under its control that a full growth of salad could be produced from the seed in a few hours?

HOW ABSURD TO HAVE SUPPOSED

That one pole of a *Galvanic Battery* would dissolve and disperse metals, while the other end of the same current would collect and organize the particles as perfectly as before?

WHAT FOOL-HARDINESS

Could have presumed that this mysterious *power* could have been educated to *read, write, talk*, and traverse a wire for thousands of miles, and announce its presence?

The above is not a tithe of what has already been accomplished through the agency of *Electricity* for man's benefit and instruction; but its crowning excellence soars aloft for nobler purposes, and whispers words of consolation to diseased *humanity*, and opens the door for relief.

BY ITS MAGIC POWERS

the *ravings* of the maniac are quieted; the *palsied* brain regains its powers; *inflammations* are subdued; *tumors* dispersed; *ulcers* healed; the *blind* are made to see; *cripples* to walk; the *dumb* to speak; the *deaf* to hear; *contracted* muscles to relax; the *weak* are made strong; and every *function* of the body is brought into vigorous health.

IF WE FOR A MOMENT

contemplate its wonderful powers, and its governing influence throughout nature, its superiority as a disease-controlling agent cannot be doubted.

Its manifestations are everywhere seen and felt, but nowhere more strikingly than in the *animal organism*. Such is its power over *man*, that for some time after death the action of the *galvanic battery* will excite the most peculiar contortions in imitation of real life.

IF SUCH BE ITS INFLUENCE

on the dead, what may it not accomplish on the living?

The human system is but a *galvanic* arrangement, distributing from the *central batteries nerves* to every part of the body; these nerves are but the *telegraphic* communications through which electricity is conducted to each and every organ to excite functional action.

When the electrical communications throughout the body are unobstructed, health rules supreme, but when the equilibrium is disturbed, disease is inevitable.

Hence it will be seen that disease is only the result of a disturbance of the *electrical* forces or polarities of the body.

THE QUESTION THAT

now presents itself is simply this: when the system is disturbed or diseased, how is it to be brought back to a normal condition? *Drugs* taken into the stomach do not act on the system, but the system acts on the *drugs*, in proof of which, no effect can be produced after the vital forces fall below a certain standard.

IN THE EARLY STAGE OF DISEASE

favorable results are sometimes produced by *drugs*, but only at the expense of *vitality*; but when the case has become chronic and refractory, paralyzing the nervous communications, changing the constituents of the fluids, and effecting the solids, *drugs* taken into the stomach cannot reach the seat of the disease, but only aggravate and multiply the symptoms. In *Electricity* we find an agent of tremendous power, penetrating not only the fluids of the body, but searching to the very pith and marrow of the bone, removing in its circuit *mineral poisons*, and all other extraneous matter.

THE CLAIMS OF DR. CHAMBERLIN

to an important discovery in the therapeutic powers of *Electricity*, have been so generally discussed through the public journals, that further argument seems unnecessary to convince the public that his system is original with himself, and based on scientific principles.

TWO YEARS AGO

Dr. Chamberlin proposed to the citizens of New-York to test the utility of his *Electrical* treatment. Many readily availed themselves of the opportunity, and the result is well known to hundreds who had suffered for years with a complication of diseases, which had resisted the best medical art, science and skill, and notwithstanding the obstinacy of many of the cases, relief was almost instantly obtained, and ultimately a cure was effected in nearly every instance.

THE GREAT PECULIARITY

of this treatment consists in its adaptation to all forms and conditions of disease. No matter whether external or internal, local or general; whether seated upon the lungs, throat, stomach, liver, bowels, spine, pelvis, brain, eye or ear; no matter whether it be an affection of the nerves, muscles, glands or fluids of the body, all curable cases readily yield to the combinations of Electricity, as applied by Dr. Chamberlin.

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Will relieve distress from food or purify a foul stomach, in less time than it takes to write this line.

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Has no equal in the world as a remedial agent. There is not a preparation now known that is as certain, speedy and infallible in its action—relieving and curing at once. We say this, positively.

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LYON'S PERIODICAL DROPS cure all complaints incident to the sex, and remove all obstructions of nature, from whatever cause, producing health, vigor and strength.

LYON'S PERIODICAL DROPS are better than all pills, powders and nostrums; being a fluid preparation their action is direct and positive, and it needs nothing but good common sense to see and understand the reason why they cure all those ills to which the female system is subjected, with dispatch and a degree of certainty which nothing but a scientifically compounded fluid preparation could reach. They are, in the most obstinate cases,

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